

ICRISAT

Financial Statements



for the year ended
December 31, 2018



INTERNATIONAL CROPS RESEARCH
INSTITUTE FOR THE SEMI-ARID TROPICS

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ICRISAT

Financial Statements

For the year ended December 31, 2018

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Statement of the Board Chair

Significant new initiatives of 2018 were approvals of major projects such as (i) Technologies for African Agricultural Transformation (TAAT) funded by the African Development Bank, (ii) Accelerated Varietal Improvement and Seed Systems for Africa (AVISA) project funded by the Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation, (iii) Accelerating value chain benefits towards improving farmers' livelihood funded by Walmart Foundation and (iv) DST-ICRISAT Center of Excellence on Climate Change Research for Plant Protection (CoE-CCRPP), Pest and disease management for climate change adaptation. The top eight projects cumulatively represent an investment of USD 41.8 million over the next three to five years in the semi-arid dryland agroecologies of Sub-Saharan Africa and South Asia.

The relevance and impact of ICRISAT research was demonstrated through a third-party evaluation of the on-farm impact of pearl millet hybrids in India. These hybrids were developed by member partners under the ICRISAT-led Pearl Millet Hybrid Parents Research Consortium (PMHPRC) during 2000-2010 (directly or indirectly based on ICRISAT breeding lines). The study, covering 563 pearl millet growers, revealed that PMHPRC hybrids covered about 60% of the pearl millet hybrid area in India during 2013-14. These hybrids provided at least 20% higher grain and fodder yield than the replaced varieties/hybrids. The total benefits in the three States added up to USD 133.7 million per year. The overall benefits at the country-level could surpass USD 150 million per year, if contributions of PMHPRC hybrids India-wide are accounted. Considering the average landholding of less than 2 ha per farm family, the number of households planting improved hybrids is 1.5 million farm families.

Our work on Healthy Food Systems encompasses soils, water, crop nutrition, value chains, production, consumption and human health. Globally, several million hectares of land are going out of cultivation each year while shrinking water resources for agriculture, changes in rainfall patterns, and fragmented small and marginal farms pose formidable challenges for effective water management. To create healthier value chains, which are also profitable for farmers, enhanced nutrition traits in crops alone are not enough. Market traits and profitability are equally important. To achieve these, we are constantly innovating new ways to engage with communities and other stakeholders in the value chain and overcome existing norms in food practices. This involves public-private partnerships, from the field to the policy level, engaging women and youth in value chains and leadership, and motivating communities from within and engaging influencers to push for a positive change.

Driving the demand for healthier foods through greater momentum for healthier crops and dietary diversity is key to a healthier food system. As part of this process, a consumer buzz is being created around the nutrition and ecological aspects of crops in the semi-arid tropics. To encourage communities to make healthier consumption choices, ICRISAT is creating awareness around concerns such as aflatoxin for ensuring healthier consumption, working with influencers and policy makers to create greater momentum for millets, sorghum and legumes and promoting consumption of value-added products with improved health benefits.

Nevertheless, it should be emphasized that the historical financial irregularities that occurred from 2004 to 2014 and revealed in 2018 resulted in several challenges for the Centre during the year. Hence, ICRISAT has developed a management action plan implemented to strengthen its governance and the efficiency of its operations.

As Chair of the ICRISAT Governing Board, I am pleased to report that despite the challenges faced by the Institute this year our total unrestricted net assets at the end of 2018 was USD 33.5 million, and that we were in compliance with the CGIAR recommended financial performance indicators.



Dr Paco Sereme
Chair, ICRISAT Governing Board

Management Representation

Management Statement of Responsibility for Financial Reporting for the year ended December 31, 2018.

ICRISAT management is required to prepare annual financial statements and is responsible for the accuracy and reliability of the financial information.

The accompanying annual financial statements of ICRISAT, for the year ended December 31, 2018 have been prepared in accordance and fully compliant with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS).

ICRISAT maintains a system of internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded and that ICRISAT's financial transactions are properly recorded in line with Management's delegated authority.

ICRISAT's financial reporting system provides Management with regular, timely and accurate views of its operations and enables Management to identify and discern risks while at the same time providing a reliable basis for the annual financial statements and management reports.

ICRISAT relies on the Internal Audit Unit to provide regular and ongoing internal audits and recommendations regarding the adequacy and effectiveness of the Center's policies and procedures.

The Governing Board exercises its responsibility for these annual financial statements through its Audit and Risk Committee. This Committee meets regularly with Management and representatives of external and internal auditors to review matters relating to financial reporting, risk management, internal control, and auditing.

Management is of the opinion that the annual financial statements, as presented in this document, give a true and fair view of ICRISAT's financial affairs and results for the year ended December 31, 2018.



Peter S. Carberry
Director General



David Johnson
Director Corporate Services

Board Statement on Risk Management

The Governing Board of ICRISAT has responsibility for ensuring that management has in place appropriate risk management and internal control systems and practices. The Board's responsibility includes the determination of the nature and extent of the key risks that the Board is willing to take to achieve the strategic objectives of the organization, and being satisfied that management has understood the risks, in implementing (the first line of defence) and monitoring (the second line of defence) appropriate policies, and in providing the Board with timely information so that the Board may discharge its responsibilities.

In 2018, ICRISAT's risk management practices continued maturing towards integrating a risk based approach into strategic decision making as well as in its operations. ICRISAT aims to make this a routine part of internal control and good corporate governance practice, which includes implementation of appropriate internal control systems. Such controls by their nature are designed to manage, rather than eliminate risks. ICRISAT also endeavors to manage risk by ensuring that appropriate infrastructure, controls, systems and people are in place throughout the Institute. The CGIAR System Council approved a risk management framework for the System outlining roles and responsibilities for Center Boards and Centers and ICRISAT is progressing in aligning the Institute's Risk Management Policy and guidelines with the CGIAR System Risk Management framework.

ICRISAT's management identifies, evaluates and prioritizes risks and opportunities across the organization; develops risk mitigation strategies that balance benefits with costs; monitors the implementation of these strategies; and reports, in conjunction with finance & administration staff and internal audit, semi-annually to the Audit & Risk Committee of the Board, on results. With this information, the Audit & Risk Committee satisfies itself that the attention paid by management to ICRISAT's own activities are satisfactory.

With regard to ICRISAT's 2018 Annual Financial Statements and the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, the Governing Board reviewed management's assertions in its 2018 Management Letter of Representation (included as part of the Annual Financial Statements) that internal control over financial reporting is adequate. Taken together, the Governing Board concluded that ICRISAT's system of risk management and the risk management framework and policy is effective



Dr Paco Sereme

Chair, ICRISAT Governing Board

Independent Auditors' Report

Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP

Chartered Accountants
KRB Towers, Plot No.1 to 4 & 4A
1st, 2nd & 3rd Floor
Jubilee Enclave, Madhapur
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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Governing Board of
International Crops Research Institute for the Semi-Arid Tropics

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of International Crops Research Institute for the Semi-Arid Tropics (the Institute), which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2018, and the statement of activities and comprehensive income, statement of changes in net assets and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Institute as at December 31, 2018, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs).

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Institute in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information including Statement of Board Chair, Management representation, Board Statement of risk management, schedules and appendices included in the Annual Report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audits of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed on the other information that we obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.



Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with IFRSs, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Institute's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Institute or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Institute's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the planning and performance of the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Institute's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Institute's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Institute to cease to continue as a going concern.



- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

DELOITTE HASKINS & SELLS LLP

Place: Hyderabad
Date: July 30, 2019

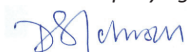
Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP

International Crops Research Institute for the Semi-Arid Tropics
Statement of Financial Position as at December 31, 2018

(All amounts in thousands of United States Dollars)

| | Notes | 31-Dec-18 | 31-Dec-17 |
|---|-------|---------------|---------------|
| Assets | | | |
| Current Assets | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 3 | 19,828 | 22,221 |
| Investments | 4A | 23,976 | - |
| Receivables | | | |
| -Donors | 5 | 4,807 | 8,611 |
| -Employees | 6 | 221 | 521 |
| -CGIAR Centers | 7 | 1,965 | 1,557 |
| -Others | 8 | 8,763 | 6,719 |
| Prepaid expenses | 9 | 304 | 346 |
| Inventories | 10 | 915 | 610 |
| Total Current Assets | | 60,779 | 40,585 |
| Other Assets Held for Disposal | 11 | 178 | 149 |
| Non Current Assets | | | |
| Property, plant and equipment | 12 | 7,280 | 7,418 |
| Investments | 4B | 9,845 | 31,812 |
| Other Non-current assets | 13 | 3,648 | 3,063 |
| Total Non Current Assets | | 20,773 | 42,293 |
| Total Assets | | 81,730 | 83,027 |
| Liabilities | | | |
| Current Liabilities | | | |
| Payables | | | |
| -Deferred income from Donors | 14 | 28,916 | 23,523 |
| -Employees | | 762 | 942 |
| -CGIAR Centers | 15 | 1,785 | 1,229 |
| -Others | 16 | 7,303 | 7,363 |
| Accruals & Provision | 17 | 1,531 | 2,913 |
| Total Current Liabilities | | 40,297 | 35,970 |
| Non Current Liabilities | | | |
| Employee Provisions | 18 | 546 | 2,714 |
| Total Non Current Liabilities | | 546 | 2,714 |
| Total Liabilities | | 40,843 | 38,684 |
| Net Assets | | | |
| Unrestricted Net Assets | | | |
| -Undesignated | 19 | 12,426 | 18,664 |
| -Designated | | 21,113 | 21,113 |
| Total Unrestricted Net Assets | | 33,539 | 39,777 |
| Temporary Net Assets - Other Comprehensive Income | | 1,220 | 508 |
| Restricted Net Assets | | 6,128 | 4,058 |
| Total Net Assets | | 40,887 | 44,343 |
| Total Liabilities and Net Assets | | 81,730 | 83,027 |

See accompanying notes to the financial statements



David Johnson
Director Corporate Services



Peter S Carberry
Director General

International Crops Research Institute for the Semi-Arid Tropics
Statement of Activity and Other Comprehensive Income For the Year Ended December 31, 2018
 (All amounts in thousands of United States Dollars)

| | Notes | 2018 | | | | | | 2017 | | | | | |
|---|-------|----------------|----------------|----------------|------------|----------------|----------------|--------------|----------------|--------|------------|---------------|----------------|
| | | Unrestricted | | | Restricted | | | Unrestricted | | | Restricted | | |
| | | Portfolio | Non Portfolio | Total | Portfolio | Non Portfolio | Total | Portfolio | Non Portfolio | Total | Portfolio | Non Portfolio | Total |
| Revenue and Gains | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Grant Revenue | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Window 1 & 2 | | - | - | 11,124 | - | - | 11,124 | - | - | 11,124 | - | - | 11,124 |
| Window 3 | | - | 64 | 22,763 | 988 | 1,052 | 23,815 | - | 143 | 3,045 | 31,955 | 3,045 | 35,143 |
| Bilateral | | - | 31 | 17,568 | 5,707 | 5,738 | 23,306 | - | 32 | 5,025 | 17,284 | 5,025 | 22,341 |
| Total Grant Revenue | | - | 95 | 51,455 | 6,695 | 6,790 | 58,245 | - | 175 | 12,199 | 49,408 | 12,199 | 61,782 |
| Other Revenue and Gains | 20.a | - | 6,683 | - | - | 6,683 | 6,683 | - | 507 | - | - | 507 | 507 |
| Total Revenue and Gains | | - | 6,778 | 51,455 | 6,695 | 13,473 | 64,928 | - | 682 | 12,199 | 49,408 | 12,199 | 62,289 |
| Expenses and Losses | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Research Expenses | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CGIAR Collaborator Expenses | | 2,832 | - | 31,731 | 4,542 | 4,542 | 39,106 | - | 3,201 | 8,483 | 27,248 | 8,483 | 38,932 |
| Non - CGIAR Collaborator Expenses | | - | - | 6,646 | 478 | 478 | 7,124 | - | - | 679 | 9,304 | 679 | 9,983 |
| General and Administration Expenses | | - | - | 7,789 | 889 | 889 | 8,678 | - | 21 | 1,548 | 7,848 | 1,548 | 9,417 |
| Other Expenses and Losses | | - | 8,593 | 5,289 | 786 | 9,378 | 14,667 | - | 3,193 | 1,489 | 5,008 | 1,489 | 9,690 |
| Total Expenses and Losses | | - | 8,593 | 51,455 | 6,695 | 15,288 | 69,575 | - | 6,415 | 12,199 | 49,408 | 12,199 | 55,823 |
| Operating Surplus / (Deficit) | | (2,832) | (1,815) | (2,832) | - | (1,815) | (4,647) | - | (5,733) | - | - | - | (5,733) |
| Finance Income | 20.b | - | 2,368 | - | - | 2,368 | 2,368 | - | 4,012 | - | - | - | 4,012 |
| Finance Expenses | 20.c | - | (1,959) | - | - | (1,959) | (1,959) | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Surplus / (Deficit) for the year | | (2,832) | (1,406) | (2,832) | - | (1,406) | (4,238) | - | (1,721) | - | - | - | (1,721) |
| Other Comprehensive Income | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to Statement of Activity | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Actuarial gain/loss defined benefit plan | | - | 583 | - | - | 583 | 583 | - | 362 | - | - | - | 362 |
| Items that will be reclassified subsequently to Statement of Activity | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| MTM gain on bonds | | - | 175 | - | - | 175 | 175 | - | (185) | - | - | - | (185) |
| Amount reclassified to statement of activity on disposal | | - | (20) | - | - | (20) | (20) | - | (1,034) | - | - | - | (1,034) |
| Effect of foreign exchange | | - | (26) | - | - | (26) | (26) | - | 74 | - | - | - | 74 |
| Sub total Other Comprehensive Income | | - | 712 | - | - | 712 | 712 | - | (783) | - | - | - | (783) |
| Total Comprehensive Surplus / (Deficit) for the year | | (2,832) | (694) | (2,832) | - | (694) | (3,526) | - | (2,504) | - | - | - | (2,504) |

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

David Johnson

David Johnson
Director Corporate Services

Peter S Carberry
Peter S Carberry
Director General

International Crops Research Institute for the Semi-Arid Tropics
Statement of Expenditure by Natural Classification For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

(All amounts in thousands of United States Dollars)

| | 2018 | | | | | | | | 2017 | | | | | | | | Grand Total |
|---------------------------|--------------|---------------|------------|---------------|-----------|---------------|-------------|--------------|---------------|------------|---------------|-----------|---------------|---------|--------|--|-------------|
| | Unrestricted | | Restricted | | Total | | Grand Total | Unrestricted | | Restricted | | Total | | | | | |
| | Portfolio | Non Portfolio | Portfolio | Non Portfolio | Portfolio | Non Portfolio | | Portfolio | Non Portfolio | Portfolio | Non Portfolio | Portfolio | Non Portfolio | | | | |
| Expenses and Losses | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Personnel Costs | 1,616 | 9,017 | 13,620 | 1,670 | 25,923 | 15,236 | 10,687 | 25,923 | - | 7,781 | 4,528 | 12,390 | 4,528 | 20,171 | 24,699 | | |
| CGIAR Collaboration Costs | - | - | 6,646 | 478 | 7,124 | 6,646 | 478 | 7,124 | - | - | 679 | 9,304 | 679 | 9,304 | 9,983 | | |
| Other Collaboration Costs | - | - | 7,789 | 889 | 8,678 | 7,789 | 889 | 8,678 | - | 21 | 1,548 | 7,848 | 1,548 | 7,869 | 9,417 | | |
| Supplies and Services | 1,216 | 4,753 | 14,626 | 2,138 | 22,733 | 15,842 | 6,891 | 22,733 | - | 3,390 | 2,759 | 10,960 | 2,759 | 14,350 | 17,109 | | |
| Travel | - | 810 | 3,020 | 312 | 4,142 | 3,020 | 1,122 | 4,142 | - | 729 | 713 | 2,446 | 713 | 3,175 | 3,888 | | |
| Depreciation | - | 88 | 465 | 422 | 975 | 465 | 510 | 975 | - | 991 | 418 | 1,011 | 418 | 2,002 | 2,420 | | |
| Cost Sharing Percentage | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 65 | 441 | 65 | 441 | 506 | | |
| Total Direct Cost | 2,832 | 14,668 | 46,166 | 5,909 | 69,575 | 48,998 | 20,577 | 69,575 | - | 12,912 | 10,710 | 44,400 | 10,710 | 57,312 | 68,022 | | |
| Indirect Cost Recovery | - | (6,075) | 5,289 | 786 | - | 5,289 | (5,289) | - | - | (6,497) | 1,489 | 5,008 | 1,489 | (1,489) | - | | |
| Total all costs | 2,832 | 8,593 | 51,455 | 6,695 | 69,575 | 54,287 | 15,288 | 69,575 | - | 6,415 | 12,199 | 49,408 | 12,199 | 55,823 | 68,022 | | |

See accompanying notes to the financial statements


David Johnson

Director Corporate Services



Peter S Carberry
 Director General

International Crops Research Institute for the Semi-Arid Tropics

Statement of Changes in Net Assets For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

(All amounts in thousands of United States Dollars)

| | Notes | Unrestricted | | | | | | Other Comprehensive Income | | Restricted | Total |
|--|-------|--------------|-------------------------------|---------------|------------------------|------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|------------|---------|
| | | Undesignated | Property, plant and Equipment | Designated | | | Total Unrestricted | Fair value Reserve | Actuarial gain/(loss) | | |
| | | | | Capital Fund* | Crisis Management Fund | Total Designated | | | | | |
| Balance as at January 1, 2017 | 19 | 20,385 | 7,654 | 12,459 | 1,000 | 21,113 | 41,498 | 1,462 | (171) | 4,061 | 46,850 |
| Operating deficit for the year | | (1,721) | - | - | - | - | (1,721) | - | - | - | (1,721) |
| Remeasurement gains/(losses) on defined benefit plans | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 362 | - | 362 |
| MTM gain on bonds | | - | - | - | - | - | - | (185) | - | - | (185) |
| Effect of foreign exchange | | - | - | - | - | - | - | 74 | - | - | 74 |
| Amount reclassified to statement of activity on disposal | | - | - | - | - | - | - | (1,034) | - | - | (1,034) |
| Depreciation for the year | | - | (991) | 991 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Additions during the year | | - | 804 | (804) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Disposals during the year | | - | (49) | 49 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Interest on Restricted reserves, net of expenses | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | (3) | (3) |
| Balance as at December 31, 2017 | | 18,664 | 7,418 | 12,695 | 1,000 | 21,113 | 39,777 | 317 | 191 | 4,058 | 44,343 |
| Balance as at January 1, 2018 | | 18,664 | 7,418 | 12,695 | 1,000 | 21,113 | 39,777 | 317 | 191 | 4,058 | 44,343 |
| Increase in Undesignated funds in current year | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Operating deficit for the year | | (4,238) | - | - | - | - | (4,238) | - | - | - | (4,238) |
| Remeasurement gains/(losses) on defined benefit plans | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 583 | - | 583 |
| MTM gain on bonds | | - | - | - | - | - | - | 175 | - | - | 175 |
| Effect of foreign exchange | | - | - | - | - | - | - | (26) | - | - | (26) |
| Amount reclassified to statement of activity on disposal | | - | - | - | - | - | - | (20) | - | - | (20) |
| Depreciation for the year | | - | (862) | 862 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Additions during the year | | - | 723 | (723) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Transfer from Unrestricted to Restricted | | (2,000) | - | - | - | - | (2,000) | - | - | 2,000 | - |
| Interest on Restricted reserves, net of expenses | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 70 | 70 |
| Balance as at December 31, 2018 | | 12,426 | 7,279 | 12,834 | 1,000 | 21,113 | 33,539 | 446 | 774 | 6,128 | 40,887 |

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

David Johnson

Director Corporate Services



Peter S Carberry
Director General

International Crops Research Institute for the Semi-Arid Tropics
Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

(All amounts in thousands of United States Dollars)

| | 2018 | 2017 |
|--|----------------|-----------------|
| Cash Flows from Operating Activities (Deficit)/Surplus for the year | (4,238) | (1,721) |
| Adjustments to reconcile changes in net assets to net cash provided by operating activities | | |
| Depreciation | 2,101 | 2,420 |
| Net Exchange Rate Difference | 2,048 | (2,372) |
| Provision for doubtful receivables of donors and others | 622 | 427 |
| Provision for slow moving inventory | (383) | 3 |
| Interest income | (2,123) | (3,616) |
| Loss on sale of Assets held for disposal | (20) | 9 |
| (Gain) on disposal of property, plant and equipment | - | (18) |
| Decrease/(increase) in assets | | |
| Receivables | | |
| Donors | 3,485 | 324 |
| Employees | 300 | 43 |
| Other CGIAR Centers | (408) | 362 |
| Others | (2,723) | (2,204) |
| Inventories | 78 | 89 |
| Prepaid expenses | 42 | (51) |
| Other Assets | (585) | 68 |
| Increase/(decrease) in liabilities | | |
| Deferred income from Donors | | |
| Employees | 5,393 | (8,106) |
| Other CGIAR Centers | (2,347) | (1,165) |
| Others | 556 | (606) |
| Net restricted assets | (60) | (729) |
| Accruals and Provisions | - | (3) |
| Net cash from / (used in) operating activities | (2,382) | 756 |
| Net cash from operating activities | (644) | (16,090) |
| Cash Flows from Investing Activities | | |
| Purchase of investment | (30,869) | (5,751) |
| Proceeds from maturity and sale of Investments | 28,860 | 20,374 |
| Interest Received | 2,368 | 2,992 |
| Acquisition of property, plant and equipment | (1,992) | (2,232) |
| Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment and Assets Held for disposal | - | 46 |
| Net cash from / (used) in investing activities | (1,633) | 15,429 |
| Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents | (2,277) | (661) |
| Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year | 22,221 | 22,882 |
| Net Exchange rate differences | (116) | - |
| Cash and cash equivalents the end of the period | 19,828 | 22,221 |

See accompanying notes to the financial statements



David Johnson
Director Corporate Services



Peter S Carberry
Director General

International Crops Research Institute for the Semi-Arid Tropics (ICRISAT)

Notes to the Financial Statements

1. Corporate Information

(a) General Information and nature of operations

The International Crops Research Institute for the Semi-Arid Tropics (ICRISAT) or (“the Institute”) is a non-profit, international organization that conducts agricultural research for development in sub-Saharan Africa and Asia with a wide array of partners throughout the world. It was established on 28 March 1972 by virtue of an agreement between the Government of India and CGIAR. ICRISAT helps empower smallholder farmers overcome poverty, hunger and malnutrition, by making agriculture profitable and sustainable. ICRISAT achieves this through scientific advancements and working in partnership.

ICRISAT is headquartered in Patancheru, Telangana, India, with two regional hubs and seven country offices in sub-Saharan Africa.

Owing to its international status and based on the arrangements with the host country governments, ICRISAT operates under a general immunity from local laws, taxes and customs duties and is covered under United Nations (Privileges and Immunities) Act, 1947. Its activities are supported through grants by donor nations, World Bank and foundations.

(b) CGIAR Research Program

In 2011, the CGIAR Consortium introduced a new program-based approach to fund research activities. Donors to the CGIAR, represented by the Fund Council, approved the creation of CGIAR Research Programs (CRPs). Each CRP is led by a designated CGIAR Center (Lead Center), which is responsible, through a Program Implementation Agreement (PIA), for overseeing the implementation of the CRP by program partners. Partners include other CGIAR Centers and institutions who are subcontracted by the Lead Center through a Program Participant Agreement (PPA) or other suitable contracting arrangement.

ICRISAT is the Lead Center for the CRPs on Grain Legumes and Dryland Cereals (Phase II), effective 1 January 2018 till 31 December 2022.

Fund donors may designate their contribution to one or more of the three funding ‘Windows’. For ‘Window 1’ funds, the Fund Council sets the overall priorities and makes specific decisions such as allocation to CRPs, payment of system costs and any other use required to achieve the CGIAR mission. ‘Window 2’ funds are contributions designated by Fund Donors to one or more CRPs. ‘Window 3’ funds are contributions designated by the Fund donors to individual centers.

(c) Statement of compliance responsibility statement

The financial statements of the Institute have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

The financial statements were authorised for issue in accordance with the resolution of Governing Board on July 30, 2019.

(d) Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements of the Institute have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS).

The financial statements have been prepared and presented under the historical cost except for certain financial instruments that are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique.

(e) Functional and presentation currency

The functional and presentation currency of the Institute is United States Dollar (USD), as statutory contributions and operational expenditure are primarily denominated in, and influenced by, the United States Dollar. The operations of the Institute are not concentrated in one economic environment, but grants are primarily received in United States Dollar, and expenditure is budgeted and managed in United States Dollar.

(f) Standards and interpretations not yet applied

At the date of authorization of these financial statements, the following Standards and relevant Interpretations which have not been adopted in these financial statements, were in issue but not yet effective.

| Standard | Description | Effective for reporting years starting on |
|---|---|--|
| IFRS 9 | <i>Prepayment Features with Negative Compensation</i> | January 1, 2019 |
| IFRS 16 | Leases | January 1, 2019 |
| IFRIC 23 | Uncertainty over Income tax treatments | January 1, 2019 |
| Amendments to IAS 28 | Long term interests in associates and joint ventures | January 1, 2019 |
| IFRS 17 | Insurance Contracts | January 1, 2019 |
| Annual Improvements to IFRS standards 2015-17 cycle | <i>Amendments to IFRS 3 Business Combinations, IFRS 11 Joint Arrangements, IAS 12 Income Taxes and IAS 23 Borrowing Costs</i> | January 1, 2019 |
| Amendments to IAS 19 <i>Employee Benefits</i> | <i>Plan Amendment, Curtailment or Settlement</i> | January 1, 2019 |

The Institute is yet to assess the impact of above standards on the financial statements. However, the management does not intend to apply any of these pronouncements early.

2. Summary of significant accounting policies

(a) Current Vs non-current classification

ICRISAT presents assets and liabilities in the statement of financial position based on current/non-current classification. An asset is current when it is:

- Expected to be realized or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading
- Expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting period or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents. The Institute has identified twelve months as its operating cycle.

(b) Foreign exchange transactions

Transactions and balances

The Foreign Currency Transactions are recorded in the institute books at a rate prevailing on the transaction date. The monetary assets and liabilities are revalued at a rate prevailing on the last date of the period. The non-Monetary items are reflected in the financial at the same rate, they are initially recognised. The revenues and expenses of two regional hubs and seven country offices in sub-Saharan Africa are translated to US Dollar at rates prevailing on the dates of the transactions and are included in the Statement of Activity of the Institute.

Exchange differences arising on settlement of foreign currency transactions, forward contracts, and translations at the balance sheet date are recognized as expense or income, as the case may be, in the Statement of Activity for the year.

(c) Fair value measurement:

The Institute measures financial instruments, such as, derivatives at fair value at each reporting date.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Institute.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Institute uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1: Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2: Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3: Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Institute determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Institute uses market-observable data to the extent it is available. Any change in the fair value of each asset and liability is also compared with relevant external sources to determine whether the change is reasonable.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Institute has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

(d) Cash and cash equivalent

Cash and cash equivalents comprises cash on hand, cash at banks and short term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash with an original maturity of three months or less and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

(e) Revenue recognition

Restricted grants are recognised when the conditions attached to the grant are fulfilled and/or as per the terms of the underlying contract / agreement satisfying a performance obligation by transferring

a promised good or service. Restricted grant contract terms can be based on a reimbursements method (the Institute is paid after the expenses are incurred and other conditions met) or the advanced method (donors pay a lump sum amount at the beginning of the project implementation). Cash received in advance in the context of the grant is recorded as a liability (deferred income from donors) until criteria for revenue recognition are met. When expenditure is incurred, grant revenue is recognized to the extent that there is reasonable assurance that a donor will reimburse the Institute for the expenditure incurred. The resulting receivable is classified as “Receivables from donors”.

IFRS 15 “Revenue from Contracts with Customers” offers additional clarification in the systematic basis of measurement of revenue over the periods in which there is partial fulfilment of the obligation or condition attached to the grant/contract using output method and input method. The Institute uses input method to recognize its restricted grant revenue.

Restricted grants (Portfolio and Non Portfolio) which may be pledged for more than a year, are recognised as revenue only to the extent, grant conditions have been met. Revenue includes grants made in the capacity of a Lead Center to other participating CGIAR Centers.

Unrestricted grants are those received from unconditional transfers of cash or assets to the Institute. These grants are pledged on an annual basis and are recognised as revenue in the year for which grant is pledged. Grants received in currencies other than USD are recorded at exchange rates in effect at the time of receipt or if outstanding as of 31 December, at the exchange rate in effect at the year-end rate.

Grants in kind are recognised as revenue based on communication from donor, specifying the amount of expenditure towards relevant restricted projects.

Portfolio means CRP’s approved by The CGIAR and Non-Portfolio represents the programs other than the approved CRP.

IFRS 15 establishes a single comprehensive model for entities to use in accounting for revenue. IFRS 15 has superseded the current revenue recognition guidance in IAS 18 Revenue and related Interpretations.

Under IFRS 15, the Institute recognizes revenue when contractual performance obligations are satisfied e.g. restricted grant revenues are recognized only to the extent of expenses incurred for the grant.

When applying IFRS 15, the Institute recognized revenue by applying the prescribed steps:

Step 1: Identify the contract with a customer

Step 2: Identify the performance obligations in the contract

Step 3: Determine the transaction price

Step 4: Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract

Step 5: Recognize revenue when the entity satisfies a performance obligation

The Institute has adopted IFRS 15 effective from January 1, 2018 and the management is of the opinion that the application of IFRS 15 did not have any material impact on the amounts reported for the Institute.

Interests, losses and gains relating to financial instruments are reported in the Statement of Activity as expense or revenue. Interest is recorded using the effective rate method which discounts accurately future flows of payments and cash receipts over the expected life of the financial asset,

or a shorter duration, as applicable, with respect to the net carrying amount of the financial asset. Dividend on investments is recognised when the right to receive dividend is established.

(f) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are tangible goods that are held for use related to the main objective of the Institute, including research activities and administrative and technical support activities, and are expected to be used during more than one accounting period.

The in –trust contract signed with the Government of India for the land on which ICRISAT has its headquarters is for a period of 99 years. If the Institute terminates contract, ICRISAT has to return the land with its improvements, buildings and installations, free of any kind of judicial actions or embargoes and without receiving any compensation. This land is recognized at a nominal value and considered as a contribution to property, plant and equipment.

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost, net of accumulated depreciation and/or accumulated impairment losses, if any. The cost includes expenditures that are directly attributable to property plant and equipment if recognition criteria are met. Likewise, when a major inspection is performed, its costs are recognised in the carrying amount of the plant and equipment as a replacement if the recognition criteria are satisfied. Subsequent expenditure related to an item of property, plant and equipment is added to its book value only if it increases the future benefits from the existing asset beyond its previously assessed standard of performance or extends its estimated useful life. All other repairs and maintenance costs are recognised in Statement of Activity as incurred.

An item of property, plant and equipment and any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the Statement of Activity when the asset is derecognised.

Depreciation is provided on pro-rata basis on the straight line method over the estimated useful life of the assets. The basis of computing depreciation is the asset acquisition cost, less its estimated salvage value. The depreciation period and the depreciation method are reviewed at least at each year end.

Depreciation begins when the asset is put to use. Depreciation ceases at the earliest of the date when the asset is classified as held for sale, or the date when the asset is derecognized. The depreciation charge for each period is recognised in the Statement of Activity.

The estimated useful life of assets are as follows:

| Asset category | Estimated useful life (Years) |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Physical Facilities | 60 |
| Laboratory and Scientific equipment | 10 |
| Furniture and office equipment | 10 |
| Heavy duty equipment | 10 |
| Vehicles | 4 |
| Computers | 3 |

All individual items costing USD 3,000 and above are capitalized.

Advances paid towards the acquisition of property, plant and equipment outstanding at each balance sheet date are shown as capital advances under other receivables and the cost of Property, Plant and Equipment not ready for their intended use before such date are disclosed under capital work-in-progress.

Property, plant and equipment are assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the asset may be impaired. Impairment on property, plant and equipment is reviewed at the end of each reporting period.

The residual values, useful life and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

(g) Non-current assets held for sale

Non-current assets (and disposal groups) classified as held for sale are measured at the lower of carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell.

(h) Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Inventories comprise office, laboratory and farm supplies, automobiles and maintenance spares, fuel and lubricants. These are stated at cost, net of allowances for slow moving, obsolete and damaged stocks. Cost is determined weighted average basis. Cost of inventories comprises all cost of purchase, cost of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

(i) Financial Instruments :

Applicable prior to January 1, 2018

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized in the Statement of financial position when, and only when, the Institute becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss are recognized immediately in Statement of Activities.

Financial assets

Financial assets of the Institute consist of 'Cash and cash equivalents' and 'Accounts receivable'. Accounts receivable are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

Impairment and derecognition

Financial assets are assessed for indicators of impairment at the end of each reporting period. Financial assets are considered to be impaired when there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows of the financial assets have been affected.

Accounts receivable are carried at anticipated realizable value. An allowance is made for doubtful receivables based on a review of all outstanding amounts. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against the allowance account. Bad debts are written off when they are identified as irrecoverable. The write off of receivables is carried out only after all efforts to collect have been exhausted.

The Institute derecognizes a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity.

On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognized in Other Comprehensive Income and accumulated in equity is recognized in the Statement of Activity.

(j) Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities, are initially measured at fair value, net of transaction costs. Financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, with interest expense recognized on an effective yield basis.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortized cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments through the expected life of the financial liability, or (where appropriate) a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

The Institute derecognizes financial liabilities when, and only when, the Institute's obligations are discharged, cancelled or they expire. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognized and the consideration paid or payable is recognized in the Statement of Activity.

Applicable with effect from January 1, 2018

Recognition of Financial Instruments:

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Institute becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instruments.

Loans & advances and all other regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on the trade date. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

(k) Initial Measurement of Financial Instruments:

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value.

Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at FVTPL) are added

to or deducted from their respective fair value on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at FVTPL are recognised immediately in Statement of Activity.

All recognised financial assets are measured subsequently in their entirety at either amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the financial assets.

Subsequent measurement:

(I) Financial Assets:

(i) Financial Assets carried at Amortised cost:

A financial asset is measured at amortised cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

(ii) Financial Assets at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI):

A financial asset is measured at FVTOCI if it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

(iii) Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss (FVTPL):

A financial asset which is not classified in any of the above categories are measured at FVTPL.

A financial asset that meets the amortised cost criteria or debt instruments that meet the FVTOCI criteria may be designated as at FVTPL upon initial recognition if such designation eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would arise from measuring assets or liabilities or recognising the gains and losses on them on different bases.

The Institute has not designated any debt instrument as at FVTPL.

Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, with any gains or losses arising on remeasurement recognised in Statement of Activity. The net gain or loss recognised in Statement of Activity incorporates any dividend or interest earned on the financial asset and is included in the 'Other Revenue and gains' line item.

(iv) Effective Interest Method:

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortized cost of a debt instrument and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the instrument, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

(v) Impairment of Financial Assets:

Financial assets, other than those at FVTPL, are assessed for indicators of impairment at the end of each reporting period. Prior to January 1, 2018, financial assets are considered to be impaired when

there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows of the financial assets have been affected.

For all other financial assets, objective evidence of impairment could include:

- Significant financial difficulty of the issuer or counterparty; or
- Breach of contract, such as a default or delinquency in interest or principal payments; or
- It becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or financial re-organization; or
- The disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties.

After January 1, 2018, impairment of financial assets is based on IFRS 9 expected credit loss (ECL) model as opposed to an incurred loss model under IAS 39. The ECL model requires the Institute to account for expected credit losses and changes in those expected credit losses at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition of the financial assets.

For financial assets carried at amortized cost, the amount of the impairment loss recognized is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate.

The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of accounts receivables, where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. When an accounts receivable is considered uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are debited against the allowance account. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance account are recognized in the Statement of Activity. Lifetime ECL represents the ECL that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial asset. In contrast, 12-month ECL represents the portion of lifetime ECL that is expected to result from default events on a financial asset that are possible within 12 months after the end of the reporting period.

Write-off policy

The Institute writes off a financial asset when there is information indicating that the donors is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery. Any recoveries made are recognized in the Statement of Activity.

Measurement and recognition of ECL

The measurement of ECL is a function of the probability of default, loss given default (i.e. the magnitude of the loss if there is a default) and the exposure at default. The assessment of the probability of default and loss given default is based on historical data adjusted by forward-looking information as described above. As for the exposure at default, for financial assets, this is represented by the assets' gross carrying amount at the end of the reporting period. For financial assets, the expected credit loss is estimated as the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Institute in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Institute expects to receive, discounted at the original effective interest rate. The Institute recognizes an impairment gain or loss in the Statement of Activity for all financial assets with a corresponding adjustment to their carrying amount through a loss allowance account.

(vi) Derecognition of Financial Assets:

The Institute derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another party.

On derecognition of a financial asset accounted under IFRS 9 in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of consideration received and receivable is recognized in the Statement of Activity.

If the transferred asset is part of a larger financial asset and the part transferred qualifies for derecognition in its entirety, the previous carrying amount of the larger financial asset shall be allocated between the part that continues to be recognised and the part that is derecognised, on the basis of the relative fair values of those parts on the date of the transfer

(m) Financial liabilities:

Subsequent Measurement:

All financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method or at FVTPL.

Derecognition of Financial Liabilities:

The Institute derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the its obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. An exchange between with a lender of debt instruments with substantially different terms is accounted for as an extinguishment of the original financial liability and the recognition of a new financial liability. Similarly, a substantial modification of the terms of an existing financial liability (whether or not attributable to the financial difficulty of the debtor) is accounted for as an extinguishment of the original financial liability and the recognition of a new financial liability. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in the Statement of Activity.

Derivative financial instruments

The Institute uses derivative financial instruments such as forward currency contract to hedge its foreign currency risks.

Derivatives are recognised initially at fair value at the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured to their fair value at each reporting date. The resulting gain or loss is recognised in the Statement of Activity immediately.

Derivatives are carried as financial asset when the fair value is positive, and as financial liability when the fair value is negative. Any gains or losses arising from the changes in the fair value of derivatives are taken directly to the Statement of Activity.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the Statement of financial position if, and only if, there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

(n) Retirement and other employee benefits

Short term employee benefits

Employee benefits payable wholly within twelve months of receiving employee services are classified as short-term employee benefits. These benefits include salaries and wages, bonus and ex-gratia. The undiscounted amount of short-term employee benefits to be paid in exchange for employee services is recognised as an expense in the Statement of Activity as the related service is rendered by employees.

Post-employment benefits

Defined contribution plans

Eligible employees of the Institute receive benefits from a provident fund, which is a defined contribution plan. Both the employee and the Institute make monthly contributions to the provident fund plan equal to a specified percentage of the covered employee's salary and the employer contribution is charged to Statement of Activity. The benefits are contributed to an independent trust, which is paid directly to the concerned employee by the fund. The Institute has no further obligation to the plan beyond its monthly contributions for the recognised fund which is administered by an independent trust.

With respect to the benefits for internationally recruited staff, the Institute's obligation is met by the contribution of the agreed amounts to the Association of International Agricultural Research Centers (AIARC), an autonomous body which provides payroll management services to ICRISAT and other CGIAR Centers.

Defined benefit plans

Gratuity

In accordance with the applicable Indian laws, the Institute provides for gratuity, defined benefit retirement plan ("the Gratuity plan") covering eligible employees. The Gratuity plan provides a lump-sum payment to vested employees at retirement, death, incapacitation or termination of employment, of an amount based on the respective employee's salary and the tenure of employment.

Liabilities with regard to the Gratuity plan are determined by actuarial valuation, performed by an independent actuary, at each reporting date using the projected unit credit method. The Institute fully contributes all ascertained liabilities to the gratuity fund administered and managed by the ICRISAT Gratuity Fund.

The Institute recognises the net obligation of a defined benefit plan in its Statement of financial position as an asset or liability, respectively in accordance with IAS 19, Employee benefits. Re-measurements of the net defined benefit liability, which comprise actuarial gains and losses, the return on plan assets (excluding interest) and the effect of the asset ceiling (if any, excluding interest), are recognised immediately in OCI. The Institute determines the net interest expense / (income) on the net defined benefit liability (asset) for the period by applying the discount rate used to measure the defined benefit obligation at the beginning of the annual period to the then-net defined benefit liability (asset), taking into account any changes in the net defined benefit liability / (asset) during the period as a result of contributions and benefit payments. Net interest expense and other expenses related to defined benefit plans are recognised in the Statement of Activity.

Pension

The Institute operates a defined benefit final salary pension plan which is closed to new entrants. The pension benefits payable to the employees are based on the employee's service up to December 31, 2004 and last drawn salary at the time of leaving. The employees do not contribute towards this plan and the full cost of providing these benefits are met by the Institute. Net interest expense and other expenses related to defined benefit plans are recognised in the Statement of Activity.

Insurance for separated IRS

The Institute operates a scheme wherein selected group of senior employees and their spouse is covered for hospitalization benefit after the employee has retired from the Institute. The cover is available to the employees until they are alive. The Institute has procured a group hospitalization cover from an insurance company for providing these benefits to these beneficiaries. The insurance premium payable in respect of each of the beneficiary covered under this scheme is directly paid by the Institute to the insurer. The insurance cover and premium varies from one beneficiary to another. Net interest expense and other expenses related to defined benefit plans are recognised in the Statement of Activity.

Relocation

The Institute's present obligation in respect of relocation expenses computed based on the estimated cost of relocating staff and their families to their base location, as specified in their appointment letter.

Leave encashment

The employees of the Institute are entitled to leave encashment. The employees can carry forward a portion of the unutilized accumulating compensated absences and utilize it in future periods or receive cash at retirement or termination of employment. The Institute records an obligation for compensated absences in the period in which the employee renders the services that increases this entitlement. The Institute measures the expected cost of compensated absences as the additional amount that the Institute expects to pay as a result of the unused entitlement that has accumulated at the end of the reporting period. The Institute recognizes accumulated compensated absences based on actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit method. Non-accumulating compensated absences are recognized in the period in which the absences occur. The Institute recognizes actuarial gains and losses immediately in the Statement of Activity.

(o) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Institute has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Where the Institute expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, for example under an insurance contract, the reimbursement is recognised as a separate asset but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain. The expense relating to any provision is presented in the Statement of Activity, net of any reimbursement. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. Where discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

(p) Net assets

Net assets comprise the residual interest in the Institute's assets after liabilities are deducted. They are classified as either unrestricted or restricted and Other Comprehensive Income.

(q) Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make certain critical accounting estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements.

The principal accounting policies adopted by the Institute in the preparation of financial statements are as set out above. The application of a number of these policies required the Institute to use a variety of estimation techniques and apply judgment to best reflect the substance of underlying transactions.

The Institute has determined that a number of its accounting policies can be considered significant, in terms of the management judgment that has been required to determine the various assumptions underpinning their application in the financial statements presented which, under different conditions, could lead to material differences in these statements.

The policies where significant judgments and estimates have been made are as follows:

Critical judgements in applying the Institute's accounting policies

The following are the critical judgements, apart from those involving estimations (which are presented separately below), that the Institute has made in the process of applying accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in financial statements.

Business model assessment

Classification and measurement of financial assets depends on the results of the SPPI (Solely for the purpose of Principal and Interest) and the business model test. The Institute determines the business model at a level that reflects how groups of financial assets are managed together to achieve a particular business objective. This assessment includes judgement reflecting all relevant evidence including how the performance of the assets is evaluated and their performance measured, the risks that affect the performance of the assets and how these are managed and how the managers of the assets are compensated. The Institute monitors financial assets measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income that are derecognised prior to their maturity to understand the reason for their disposal and whether the reasons are consistent with the objective of the business for which the asset was held. Monitoring is part of the Institute's continuous assessment of whether the business model for which the remaining financial assets are held continues to be appropriate and if it is not appropriate whether there has been a change in business model and so a prospective change to the classification of those assets. No such changes were required during the periods presented.

Useful life of depreciable assets:

Management reviews the useful lives of depreciable assets at each reporting date, based on the expected utility of the assets. The useful life is disclosed in note (e). Actual results, however, may vary due to technical obsolescence.

Estimates and assumptions

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustments to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below. The Institute based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the financial statements were prepared. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments, however, may change due to market changes or circumstances arising that are beyond control of the Institute. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

Estimation of fair value of acquired financial assets and financial liabilities: When the fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be derived from active markets, their fair value is determined using valuation techniques including the discounted cash flow model. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgment is required in establishing fair values. The judgments include considerations of inputs such as liquidity risk, credit risk and volatility. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.

Un-collectability of accounts receivables:

Analysis of historical payment patterns, donor concentrations, credit-worthiness and current economic trends. If the financial condition of a donor deteriorates, additional allowances may be required.

Defined benefits plans (Gratuity and compensated absences):

The cost of defined benefit plans and the present value of the obligation are determined using actuarial valuations. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions which may differ from actual developments in the future. These include the determination of the discount rate, future salary increases and mortality rates. Due to the complexity of the valuation, the underlying assumptions and its long-term nature, a defined benefit obligation is highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each reporting date. The parameter most subject to change is the discount rate. In determining the appropriate discount rate, the management considers the interest rates of government bonds in currencies consistent with the currencies of the post-employment benefit obligation.

| | 31-Dec-18 | 31-Dec-17 |
|------------------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| 3 Cash and cash equivalents | | |
| Cash | 47 | 23 |
| Cash equivalents | | |
| - Banks | 11,812 | 14,941 |
| - Highly Liquid Debt Mutual funds | 7,969 | 7,257 |
| | 19,828 | 22,221 |

Idle funds not required for operational purposes are invested in accordance with the Board approved Investment policy. In accordance with the policy, investments are made for the purpose of capital preservation at the same time reducing risk exposure and optimizing investment returns where possible and ensuring diversification of the investment portfolio. All debt mutual funds are held with reputable financial institutions.

4 Investments

A Current Investments

| | | |
|---|---------------|----------|
| Bonds | 1,279 | - |
| | 1,279 | - |
| Financial assets measured at amortised cost | | |
| Fixed deposits with banks | 22,697 | - |
| | 22,697 | - |
| Total Current investments | 23,976 | - |

B Non Current Investments

| | | |
|---|--------------|---------------|
| Bonds | 8,788 | 14,256 |
| | 8,788 | 14,256 |
| Financial assets measured at amortised cost | | |
| Fixed deposits with banks * | 1,057 | 17,556 |
| | 1,057 | 17,556 |
| Total Non-Current investments | 9,845 | 31,812 |

* Includes lien marked deposit of US\$ 170 (2017-US\$ 178)

Impairment of financial assets

For the purposes of impairment assessment, the Government bonds and corporate bonds and debentures are considered to have low credit risk as the counterparties to these investments have a minimum BBB- credit rating, except for one investment made in non-convertible debentures of Infrastructure Leasing & Financial Services Limited (IL&FS). The credit rating of such debentures is downgraded to "D" during the year. The fair value of such debentures is assessed as Nil at the year end. The loss in fair value of such debentures is USD 1,003. The change in fair value of the financial asset measured at FVTOCI due to credit impairment has been charged to the Statement of Activity during the year.

| | 31-Dec-18 | 31-Dec-17 |
|---|--------------|--------------|
| 5 Receivable – Donors | | |
| Unrestricted | 59 | 118 |
| CGIAR Research Programs (Windows 1 & 2 with PPA) | | |
| - IFPRI :CRP on Policies, Institutions and Markets | 8 | 145 |
| - IWMI :CRP on Water, Land and Ecosystems | 41 | 418 |
| - CIAT :CRP on Climate Change, Agriculture and Food Security | 28 | 175 |
| - CIAT :CRP on Climate Change, Agriculture and Food Security (RPL-WA) | - | 143 |
| - CGIAR :CRP for Gene banks | 554 | 397 |
| CGIAR Research Programs (Windows 1 & 2 without PPA) and Bilateral projects | 5,294 | 8,073 |
| | 5,984 | 9,469 |
| Less: Loss allowances for doubtful receivables | (1,177) | (858) |
| | 4,807 | 8,611 |
| a) The Center measures the loss allowances for accounts receivables from donors at an amount equal to lifetime ECL using a simplified approach. The expected credit losses on accounts receivable from donors are estimated based on past default experience and an analysis of the donors' current financial position. | | |
| b) Of the donor receivables balance, USD 1,166 in aggregate (as at December 31, 2017 USD 4,201) is due from the donors individually representing more than 5% of the donor receivables balance. | | |
| The movement in loss allowance for doubtful receivable during the year was as follows: | | |
| Opening balance | 858 | 986 |
| Loss allowance recognised | 2,186 | - |
| Amounts written off | (1,867) | (128) |
| Closing balance | 1,177 | 858 |
| 6 Receivable – Employees | | |
| Vehicle loans | 60 | 70 |
| Housing loans | - | 3 |
| Others | 161 | 448 |
| | 221 | 521 |
| 7 Receivable – CGIAR Centres | | |
| Restricted | | |
| - CIAT | 449 | 694 |
| - IITA | 461 | 134 |
| - ICARDA | - | 5 |
| Others | 1,055 | 724 |
| | 1,965 | 1,557 |
| 8 Receivable – Others | | |
| Collaborators | 879 | 2,971 |
| Vendors | 1,178 | 969 |
| Others | 3,417 | 1,063 |
| Pension and gratuity funds (Note- 24) | 3,393 | 2,517 |
| | 8,867 | 7,520 |
| Less: Allowances for doubtful advances / impairment loss | (104) | (801) |
| | 8,763 | 6,719 |

| | 31-Dec-18 | 31-Dec-17 |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|
| The movement in allowances for impairment in respect of receivable during the year was as follows: | | |
| Opening balance | 801 | 246 |
| Impairment loss recognised | 115 | 801 |
| Impairment loss reversed | (812) | (246) |
| Closing balance | 104 | 801 |
| 9 Prepaid expenses | | |
| Insurance | 158 | 187 |
| Others | 146 | 159 |
| | 304 | 346 |
| 10 Inventories | | |
| Office, laboratory and farm supplies | 247 | 347 |
| Automobile and maintenance spares | 608 | 468 |
| Fuel and lubricants | 103 | 90 |
| Held for disposal | 30 | 161 |
| | 988 | 1,066 |
| Less: Allowance for obsolescence | (73) | (456) |
| | 915 | 610 |
| The movement in allowances for obsolescence in respect of inventories during the year was as follows: | | |
| Opening balance | 456 | 453 |
| Impairment loss recognised | - | 3 |
| Impairment loss reversed | 383 | - |
| Closing balance | 73 | 456 |
| 11 Other Assets Held for disposal | | |
| Equipment | 178 | 149 |
| | 178 | 149 |
| 12 Property, plant and equipment | | |
| Gross block at cost | | |
| Physical facilities | 567 | 567 |
| Equipment | 28,712 | 28,261 |
| Assets purchased for restricted projects | 23,711 | 22,442 |
| | 52,990 | 51,270 |
| Accumulated depreciation | | |
| Physical facilities | (113) | (104) |
| Equipment | (21,886) | (21,306) |
| Assets purchased for restricted projects | (23,711) | (22,442) |
| | (45,710) | (43,852) |
| Net book value | | |
| Physical facilities | 454 | 463 |
| Equipment | 6,826 | 6,955 |
| Assets purchased for restricted projects | - | - |
| Total Property, plant and equipment – net | 7,280 | 7,418 |

| | 31-Dec-18 | 31-Dec-17 |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| Assets purchased from restricted projects comprise physical facilities and other assets, ownership of which does not belong to the Institute. As at December 31, 2018, assets purchased from restricted projects were US\$ 23,711 (December 31, 2017 - US\$ 22,442) which include Buildings amounting to US\$ 3,006 (December 31, 2017 – US\$ 3,006). These assets are fully depreciated in the year of purchase and charged directly to the appropriate restricted project. | | |
| Refer Note 26 for detailed breakup. | | |
| 13 Other Non current assets | | |
| Housing loans | - | 5 |
| Vehicle loans | 52 | 62 |
| Deposits | 305 | 304 |
| Accrued interest | 3,291 | 2,692 |
| | 3,648 | 3,063 |
| 14 Deferred income from – Donors | | |
| Bilateral projects | 28,916 | 23,523 |
| | 28,916 | 23,523 |
| 15 Payables – CGIAR Centres | | |
| CGIAR Research Programs | | |
| - CIAT | 96 | 5 |
| - ICARDA | 340 | - |
| - IITA | 490 | 71 |
| Others | 859 | 1,153 |
| | 1,785 | 1,229 |
| 16 Payables – Others | | |
| Vendors | 3,274 | 4,027 |
| Collaborators | 2,441 | 3,207 |
| Miscellaneous | 296 | 129 |
| Others | 1,292 | - |
| | 7,303 | 7,363 |
| 17 Accruals & Provision | | |
| Provision for losses in PF Trust | 1,000 | - |
| Other accruals | 531 | 2,913 |
| | 1,531 | 2,913 |
| The movement in provision for losses in PF Trust is as follows: | | |
| Opening balance | - | - |
| Additional provision in the year | 1,000 | - |
| Utilisation of provision | - | - |
| Closing balance | 1,000 | - |

Based on facts, observations and unique legal status as a privileged diplomatic organization, ICRISAT has no statutory obligation or liability towards PF trusts established by ICRISAT for the loss of value in investments made in IL&FS. All the investments in IL&FS were made in compliance with applicable regulations for independent PF Trusts and the loss occurred is due to an unfortunate market event.

| | 31-Dec-18 | 31-Dec-17 |
|---|----------------|--------------|
| 18 Employees Provisions | | |
| Compensated absences | 192 | 174 |
| Relocation | 92 | 1,990 |
| Insurance for separated IRS | 262 | 308 |
| Other contributory plans | - | 242 |
| | 546 | 2,714 |
| 19 Net assets | | |
| Net assets - unrestricted | | |
| Unrestricted net assets represent the Institute's property after payment of liabilities with no restriction on its use by donors. These unrestricted net assets are classified as undesignated and designated. | | |
| Undesignated | | |
| Undesignated net assets represent accumulated surplus of revenue over expenses and are used to finance working capital and on-going operational requirements. | | |
| Designated | | |
| Designated net assets represent a) Investment in ICRISAT owned Property, plant and equipment, at net value, b) Reserve for acquisition of Property, Plant and Equipment, and c) Reserve for Crisis Management Fund. | | |
| Restricted | | |
| "Restricted net assets represent: | | |
| a) Contribution from Sehgal Family Foundation towards ICRISAT-SFF Endowment, | | |
| b) ICRISAT's matching contribution to ICRISAT-SFF Endowment, | | |
| c) A fund for Doreen Margaret Mashler Distinguished Scientific Achievement Award, and d) Accretion (net of expenses) to these funds. e) Smart food endowment fund" | | |
| Other Comprehensive income | | |
| "Represents the following: | | |
| a) Recognition of actuarial gain / (losses) and return in plan assets excluding interest income corresponding to the defined employee benefit obligation in accordance with IAS 19; | | |
| b) Fair valuation gain of financial asset (Bonds) recognised at fair valuation through OCI ." | | |
| 20 Other revenues and gains | | |
| (a) Other income | | |
| Farm Produce | 44 | 35 |
| Scrap Sale | - | 14 |
| Gain on sale of assets | - | 34 |
| Provision no longer required written back | 5,770 | - |
| Recoveries (Refer Note 27) | 531 | - |
| Miscellaneous income | 338 | 424 |
| Sub total - Other income | 6,683 | 507 |
| (b) Financial income | | |
| Interest income | 2,368 | 3,616 |
| Exchange losses, net | - | 396 |
| Sub total - Financial income | 2,368 | 4,012 |
| (c) Financial expenses | | |
| Exchange losses, net | (1,959) | - |
| Sub total - Financial expenses | (1,959) | - |
| Total (a)+(b)+ (c) | 7,092 | 4,519 |

21 Contingent liabilities

| Particulars | As at | |
|---|-------------|-------------|
| | 31-Dec-2018 | 31-Dec-2017 |
| Bank guarantee for loans taken by employees | 170 | 178 |

22 Financial Instruments

(a) Classes and categories of financial instruments and their fair values

December 31, 2018

| Particulars | Financial Assets | | | Financial Liabilities | | Level | | |
|---------------------------------|------------------|--------|----------------|-----------------------|----------------|-------|-------|---|
| | FVTPL | FTVOCI | Amortised Cost | FVTPL | Amortised Cost | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| Cash and Cash equivalents | 7,969 | - | 11,859 | - | - | 7,969 | - | - |
| Current Investments | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| -Bonds | - | 1,279 | - | - | - | - | 1,279 | - |
| -Fixed deposits with banks | - | - | 22,697 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Account Receivables | - | - | 6,993 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Other non-current assets | - | - | 3,648 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Non- Current Investments | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| -Bonds | - | 8,788 | - | - | - | - | 8,788 | - |
| -Fixed deposits with banks | - | - | 1,057 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Accounts Payables | - | - | - | - | 9,850 | - | - | - |

December 31, 2017

| Particulars | Financial Assets | | | Financial Liabilities | | Level | | |
|-----------------------------|------------------|--------|----------------|-----------------------|----------------|-------|--------|---|
| | FVTPL | FTVOCI | Amortised Cost | FVTPL | Amortised Cost | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| Cash and Cash equivalents | 7,257 | - | 14,964 | - | - | 7,257 | - | - |
| Account Receivables | - | - | 10,689 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Other non-current assets | - | - | 3,063 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Non- Current Investments | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| - Bonds | - | 14,256 | - | - | - | - | 14,256 | - |
| - Fixed deposits with banks | - | - | 17,556 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Accounts Payables | - | - | - | - | 9,534 | - | - | - |

(b) Financial Risk Management

The Centre's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk(including foreign exchange risk, price risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The centre's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on its financial performance.

The finance department under policies approved by the Governing Board carries out financial risk management. The Board approved investment and Exchange Risk Management Policy provides written principles for overall risk management, covering areas such as foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, credit risk and investment risk.

Liquidity Risk:

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Centre may not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. Prudent liquidity risk management includes maintaining sufficient cash balances and the availability of funding from bilateral donors. The primary objective of liquidity management is to provide for sufficient cash and cash equivalents at all times to enable us to meet our payment obligations. The Institute's aim is to have a well-spread maturity schedule and a strong liquidity position so as to meet expected operational expenses, including the servicing of financial obligations. This excludes the potential impact of extreme circumstances that cannot reasonably be predicted.

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Institute's financial liabilities based on contractual undiscounted payments:

| Particulars | Up to 1 year | 1 to 3 years | 3 to 5 years | > 5 years | Total |
|--------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------|
| As at December 31, 2018 | | | | | |
| Payables - CGIAR Centers | 1,785 | - | - | - | 1,785 |
| Payables - Employees | 762 | - | - | - | 762 |
| Payables - Others | 7,303 | - | - | - | 7,303 |
| | 9,850 | - | - | - | 9,850 |
| As at December 31, 2017 | | | | | |
| Payables - CGIAR Centers | 1,229 | - | - | - | 1,229 |
| Payables - Employees | 942 | - | - | - | 942 |
| Payables - Others | 7,363 | - | - | - | 7,363 |
| | 9,534 | - | - | - | 9,534 |

Credit Risk:

Credit risk is the risk that the counterparty will default on its contractual obligation, resulting in financial loss to the Institute. Credit risk arises from financial assets such as cash and cash equivalents and receivables. The Institute monitor's exposure to credit risk on an ongoing basis at various levels and deal with counterparties that have sound financial standing.

The Institute invests its idle funds in banks and financial institutions/instruments that have well established credit rating as recommended by the Board, in accordance with the investment policy. Investment decisions shall always prioritize preservation of capital ahead of optimizing investment returns.

As regards receivables, reviews of aging reports are carried out on periodic basis and provisions for doubtful amounts made for any potentially irrecoverable amounts. There were no significant concentrations of credit risk at the end of the reporting period, as the centre has various donors from various countries hence no concentration risk.

Advances to partner and hosted organizations are subject to the Centre's internal requirements to limit losses arising from funds advanced by the Centre. The Centre does not incur expenditure on restricted donor grants before funding contracts are signed.

Foreign Exchange Risk:

The Centre keeps records in US Dollars but receives grants from foreign countries in various currencies. The funds are held in USD, INR, Euro & GBP. This exposes the centre to losses that may arise from fluctuation in the foreign currency exchange rates. The centre operates foreign currencies bank accounts for all receipts and payments in foreign currencies to minimize exposure to exchange risks. The Institute hedges the currency by entering into forward contracts to safeguard the functional currency from the volatility in the market and the same is done in accordance with the Board approved Investment and Exchange Risk Management Policy.

In general, forward exchange contracts entered into have a maturity of less than one year. When necessary, forward exchange contracts are rolled over at maturity based on the exposures.

a) Foreign currency forward contracts outstanding as at the Balance Sheet date:

| | As at December 31, 2018 | | As at December 31, 2017 | |
|------------------------|-------------------------|-----------|-------------------------|-----------|
| | Buy | Sell | Buy | Sell |
| Forward contracts | | | | |
| USD (in thousands) | - | 21,344 | - | 39,929 |
| INR (Rs. In thousands) | - | 1,482,728 | - | 2,552,523 |

b) Foreign currency sensitivity

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in INR and EURO exchange rates, with all other variables held constant. The impact on the Institute's surplus / deficit is due to changes in the fair value of monetary assets and liabilities including foreign currency derivatives. The Institute's exposure to foreign currency changes for all other currencies is not material.

| Particulars | Change in Rates | | Effect on Result | |
|--------------------------|-----------------|----------|---------------------|-----|
| | Increase | Decrease | Increase/(Decrease) | |
| December 31, 2018 | | | | |
| INR | 1% | 1% | (319) | 319 |
| EURO | 1% | 1% | (243) | 243 |
| December 31, 2017 | | | | |
| INR | 1% | 1% | (358) | 358 |
| EURO | 1% | 1% | (250) | 250 |

Price Risk:

The Institute does not hold any financial instruments subject to price risk.

Interest rate Risk:

The Institute does not hold any borrowings from a third party and hence is not subject to interest rate risk. All the investments are in fixed rate bonds and hence there is no impact of interest rate movements.

Working Capital Management:

An accounting strategy that strives to maintain sufficient and equal levels of working capital, current assets, and current liabilities. This helps the Institute to meet its expense obligations while also maintaining sufficient cash flow and is primarily related to short-term financial decisions.

(c) Financial instruments not measured at fair value

Financial instruments not measured at fair value include fixed deposits with banks, accounts receivables and accounts payables.

Due to their short-term nature, the carrying value of accounts receivable, fixed deposits with banks and accounts payables approximates their fair value

23. Segment Reporting

The Institute conducts agricultural research for development in sub-Saharan Africa and Asia and the same constitutes a single reportable business segment as per IFRS 8.

| | |
|--|---|
| 24. Employee benefit liability | |
| “Defined benefit plan” | |
| The Institute has the following defined benefit plans. | |
| a. Gratuity | |
| The Institute provides for gratuity, a defined benefit retirement plan (‘The Gratuity Plan’) covering eligible employees. The Gratuity Plan provides for a lump sum payment to vested employees on retirement (subject to completion of five years of continuous employment), death, incapacitation or termination of employment of amounts that are based on salary and tenure of employment. Liabilities with regard to the Gratuity Plan are determined by actuarial valuation on the reporting date. | |
| b. Pension | |
| The Institute operates a defined benefit final salary pension plan which is closed to new entrants. The pension benefits payable to the employees are based on the employee’s service up to 31 December 2004 and last drawn salary at the time of leaving. The employees do not contribute towards this plan and the full cost of providing these benefits are met by the Institute. | |
| The plans mentioned above typically expose the Institute to actuarial risks such as: investment risk, interest rate risk, longevity risk and salary risk. | |
| Type of Risk | Description |
| Investment Risk | "The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated using a discount rate which is determined by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds. For other defined benefit plans, the discount rate is determined by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on high quality corporate bonds when there is a deep market for such bonds; if the return on plan asset is below this rate, it will create a plan deficit. Currently, the plan has a relatively balanced mix of investments in government securities, and other debt instruments." |
| Interest Risk | A decrease in the bond interest rate will increase the plan liability, however, this will be partially offset by an increase in the return on the plan's debt investments. |
| Longevity Risk | The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated by reference to the best estimate of the mortality of plan participants both during and after their employment. An increase in the life expectancy of the plan participants will increase the plan's liability. |
| Salary Risk | The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated by reference to the future salaries of plan participants. As such, an increase in the salary of the plan participants will increase the plan's liability. |

c. Movement in net defined benefit (asset) / liability

The following table shows a reconciliation from the opening balances to the closing balances for net defined benefit liability (asset) and its components.

| | Defined benefit obligation | | | Fair value of plan assets | | | Net defined benefit liability (asset) | | |
|--|----------------------------|--------------|---------------|---------------------------|--------------|---------------|---------------------------------------|----------------|---------------|
| | | | | 2018 | | | | | |
| | Gratuity | Pension | IRS Insurance | Gratuity | Pension | IRS Insurance | Gratuity | Pension | IRS Insurance |
| Balance at 1 January | 5,744 | 3,224 | 308 | 7,349 | 4,136 | - | (1,605) | (912) | 308 |
| Included in statement of activity | | | | | | | | | |
| Current service cost | 325 | - | - | - | - | - | 325 | - | - |
| Past service credit | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Interest cost / (Income) | 294 | 171 | - | (458) | (267) | - | 752 | 438 | - |
| Exchange differences | (755) | (548) | - | (626) | (353) | - | (129) | (195) | - |
| Sub-total (A) | (136) | (377) | - | (1,084) | (620) | - | 948 | 243 | - |
| Included in other comprehensive income | | | | | | | | | |
| Remeasurements during the year due to: | | | | | | | | | |
| - demographic assumptions | - | (60) | - | - | - | - | - | (60) | - |
| - financial assumptions | 65 | 4 | - | - | - | - | 65 | 4 | - |
| - experience adjustment | (402) | (28) | - | - | - | - | (402) | (28) | - |
| Actuarial return on plan assets less interest income | - | - | - | (167) | (87) | - | 167 | 87 | - |
| Effect of asset celling | (592) | 192 | - | - | - | - | (592) | 192 | - |
| Effect of movements in exchange rates | (7) | (4) | - | 3 | 2 | - | (10) | (6) | - |
| Sub-total (B) | (936) | 104 | - | (164) | (85) | - | (772) | 189 | - |
| Other | | | | | | | | | |
| Contributions paid by the employer | - | - | - | 872 | 641 | - | (872) | (641) | - |
| Benefits paid | (872) | (641) | (46) | (872) | (641) | - | 0 | - | (46) |
| Effect of movements in exchange rates | 17 | 12 | - | - | - | - | 17 | 12 | - |
| Sub-total (C) | (855) | (629) | (46) | - | - | - | (855) | (629) | (46) |
| Balance at 31 December | 3,817 | 2,322 | 262 | 6,101 | 3,431 | - | (2,284) | (1,109) | 262 |
| Current | 3,817 | 2,322 | 262 | 6,101 | 3,431 | - | (2,284) | (1,109) | 262 |
| Non - Current | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Total Liability / (Asset) | 3,817 | 2,322 | 262 | 6,101 | 3,431 | - | (2,284) | (1,109) | 262 |

| | Defined benefit obligation | | | Fair value of plan assets | | | Net defined benefit liability (asset) | | |
|--|----------------------------|--------------|---------------|---------------------------|--------------|---------------|---------------------------------------|--------------|---------------|
| | | | | 2017 | | | | | |
| | Gratuity | Pension | IRS Insurance | Gratuity | Pension | IRS Insurance | Gratuity | Pension | IRS Insurance |
| Balance at 1 January | 5,276 | 3,175 | 510 | 6,003 | 3,420 | - | (727) | (245) | 510 |
| Included in statement of activity | | | | | | | | | |
| Current service cost | 411 | - | - | - | - | - | 411 | - | - |
| Past service credit | - | - | (202) | - | - | - | - | - | (202) |
| Interest cost / (Income) | 336 | 205 | - | 441 | 245 | - | (105) | (40) | - |
| Exchange differences | 345 | 203 | - | 386 | 220 | - | (41) | (17) | - |
| Sub-total (A) | 1,092 | 408 | (202) | 827 | 465 | - | 265 | (57) | (202) |

| c. Movement in net defined benefit (asset) / liability | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--------------|--------------|------------|--------------|--------------|----------|----------------|--------------|------------|
| Included in other comprehensive income | | | | | | | | | |
| Remeasurements loss (gain): | | | | | | | | | |
| Actuarial loss (gain) arising from: | | | | | | | | | |
| - demographic assumptions | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| - financial assumptions | (151) | (13) | - | - | - | - | (151) | (13) | - |
| - experience adjustment | (154) | (70) | - | - | - | - | (154) | (70) | - |
| Return on plan assets excluding interest income | - | - | - | 510 | 247 | - | (510) | (247) | - |
| Adjustment to recognise the effect of asset ceiling | 466 | 323 | - | - | - | - | 466 | 323 | - |
| Effect of movements in exchange rates | 3 | 4 | - | 9 | 4 | - | (6) | - | - |
| Sub-total (B) | 164 | 244 | - | 519 | 251 | - | (355) | (7) | - |
| Other | | | | | | | | | |
| Contributions paid by the employer | - | - | - | 775 | 593 | - | (775) | (593) | - |
| Benefits paid | (775) | (593) | - | (775) | (593) | - | - | - | - |
| Effect of movements in exchange rates | (13) | (10) | - | - | - | - | (13) | (10) | - |
| Sub-total (C) | (788) | (603) | - | - | - | - | (788) | (603) | - |
| Balance at 31 December | 5,744 | 3,224 | 308 | 7,349 | 4,136 | - | (1,605) | (912) | 308 |
| Current | | | | | | | | | |
| Non - Current | 5,744 | 3,224 | 308 | 7,349 | 4,136 | - | (1,605) | (912) | 308 |

| d. Plan Assets | | | | |
|---|--------------|--------------|----------------|----------|
| Plan Assets comprise of: | | | | |
| Particulars | 2018 | | | |
| | Quoted Value | | Unquoted Value | |
| | Gratuity | Pension | Gratuity | Pension |
| Property | - | - | - | - |
| Government Debt Instruments | - | - | - | - |
| Other Debt Instruments | - | - | - | - |
| Entity's Own Equity Instruments | - | - | - | - |
| Insurer Managed Funds | 7,018 | 3,973 | - | - |
| Others | - | - | - | - |
| | 7,018 | 3,973 | - | - |
| The plan does not invest in any property occupied by the Institute nor in any financial securities issued by the Institute. | | | | |
| Particulars | 2017 | | | |
| | Quoted Value | | Unquoted Value | |
| | Gratuity | Pension | Gratuity | Pension |
| Property | - | - | - | - |
| Government Debt Instruments | - | - | - | - |
| Other Debt Instruments | - | - | - | - |
| Entity's Own Equity Instruments | - | - | - | - |
| Insurer Managed Funds | 7,350 | 4,145 | - | - |
| Others | - | - | - | - |
| | 7,350 | 4,145 | - | - |
| The Institute expects to contribute USD Nil to the gratuity fund and USD Nil to Pension fund in the next year (Previous year USD Nil for gratuity and pension) against the short term liability as per the actuarial valuation. | | | | |

e. Actuarial assumptions

The following were the principal actuarial assumptions at the reporting date.

| | 31-Dec-18 | 31-Dec-17 |
|------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Gratuity | | |
| Discount Rate | 7.50% | 7.30% |
| Salary Escalation Rate | "NRS - SSB: 7% Others: 15%" | "NRS - SSB: 7% Others: 15%" |
| Pension | | |
| Discount Rate | 7.50% | 7.30% |
| Salary Escalation Rate | 5.00% | 5.00% |
| IRS Insurance | | |
| Discount Rate | NA | 7.30% |
| Salary Escalation Rate | NA | 6.00% |

Discount Rate: Based on the prevailing market yields of Indian Government securities as balance sheet date for the estimated term of the obligations

Salary escalation rate: Rate of increase in salary is expected to be 15% and 5 % respectively for gratuity and Pension. The estimates of future salary increases considered takes into account the inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors .

f. Disclosure related to indication of effect of the defined benefit plan on the Institute's future cash flows:

Expected benefit payments for the year ending:

| Year ending | December 31, 2018 | | | December 31, 2017 | | |
|--|-------------------|---------|-------|-------------------|---------|-------|
| | Gratuity | Pension | Total | Gratuity | Pension | Total |
| Year 1 | 1,210 | 401 | 1,611 | 1,311 | 463 | 1,774 |
| Year 2 | 563 | 336 | 899 | 762 | 397 | 1,159 |
| Year 3 | 589 | 235 | 824 | 518 | 312 | 830 |
| Year 4 | 510 | 185 | 695 | 530 | 210 | 740 |
| Year 5 | 306 | 131 | 437 | 492 | 155 | 647 |
| Beyond 5 years | 6,082 | 2,099 | 8,181 | 6,080 | 2,944 | 9,024 |
| Weighted average duration of payment of these cash flows as at year end (in years) | 6.48 | 0.99 | | 6.34 | 1.05 | |

| g. Sensitivity Analysis | | | | | | |
|--|------------------|----------------|----------------------|------------------|----------------|----------------------|
| Reasonably possible changes at the reporting date to one of the relevant actuarial assumptions, holding other assumptions constant, would have affected the defined benefit obligation by the amounts shown below: | | | | | | |
| | 31-Dec-18 | | | 31-Dec-17 | | |
| | Gratuity | Pension | IRS Insurance | Gratuity | Pension | IRS Insurance |
| Discount Rate | | | | | | |
| Increase by 50 basis points | (4,700) | (15) | - | (176) | (16) | (6) |
| Decrease by 50 basis points | 5,014 | 16 | - | 188 | 17 | (7) |
| Salary escalation rate | | | | | | |
| Increase by 50 basis points | 5,004 | - | - | 177 | - | - |
| Decrease by 50 basis points | (4,707) | - | - | (167) | - | - |
| Medical Inflation rate | | | | | | |
| Increase by 100 basis points | - | - | - | - | - | 13 |
| Decrease by 100 basis points | - | - | - | - | - | (13) |
| Life expectancy | | | | | | |
| Increase by 1 year | - | (43) | - | - | 46 | 14 |
| Decrease by 1 year | - | 89 | - | - | (46) | (14) |

| h. Defined contribution plan |
|---|
| In addition to the above, eligible employees receive benefits from a provident fund, a defined contribution plan. The employee and the employer make monthly contributions each to the plan at a specified percentage of the covered employees' salary to a Provident Fund recognised by the Income Tax Act, 1961. Upon retirement or separation, an employee becomes entitled for a lump sum benefit, which is paid directly to the concerned employee by the fund. The Institute contributed USD 374 to the provident fund during the year ended December 31, 2018 (Previous year: USD 466) |
| Compensated absences: |
| The Institute provides for accumulation of compensated absences by certain categories of its employees. These employees can carry forward a portion of the unutilized compensated absences and utilize it in future periods or receive cash in lieu thereof as per the Institute policy. The Institute records an obligation for compensated absences in the period in which the employee renders the services that increases this entitlement. The Institute paid USD 104 as benefits to the employees during the year ended December 31, 2018 (Previous year: USD 169) |

25 Related parties

| Name of party | Nature of relationship |
|------------------------------------|--|
| Key management personnel | |
| Dr Bergvinson David Jon | Director General (Upto 24th October 2018) |
| Mr Rajesh Agrawal | Assistant Director General (Upto 30th April 2018) |
| Dr Peter Stanley Carberry | Director General (With effect from 24th October 2018) |
| Dr Kiran K Sharma | Deputy Director General (Research) |
| Dr Tabo Ramadjita | Research Program Director - West & Central Africa |
| Dr Moses Siambi | Research Program Director - East & Southern Africa |
| Mr David K S Johnson | Director - Corporate Services (With effect from 1st Aug 2018) |
| ICRISAT - Gratuity Fund | Post Employment benefit plan entities |
| ICRISAT - Pension Fund | Post Employment benefit plan entities |
| ICRISAT - Leave Fund | Post Employment benefit plan entities |
| ICRISAT - Employee Provident Fund | Post Employment benefit plan entities |
| ICRISAT - RWF Provident Fund Trust | Post Employment benefit plan entities |

Particulars of related party transactions during the year

| Name of the related party | Nature of transaction | 31-Dec-18 | 31-Dec-17 |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Dr Bergvinson David Jon | Salary | 407 | 293 |
| Dr Bergvinson David Jon | Personal Settlement | 52 | 25 |
| | Employment and other benefits | 14 | 27 |
| Dr Peter Stanley Carberry | Salary | 279 | 223 |
| Dr Peter Stanley Carberry | Personal Settlement | 56 | 56 |
| | Employment and other benefits | 36 | 61 |
| Dr Kiran K Sharma | Salary | 200 | - |
| Dr Kiran K Sharma | Personal Settlement | 35 | - |
| | Employment and other benefits | 22 | - |
| Dr Tabo Ramadjita | Salary | 267 | 264 |
| Dr Tabo Ramadjita | Personal Settlement | 43 | 38 |
| | Employment and other benefits | 19 | 22 |
| Dr Moses Siambi | Salary | 239 | 268 |
| Dr Moses Siambi | Personal Settlement | 56 | 51 |
| | Employment and other benefits | 70 | 79 |
| Mr David K S Johnson | Salary | 107 | - |
| Mr David K S Johnson | Personal Settlement | 33 | - |
| | Employment and other benefits | 33 | - |
| Mr Rajesh Agrawal | Salary | - | 280 |
| Mr Rajesh Agrawal | Personal Settlement | - | 78 |
| | Employment and other benefits | - | 67 |
| ICRISAT - Gratuity Fund | | 883 | 818 |
| ICRISAT - Pension Fund | | 1,310 | 648 |
| ICRISAT - Leave Fund | | 35 | 12 |
| ICRISAT - Employee Provident Fund | | 1,440 | 898 |

Personal advances represents allowances credited to the account in accordance with the terms of employment

Personal settlement represents settlement made by employees, withdrawal of allowances credited in their personal account.

The Institute has the following amounts receivable/(payable) from / to related parties:

| Name of the related party | Classified under | 31-Dec-18 | 31-Dec-17 |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Dr Bergvinson David | Travel advance | - | 5 |
| Dr Bergvinson David | Personal advance | - | (38) |
| Dr Peter Stanley Carberry | Travel advance | - | 3 |
| Dr Peter Stanley Carberry | Personal advance | (5) | (26) |
| Dr Kiran K Sharma | Travel advance | (1) | - |
| Dr Kiran K Sharma | Personal advance | (45) | - |
| Dr Tabo, Ramadjita | Travel advance | - | - |
| Dr Tabo Ramadjita | Personal advance | - | (23) |
| Dr Moses Siambi | Travel advance | 41 | 48 |
| Dr Moses Siambi | Personal advance | - | 13 |
| Mr David K S Johnson | Travel advance | - | - |
| Mr David K S Johnson | Personal advance | - | - |
| Mr Rajesh Agrawal | Travel advance | - | - |
| Mr Rajesh Agrawal | Personal advance | - | (6) |
| ICRISAT - Gratuity Fund | | 2,284 | 1,605 |
| ICRISAT - Pension Fund | | 1,109 | 924 |
| ICRISAT - Leave Fund | | 386 | 422 |

| 26. Property, plant and equipment | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Category | Gross Block | | | | Accumulated Depreciation | | | Net Block | |
| | Balance As at January 1, 2018 | During the current year Additions | Deletions | Balance As at December 31, 2018 | Balance As at January 1, 2018 | During the current year Additions | Deletions | Balance As at January 1, 2018 | Balance As at December 31, 2018 |
| UNRESTRICTED: | | | | | | | | | |
| Physical Facilities | 567 | - | - | 567 | (104) | (9) | - | 463 | 454 |
| Sub Total | 567 | - | - | 567 | (104) | (9) | - | 463 | 454 |
| Equipment | | | | | | | | | |
| Lab and Scientific Equipment | 12,550 | 540 | (182) | 12,908 | (8,716) | (399) | 164 | 3,834 | 3,957 |
| Heavy Duty Equipment | 3,142 | - | - | 3,142 | (2,659) | (61) | - | 483 | 422 |
| Furniture and Office Equipment | 4,584 | 35 | (69) | 4,550 | (3,578) | (151) | 90 | 1,006 | 911 |
| Computers | 2,144 | 59 | (21) | 2,182 | (1,815) | (54) | 19 | 329 | 332 |
| Vehicles | 5,841 | 89 | - | 5,930 | (4,538) | (188) | - | 1,303 | 1,204 |
| Sub Total | 28,261 | 723 | (272) | 28,712 | (21,306) | (853) | 273 | 6,955 | 6,826 |
| Total | 28,828 | 723 | (272) | 29,279 | (21,410) | (862) | 273 | 7,418 | 7,280 |
| RESTRICTED: | | | | | | | | | |
| Physical Facilities | 3,006 | - | - | 3,006 | (3,006) | - | - | - | - |
| Sub Total | 3,006 | - | - | 3,006 | (3,006) | - | - | - | - |
| Equipment | | | | | | | | | |
| Lab and Scientific Equipment | 7,089 | 984 | - | 8,073 | (7,089) | (984) | - | - | - |
| Heavy Duty Equipment | 2,725 | - | - | 2,725 | (2,725) | - | - | - | - |
| Furniture and Office Equipment | 2,511 | 57 | - | 2,568 | (2,511) | (57) | - | - | - |
| Computers | 2,234 | 56 | - | 2,290 | (2,234) | (56) | - | - | - |
| Vehicles | 4,877 | 172 | - | 5,049 | (4,877) | (172) | - | - | - |
| Sub Total | 19,436 | 1,269 | - | 20,705 | (19,436) | (1,269) | - | - | - |
| TOTAL | 22,442 | 1,269 | - | 23,711 | (22,442) | (1,269) | - | - | - |
| Physical Facilities | 3,573 | - | - | 3,573 | (3,110) | (9) | - | 463 | 454 |
| Sub Total | 3,573 | - | - | 3,573 | (3,110) | (9) | - | 463 | 454 |
| Equipment | | | | | | | | | |
| Lab and Scientific Equipment | 19,639 | 1,524 | (182) | 20,981 | (15,805) | (1,383) | 164 | 3,834 | 3,957 |
| Heavy Duty Equipment | 5,867 | - | - | 5,867 | (5,384) | (61) | - | 483 | 422 |
| Furniture and Office Equipment | 7,095 | 92 | (69) | 7,118 | (6,089) | (208) | 90 | 1,006 | 911 |
| Computers | 4,378 | 115 | (21) | 4,472 | (4,049) | (110) | 19 | 329 | 332 |
| Vehicles | 10,718 | 261 | - | 10,979 | (9,415) | (360) | - | 1,303 | 1,204 |
| Sub Total | 47,697 | 1,992 | (272) | 49,417 | (40,742) | (2,122) | 273 | 6,955 | 6,826 |
| TOTAL | 51,270 | 1,992 | (272) | 52,990 | (43,852) | (2,131) | 273 | 7,418 | 7,280 |

| Category | Gross Block | | | | Accumulated Depreciation | | | | Net Block | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------|------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| | Balance as at January 1, 2017 | During the current year | | Balance as at December 31, 2017 | Balance as at January 1, 2017 | During the current year | | Balance as at December 31, 2017 | Balance as at January 1, 2017 | Balance as at December 31, 2017 |
| | | Additions | Deletions | | | Additions | Deletions | | | |
| UNRESTRICTED: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Physical Facilities | 567 | - | - | 567 | (95) | (9) | - | (104) | 472 | 463 |
| Sub Total | 567 | - | - | 567 | (95) | (9) | - | (104) | 472 | 463 |
| Equipment | | | | | | | | | | |
| Lab and Scientific Equipment | 12,154 | 537 | (141) | 12,550 | (8,481) | (362) | 127 | (8,716) | 3,673 | 3,834 |
| Heavy Duty Equipment | 3,178 | 4 | (40) | 3,142 | (2,615) | (80) | 36 | (2,659) | 563 | 483 |
| Furniture and Office Equipment | 4,625 | 7 | (48) | 4,584 | (3,459) | (161) | 42 | (3,578) | 1,166 | 1,006 |
| Computers | 2,100 | 76 | (32) | 2,144 | (1,810) | (34) | 29 | (1,815) | 290 | 329 |
| Vehicles | 5,874 | 180 | (213) | 5,841 | (4,384) | (345) | 191 | (4,538) | 1,490 | 1,303 |
| Sub Total | 27,931 | 804 | (474) | 28,261 | (20,749) | (982) | 425 | (21,306) | 7,182 | 6,955 |
| Total | 28,498 | 804 | (474) | 28,828 | (20,844) | (991) | 425 | (21,410) | 7,654 | 7,418 |
| Bilateral: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Physical Facilities | 3,006 | - | - | 3,006 | (3,006) | - | - | (3,006) | - | - |
| Sub Total | 3,006 | - | - | 3,006 | (3,006) | - | - | (3,006) | - | - |
| Equipment | | | | | | | | | | |
| Lab and Scientific Equipment | 6,014 | 1,075 | - | 7,089 | (6,014) | (1,075) | - | (7,089) | - | - |
| Heavy Duty Equipment | 2,725 | - | - | 2,725 | (2,725) | - | - | (2,725) | - | - |
| Furniture and Office Equipment | 2,502 | 9 | - | 2,511 | (2,502) | (9) | - | (2,511) | - | - |
| Computers | 2,210 | 24 | - | 2,234 | (2,210) | (24) | - | (2,234) | - | - |
| Vehicles | 4,556 | 321 | - | 4,877 | (4,556) | (321) | - | (4,877) | - | - |
| Sub Total | 18,007 | 1,429 | - | 19,436 | (18,007) | (1,429) | - | (19,436) | - | - |
| Total | 21,013 | 1,429 | - | 22,442 | (21,013) | (1,429) | - | (22,442) | - | - |
| Grand Total | | | | | | | | | | |
| Physical Facilities | 3,573 | - | - | 3,573 | (3,101) | (9) | - | (3,110) | 472 | 463 |
| Sub Total | 3,573 | - | - | 3,573 | (3,101) | (9) | - | (3,110) | 472 | 463 |
| Equipment | | | | | | | | | | |
| Lab and Scientific Equipment | 18,168 | 1,612 | (141) | 19,639 | (14,495) | (1,437) | 127 | (15,805) | 3,673 | 3,834 |
| Heavy Duty Equipment | 5,903 | 4 | (40) | 5,867 | (5,340) | (80) | 36 | (5,384) | 563 | 483 |
| Furniture and Office Equipment | 7,127 | 16 | (48) | 7,095 | (5,961) | (170) | 42 | (6,089) | 1,166 | 1,006 |
| Computers | 4,310 | 100 | (32) | 4,378 | (4,020) | (58) | 29 | (4,049) | 290 | 329 |
| Vehicles | 10,430 | 501 | (213) | 10,718 | (8,940) | (666) | 191 | (9,415) | 1,490 | 1,303 |
| Sub Total | 45,938 | 2,233 | (474) | 47,697 | (38,756) | (2,411) | 425 | (40,742) | 7,182 | 6,955 |
| Total | 49,511 | 2,233 | (474) | 51,270 | (41,857) | (2,420) | 425 | (43,852) | 7,654 | 7,418 |

27 Financial irregularities noted in the previous year ended December 31, 2017

During the previous year ended December 31, 2017, management noted certain historical financial irregularities pertaining to financial years on or prior to December 2014 by an employee with overall responsibility for accounting and finance function. These included:

- (a) Payments to the said employee towards bonus aggregating USD 700,000;
- (b) certain foreign exchange forward contracts transacted into by the said employee in the name of the Institute
- (c) utilization of the banking facility of the Institute to receive and pay monies including cash deposits which could otherwise have been done through his personal bank account.

Management terminated the employment of the aforesaid employee in April, 2018. A detailed investigation was carried out into the matter in the previous year. Management initiated recovery in full of USD 700,000 from the aforesaid employee towards the bonus. As per the negotiated terms, the Institute recovered USD 531,000 during the current year from the aforesaid employee. The balance amount of USD 169,000 was recovered by May, 2019.

The foreign exchange forward contracts entered into during the current year were for bona fide purposes of the Institute and were not entered for the personal benefit of any employee. In respect of contracts entered into in the earlier years by the ex-employee, management had obtained a legal opinion on the matter and as per the opinion, there is no violation by Institute of any local regulations.

Based on legal opinion obtained by the management from an external independent attorney in the current year, Management believes that the Institute will not be held liable for the offence of 'Money Laundering' under the provisions of 'Prevention of Money Laundering Act, 2002 ('PMLA') as there is no evidence indicating the occurrence of a 'scheduled offence'.

International Crops Research Institute for the Semi-Arid Tropics
Schedule of Grant Revenues For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

(All amounts in thousands of United States Dollars)

| Donor | Funds Available | Receivables from Donors | Deferred Revenue | Grant Revenue | |
|---|-----------------|-------------------------|------------------|---------------|---------------|
| | | | | 2018 | 2017 |
| <u>I. Unrestricted</u> | | | | | |
| China | - | 39 | | 39 | 118 |
| Thailand | - | 20 | - | 20 | 20 |
| Turkey | 5 | - | - | 5 | 5 |
| Sub total | 5 | 59 | - | 64 | 143 |
| Bilateral | | | | | |
| Philippines | 31 | - | - | 31 | 32 |
| Sub total | 31 | - | - | 31 | 32 |
| Total Unrestricted | 36 | 59 | - | 95 | 175 |
| <u>II. Restricted</u> | | | | | |
| A. Windows 1 & 2 | | | | | |
| A.1. Windows 1 & 2 with PPA - Portfolio | | | | | |
| CGIAR | 8,764 | 554 | 194 | 9,124 | 2,095 |
| International Centre for Tropical Agriculture (CIAT) | 1,431 | 28 | 41 | 1,418 | 1,471 |
| International Food Policy Research Institute (IFPRI) | 83 | 8 | - | 91 | 145 |
| International Water Management Institute (IWMI) | 375 | 41 | - | 416 | 418 |
| Subtotal - Window 1 & 2 with PPA | 10,653 | 631 | 235 | 11,049 | 4,129 |
| A.2. Windows 1 & 2 without PPA | | | | | |
| CGIAR Consortium | 106 | - | 31 | 75 | 119 |
| Subtotal - Window 1 & 2 without PPA | 106 | - | 31 | 75 | 119 |
| Total Window 1 & 2 | 10,759 | 631 | 266 | 11,124 | 4,248 |
| B. CGIAR Research Programs - Window 3 - Portfolio | | | | | |
| CGIAR | 36,339 | 62 | 16,663 | 19,738 | 27,305 |
| International Institute of Tropical Agriculture (IITA) | 928 | 37 | 217 | 748 | 1,764 |
| International Fund For Agricultural Development (IFAD) | 371 | 106 | - | 477 | 377 |
| Austrian Development Agency (ADA), Austria | 143 | - | 2 | 141 | 137 |
| Austrian Development Agency (ADA), Austria | 112 | - | - | 112 | 196 |
| Cornell University, USA | 517 | 95 | - | 612 | 668 |
| International Center for Agricultural Research in the Dry Areas (ICARDA) | 48 | 25 | - | 73 | 2 |
| International Livestock Research Institute (ILRI) | 800 | 62 | - | 862 | 1,742 |
| Subtotal Window 3 Portfolio | 39,258 | 387 | 16,882 | 22,763 | 32,191 |
| C. CGIAR Research Programs - Window 3 Non-Portfolio | | | | | |
| International Food Policy Research Institute (IFPRI) | 451 | - | 29 | 422 | 402 |
| International Food Policy Research Institute (IFPRI) / International Center for Tropical Agriculture (CIAT) | 358 | 162 | - | 520 | 528 |
| CGIAR | 166 | - | 152 | 14 | 8 |
| International Livestock Research Institute (ILRI) | 32 | - | - | 32 | 96 |
| Subtotal Window 3 Non - Portfolio | 1,007 | 162 | 181 | 988 | 1,034 |

| Donor | Funds Available | Receivables from Donors | Deferred Revenue | Grant Revenue | |
|--|-----------------|-------------------------|------------------|---------------|------|
| | | | | 2018 | 2017 |
| D. CGIAR Research Programs - Bilateral: Portfolio | | | | | |
| Australian Centre for International Agricultural Research (ACIAR) | 228 | 34 | - | 262 | 197 |
| Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organisation (CSIRO) | 17 | - | 16 | 1 | - |
| Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade-DFAT) thru AECOM Services Private Limited, Australia | 35 | 106 | - | 141 | 4 |
| Bangladesh Rice Research Institute (BRRI), Bangladesh | 72 | - | - | 72 | 99 |
| Queensland University of Technology, Australia | 9 | 12 | - | 21 | 26 |
| University Catholique de Louvain - UCL | 7 | 8 | - | 15 | 14 |
| Deutsche Gesellschaft für Internationale Zusammenarbeit (GIZ), Germany | 400 | 369 | 83 | 686 | 427 |
| Environment Protection, Training and Research Institute (EPTRI), Govt. of Telangana, India | 20 | 3 | - | 23 | 64 |
| Jindal South West Foundation | 745 | - | 408 | 337 | 232 |
| Rural Electrification Corporation Limited (RECL), India | - | 124 | - | 124 | 431 |
| Biotech Consortium India Limited | 4 | - | - | 4 | 6 |
| Council of Scientific and Industrial Research (CSIR), India | 3 | 1 | - | 4 | 6 |
| Department of Agriculture & Cooperation, India | 73 | - | 18 | 55 | 113 |
| Department of Agriculture, Cooperation & Farmers Welfare, India | 1,091 | - | 481 | 610 | 103 |
| Department of Biotechnology, India | 372 | 48 | 152 | 268 | 297 |
| Department of Science & Technology, India | 524 | 9 | 248 | 285 | 41 |
| Department of Science and Technology (thru Science and Engineering Research Board (SERB), India | 367 | 13 | 125 | 255 | 145 |
| Department of Rural Development, District Rural Development Agency (DRDA), Government of Telangana | 40 | 7 | - | 47 | - |
| TRICOR, Government of Telangana | 132 | 30 | - | 162 | 25 |
| Department of Tribal Welfare, Govt. of Telangana | - | - | - | - | - |
| Global Innovation & Technology Alliance, India | - | 43 | - | 43 | 20 |
| Government of Karnataka, India | 1,958 | 146 | 900 | 1,204 | 932 |
| Government of Odisha, India | 490 | 59 | - | 549 | 785 |
| ICAR thru NASF | 86 | 24 | 42 | 68 | 26 |
| ICRAF | 142 | 119 | - | 261 | 137 |
| ICRISAT | 98 | - | - | 98 | - |
| IKP Knowledge Park, Telangana, India | 111 | - | 58 | 53 | 35 |
| Indo-US Joint Clean energy Research and Development Center (JCERDC), thru IICT, India | - | 2 | - | 2 | 50 |
| Ministry of External Affairs, Government of India | 75 | 21 | - | 96 | 124 |
| Ministry of Earth Sciences (MoES), Government of India thru Indian Institute of Tropical Meteorology (IITM), Pune, India | 193 | - | 184 | 9 | - |
| Ministry of Tribal Affairs, Govt. of India | 17 | - | 2 | 15 | - |
| National Agricultural Innovation Fund (NAIF) | 34 | 4 | - | 38 | 40 |
| The OPEC Fund for International Development (OFID) | 300 | 55 | - | 355 | - |
| Seed Companies (Appendix 3) | 459 | 354 | 14 | 799 | 722 |

| Donor | Funds Available | Receivables from Donors | Deferred Revenue | Grant Revenue | |
|---|-----------------|-------------------------|------------------|---------------|-------|
| | | | | 2018 | 2017 |
| Society for Elimination of Rural Poverty, Department of Rural Development, Govt. of Andhra Pradesh, India | 108 | - | 2 | 106 | - |
| Irish Aid, Ireland | 2,960 | - | 1,438 | 1,522 | 1,482 |
| FAO, Italy | 65 | - | - | 65 | - |
| FAO, Nigeria | 65 | - | - | 65 | 42 |
| Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO) | 22 | 10 | - | 32 | - |
| FAO, Nigeria | 48 | 29 | 24 | 53 | - |
| FAO, Ghana | 76 | - | 30 | 46 | 2 |
| The Global Crop Diversity Trust (GCDT) | 1,583 | 92 | 55 | 1,620 | 1,122 |
| Earthnote Co. Ltd | - | 46 | - | 46 | 30 |
| EU-Malawi | 425 | 119 | - | 544 | 429 |
| African Development Bank thru IITA | 1,900 | 100 | 802 | 1,198 | 841 |
| BMZ-GIZ thru CIP | 169 | - | 149 | 20 | |
| Oxford Policy Management | 11 | - | 3 | 8 | 3 |
| The University Court of the University of Edinburgh, Schotland | 27 | 7 | - | 34 | - |
| University of Cambridge, UK | 209 | - | 84 | 125 | - |
| DFID thru Blumont International | 162 | - | 15 | 147 | - |
| Catholic Relief Services (CRS) | 50 | - | - | 50 | 251 |
| Donald Danforth Plant Science Center | 378 | - | 65 | 313 | 237 |
| Kansas State University, USA | 71 | - | 10 | 61 | 50 |
| MARS, USA | 908 | - | 587 | 321 | 299 |
| McKnight Foundation | 642 | - | 34 | 608 | 702 |
| McKnight Foundation thru Compatible Technology International (CTI), USA | 37 | - | 12 | 25 | - |
| SPACEBELL,SA (SPB) Belgium | 93 | - | 21 | 72 | 7 |
| SFF/ICRISAT Endowment | 131 | - | - | 131 | 83 |
| The Regents of the University of California | 153 | - | 27 | 126 | 244 |
| The Regents of the University of California, Davis | 17 | 9 | - | 26 | - |
| The University of Georgia Research Foundation Inc. | - | 135 | - | 135 | 261 |
| University of California, USA | - | - | - | - | - |
| University of Georgia, USA | - | 16 | - | 16 | 3 |
| University of Florida, USA | 74 | 199 | - | 273 | - |
| Walmart Foundation, USA | 1,971 | - | 1,644 | 327 | - |
| University of Wageningen, The Netherlands | 33 | - | 8 | 25 | 25 |
| EU-Niger | 1,137 | - | 363 | 774 | 795 |
| Agriculture Sensible aux risques Climatiques (PASEC), Niger | 137 | - | 16 | 121 | - |
| "Conseil Ouest et Centre African pour la Recherche et le Development Agricoles/ | 61 | - | 36 | 25 | - |
| West and Central African Council for Agricultural Research and Development (CORAF/WECARD)" | | | | | |
| CARE International, Zimbabwe | 347 | 358 | - | 705 | 612 |
| CARE International, Mali | 80 | - | 76 | 4 | - |

| Donor | Funds Available | Receivables from Donors | Deferred Revenue | Grant Revenue | |
|---|-----------------|-------------------------|------------------|---------------|---------------|
| | | | | 2018 | 2017 |
| Swedish University of Agricultural Sciences , Sweden | 56 | 19 | - | 75 | 46 |
| IWMI | 73 | - | 25 | 48 | 44 |
| IRD-DFID | 24 | - | - | 24 | 100 |
| Michigan State University , USA thru IITA | - | 23 | - | 23 | 80 |
| National Institute of Agricultural Science of the Rural Development Administration(NAS, RDA), the Republic of Korea | 84 | - | 69 | 15 | 16 |
| Norwegian Development Fund (NDF) , Norway | 119 | - | 45 | 74 | - |
| START International, Inc. | 119 | 25 | - | 144 | 104 |
| Practical Action, Zimbabwe | 27 | - | - | 27 | 60 |
| Tata-Cornell Institute of Agricultural and Nutrition, Cornell University, USA | 77 | - | 5 | 72 | - |
| University of Saskatchewan, Canada | 39 | 8 | - | 47 | 63 |
| UNIVERSITAT POMPEU FABRA, Spain | 13 | - | 13 | - | - |
| Federal Department of Foreign Affairs (FDFA), Swiss Agency for Development and Cooperation (SDC) | 396 | - | 358 | 38 | - |
| Welthungerhilfe, Zimbabwe | 102 | 7 | - | 109 | 238 |
| Deutsche Welthungerhilfe, Zimbabwe | - | 32 | - | 32 | - |
| World Vision International Zimbabwe | 66 | 43 | - | 109 | 186 |
| Subtotal Bilateral Portfolio | 23,447 | 2,868 | 8,747 | 17,568 | 13,558 |
| E. CGIAR Research Programs - Bilateral: Non-Portfolio | | | | | |
| AP State Skill Development Corporation [APSSDC], Govt. of Andhra Pradesh, India | 31 | 14 | - | 45 | 6 |
| Department of Biotechnology, India | 11 | - | 11 | - | 331 |
| Department of Science and Technology (thru Science and Engineering Research Board (SERB), India | 33 | - | 7 | 26 | 10 |
| Government of Odisha, India | 386 | - | 31 | 355 | - |
| Food and Agriculture Organisation of the United Nations | 8 | 2 | - | 10 | - |
| FAO, Nigeria | 35 | - | 7 | 28 | - |
| Adam Smith International | 23 | - | 23 | - | 82 |
| GIZ, Germany | 141 | - | 73 | 68 | - |
| Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation thru The University of Nottingham | 50 | 15 | - | 65 | - |
| Catholic Relief Services (CRS) - Malawi | - | - | - | - | 35 |
| IFPRI | - | - | - | - | 15 |
| USA | 134 | - | 103 | 31 | 7 |
| Coordinamento delle Organization per il Servizio Volontario (COSV) | - | 3 | - | 3 | - |
| Practical Action, Zimbabwe | 56 | - | 14 | 42 | - |
| Zimbabwe Agricultural Development Trust (ZADT), Zimbabwe | 42 | 18 | - | 60 | 29 |
| Subtotal Bilateral Non Portfolio | 950 | 52 | 269 | 733 | 515 |
| Total Bilateral | 24,397 | 2,920 | 9,016 | 18,301 | 14,073 |

| Donor | Funds Available | Receivables from Donors | Deferred Revenue | Grant Revenue | |
|--|-----------------|-------------------------|------------------|---------------|---------------|
| | | | | 2018 | 2017 |
| F. Bilateral - Others : | | | | | |
| PEAT, GmbH, Germany | 64 | 8 | - | 72 | 52 |
| Asian Paints Limited | 313 | - | 76 | 237 | 435 |
| Biotechnology Industry Research Assistance Council (BIRAC), India | 475 | 11 | - | 486 | 22 |
| Central India Initiative (CInI), India | 45 | 2 | - | 47 | 51 |
| Department of Biotechnology, India | 128 | 51 | 1 | 178 | 92 |
| Department of Health and Family Welfare, Government of Telangana | 123 | - | - | 123 | 206 |
| Government of Andhra Pradesh, India | 249 | - | 99 | 150 | 886 |
| Government of Karnataka, India | 3,020 | - | 1,079 | 1,941 | - |
| Government of Odisha, India | 178 | 72 | 3 | 247 | 320 |
| Himmothan Society, India | 31 | 10 | - | 41 | 43 |
| Jindal South West Foundation | 815 | - | 547 | 268 | 181 |
| Mahindra & Mahindra Ltd | 40 | - | - | 40 | - |
| Ministry of Earth Sciences, Government of India | 7 | 8 | - | 15 | 24 |
| Ministry of Micro, Small & Medium Enterprises (MSME) , India | 6 | 19 | - | 25 | 23 |
| NABARD, India | - | 8 | - | 8 | 20 |
| Navajbai Tata Trust, India | 34 | - | 2 | 32 | 47 |
| North East Initiative Development Agency, India | 20 | 21 | - | 41 | 30 |
| Power Grid Corporation of India Limited | 833 | - | 230 | 603 | 441 |
| SAB Miller India | 49 | - | 20 | 29 | |
| Science & Engineering Research Board, DST, Govt. of India | 22 | 1 | 3 | 20 | 16 |
| Tata Education and Development Trust, Mumbai | 20 | 66 | - | 85 | 83 |
| Ministry of Irrigation, Govt. of Telangana | - | - | - | - | - |
| Govt. of Uttar Pradesh, India | 447 | - | 156 | 286 | - |
| Rabobank Bank Foundation Employees Fund, The Netherlands | 4 | - | 4 | - | 6 |
| Sub total Bilateral Others | 6,923 | 277 | 2,220 | 4,974 | 2,978 |
| Total Bilateral | 31,320 | 3,197 | 11,236 | 23,275 | 17,051 |
| Grand total | 82,344 | 4,377 | 28,565 | 58,150 | 54,524 |
| D. Prior year receivables/Deferred Revenue of Closed Projects | 351 | 1,548 | 351 | - | 7,083 |
| Grand total (A+B+C+D) | 82,695 | 5,925 | 28,916 | 58,150 | 61,607 |
| Grand total (I+II) | 82,731 | 5,984 | 28,916 | 58,245 | 61,782 |

Schedule II

International Crops Research Institute for the Semi-Arid Tropics
Restricted Grant Revenues For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

(All amounts in thousands of United States Dollars)

| Donor | Program/Project | Start Date | End Date | Grant Pledged | Cumulative to 2017 | Expenditure 2018 | Total |
|--|---|------------|-------------|---------------|--------------------|------------------|---------------|
| A. Windows 1 & 2 | | | | | | | |
| A.1. Windows 1 & 2 with PPA - Portfolio | | | | | | | |
| CGIAR | - CRP on Grain Legumes and Dryland Cereals | 1-Jan-2018 | 31-Dec-2018 | 7,930 | - | 6,927 | 6,927 |
| CGIAR | - CRP for Genebanks (GCDT thru Bioversity) | 1-Jan-2011 | 31-Dec-2018 | 18,297 | 15,325 | 2,197 | 17,522 |
| CGIAR Subtotal | | | | 26,227 | 15,325 | 9,124 | 24,449 |
| CIAT | - CRP on Climate Change, Agriculture and Food Security | 1-Jan-2011 | 31-Dec-2018 | 10,928 | 10,489 | 439 | 10,928 |
| CIAT | - West Africa Regional Program Leader of the CGIAR Program on Climate Change, Agriculture and Food Security (CCAFS) | 1-Jan-2011 | 31-Dec-2018 | 10,206 | 9,218 | 868 | 10,086 |
| CIAT | - Implementing the CGIAR Platform: Big Data in Agriculture - Modules 2017 and 2018 | 1-Jan-2017 | 31-Dec-2018 | 214 | 93 | 87 | 180 |
| CIAT | - Development of System Modelling Platform to Guide Agro-ecosystem Specific Interventions to Enhance Post-rainy Sorghum Production in India | 1-Jan-2018 | 31-Dec-2020 | 24 | - | 24 | 24 |
| CIAT Subtotal | | | | 21,372 | 19,800 | 1,418 | 21,218 |
| ICARDA | - CRP on Dryland Systems | 1-Jan-2012 | 31-Dec-2016 | 11,336 | 11,336 | - | 11,336 |
| IFPRI | - CRP Policies, Institutions and Markets | 1-Jan-2012 | 31-Dec-2018 | 6,000 | 5,909 | 91 | 6,000 |
| IFPRI | - CRP on Agriculture for Nutrition and Health | 1-Jan-2012 | 31-Dec-2016 | 3,569 | 3,569 | - | 3,569 |
| IFPRI Subtotal | | | | 9,569 | 9,478 | 91 | 9,569 |
| IWMI | - CRP on Water, Land and Ecosystems | 1-Jan-2012 | 31-Dec-2018 | 4,882 | 4,466 | 416 | 4,882 |
| Subtotal - Window 1 & 2 with PPA | | | | 73,386 | 60,405 | 11,049 | 71,454 |

| Donor | Program/Project | Start Date | End Date | Grant Pledged | Cumulative to 2017 | Expenditure 2018 | Total |
|--|--|-------------|-------------|---------------|--------------------|------------------|---------------|
| A.2. Windows 1 & 2 without PPA | | | | | | | |
| Sub-Contracts: | | | | | | | |
| CGIAR Consortium | - Gender Postdoctoral Fellowship - Dryland Cereals | 23-Mar-2015 | 28-Feb-2019 | 167 | 75 | 61 | 136 |
| CGIAR Consortium | - Gender Postdoctoral Fellowship - Grain Legumes | 23-Mar-2015 | 31-Mar-2018 | 167 | 153 | 14 | 167 |
| CGIAR Subtotal | | | | 334 | 228 | 75 | 303 |
| Subtotal - Window 1 & 2 without PPA | | | | 334 | 228 | 75 | 303 |
| Total Window 1 & 2 | | | | 73,720 | 60,633 | 11,124 | 71,757 |
| B. CGIAR Research Programs - Window 3 - Portfolio | | | | | | | |
| CGIAR | - Climate Information Services for Increased Resilience and Productivity in Senegal (CINSERE - Senegal) (USAID) | 20-Apr-2016 | 31-Dec-2019 | 3,538 | 1,365 | 737 | 2,102 |
| CGIAR | - Tropical Legumes III - Improving Livelihoods for Smallholder Farmers: Enhanced Grain Legume Productivity and Production in Sub-Saharan Africa and South Asia (Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation (BMGF), USA) | 23-Apr-2015 | 31-Jul-2019 | 25,026 | 15,887 | 6,289 | 22,176 |
| CGIAR | - Harnessing Opportunities for Productivity Enhancement (HOPE) of Sorghum and Millets in Sub-Saharan Africa Phase 2 (Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation (BMGF), USA) | 12-Nov-2015 | 31-Dec-2020 | 15,000 | 4,425 | 3,329 | 7,754 |
| CGIAR | - Shared Industrial-scale Low-density SNP Genotyping for CGIAR and Partner Breeding Programs Serving SSA and SA (Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation (BMGF), USA) | 12-Nov-2015 | 31-Dec-2019 | 3,998 | 1,991 | 798 | 2,789 |

| Donor | Program/Project | Start Date | End Date | Grant Pledged | Cumulative to 2017 | Expenditure 2018 | Total |
|-------|---|-------------|-------------|---------------|--------------------|------------------|--------|
| CGIAR | - Accelerated varietal improvement and seed delivery of legumes and cereals in Africa (AVISA) - (Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation) | 16-Oct-2018 | 31-Oct-2022 | 29,934 | | - | - |
| CGIAR | - Training Programs for Chinese Young Scientists (China) | 1-Jan-2011 | 31-Dec-2019 | 170 | 107 | 23 | 130 |
| CGIAR | - Supporting Collaborative Projects in China (China) | 1-Jan-2011 | 31-Dec-2019 | 351 | 274 | 30 | 304 |
| CGIAR | - Supporting the Groundnut Bacterial Wilt working Group (China) | 1-Jan-2018 | 31-Dec-2019 | 60 | - | - | - |
| CGIAR | - Implementing the Activities under the Strategy and Results Framework (SRF) (India) | 1-Apr-2012 | 31-Dec-2018 | 5,205 | 4,080 | 1,125 | 5,205 |
| CGIAR | - US - CGIAR Linkage Program (USAID) - CRP - Grain Legumes | 1-Oct-2012 | 31-Dec-2017 | 480 | 449 | - | 449 |
| CGIAR | - US - CGIAR Linkage Program (USAID) - CRP - Dryland Cereals | 1-Oct-2012 | 30-Jun-2017 | 440 | 436 | - | 436 |
| CGIAR | - PPP in Large-scale Diffusion of Technologies for Sorghum and Millet Systems in Mali (ARDT-SMS) (USAID - thru World Bank) | 1-May-2015 | 30-Apr-2019 | 250 | 40 | 85 | 125 |
| CGIAR | - Large-scale Diffusion of Technologies for Sorghum and Millet Systems in Mali (ARDT-SMS) (USAID - thru World Bank) | 11-Apr-2014 | 10-Apr-2020 | 18,125 | 11,115 | 3,572 | 14,687 |
| CGIAR | - Reseeding Malawi's Smallholder Agriculture (USAID) | 1-Dec-2014 | 30-Sep-2018 | 15,953 | 10,281 | 2,144 | 12,425 |
| CGIAR | - Scaling up Groundnut Technology Diffusion (USAID) | 1-Nov-2014 | 30-Jun-2019 | 7,815 | 6,225 | 1,073 | 7,298 |
| CGIAR | - Genetic Improvement in Groundnut, Chickpea and Pigeonpea (USAID) | 1-Jan-2015 | 31-Dec-2018 | 3,850 | 3,350 | 500 | 3,850 |

| Donor | Program/Project | Start Date | End Date | Grant Pledged | Cumulative to 2017 | Expenditure 2018 | Total |
|--|---|-------------|-------------|----------------|--------------------|------------------|---------------|
| CGIAR | - Crops to End Hunger Initiative (USAID) | 1-Jan-2018 | 31-Dec-2018 | 1,657 | - | 33 | 33 |
| CGIAR Subtotal | | | | 131,852 | 60,025 | 19,738 | 79,763 |
| IITA | - Sustainable Intensification of Key Farming Systems in the Sudano-Sahelian Zone of West Africa -(USAID) | 1-Jan-2012 | 30-Jun-2019 | 5,024 | 4,359 | 396 | 4,755 |
| IITA | - Intensification of Maize-Legume based Systems in the Semi-Arid Areas of Tanzania (Kongwa and Kiteto Districts) to Increase Farm Productivity and Improve Farming Natural Resource Base - (USAID) | 1-Jan-2013 | 30-Sep-2018 | 2,920 | 2,671 | 77 | 2,748 |
| IITA Subtotal | | | | 7,944 | 7,030 | 473 | 7,503 |
| IFAD | - Strengthening Sorghum and Millet Value Chains for Food, Nutritional and Income Security in Arid and Semi-arid Lands of Kenya and United Republic of Tanzania (SOMNI) | 1-Sep-2016 | 31-Aug-2020 | 1,500 | 377 | 477 | 854 |
| Austrian Development Agency (ADA), Austria | - Food Legumes for Enhanced Food and Nutritional Security, Systems Productivity and Profitability of Smallholder Farmers in Ethiopia and Uganda | 1-Jul-2015 | 30-Sep-2018 | 572 | 429 | 141 | 570 |
| Austrian Development Agency (ADA), Austria | - Nudging Sustainability Transitions Using Innovation Platforms and Market-Oriented Development in Mozambique | 1-Jul-2015 | 30-Sep-2018 | 569 | 457 | 112 | 569 |
| Sub-Contracts: | | | | | | | |
| Cornell University, USA | - Delivering High-Density Genomics Breeder's Tools (Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation (BMGF), USA) | 21-Nov-2014 | 30-Oct-2020 | 2,530 | 1,135 | 612 | 1,747 |

| Donor | Program/Project | Start Date | End Date | Grant Pledged | Cumulative to 2017 | Expenditure 2018 | Total |
|--|---|-------------|-------------|----------------|--------------------|------------------|---------------|
| ICARDA | - Sudan Initiative: Increased Effectiveness of Agro-Pastoral Management , and Sustainable Intensification of Wheat-Legume Systems | 1-Mar-2017 | 31-May-2018 | 75 | 2 | 73 | 75 |
| IITA | - Transforming Key Production Systems: Maize Mixed East and Southern Africa - for the Sub-project - Africa Rising Going to Scale in the Eastern Province of Zambia - Theme 1 (Improving Legume Seed Delivery Systems) (USAID) | 1-Nov-2015 | 31-Jul-2018 | 233 | 146 | 87 | 233 |
| IITA | - Feed the Future Mozambique Improve Seeds for Better Agriculture (SEMEAR) (USAID) | 1-Nov-2015 | 30-Sep-2019 | 1,377 | 1,007 | 188 | 1,195 |
| IITA Subtotal | | | | 1,610 | 1,153 | 275 | 1,428 |
| ILRI | - Feed the Future-Accelerated Value Chains Development Program (FtF AVCD) {USAID} | 1-Oct-2015 | 30-Sep-2018 | 4,678 | 3,617 | 839 | 4,456 |
| ILRI | - Mobile and web-based platform to record, manage and track | 16-Apr-2018 | 15-Oct-2018 | 23 | | 23 | 23 |
| ILRI Subtotal | | | | 4,701 | 3,617 | 862 | 4,479 |
| Subtotal Window 3 Portfolio | | | | 151,353 | 74,225 | 22,763 | 96,988 |
| C. CGIAR Research Programs - Window 3 Non-Portfolio | | | | | | | |
| Sub-Contracts: | | | | | | | |
| IFPRI | - Genetically Enhanced Pearl Millet with High Grain Iron Density for Improved Human Nutrition in India-HarvestPlus Phase II | 1-Jan-2017 | 31-Dec-2018 | 943 | 402 | 422 | 824 |
| IFPRI/CIAT | - Partnership-based Genetic Enhancement of Pearl Millet for High Grain Iron Density and Improved Human Nutrition in India - HarvestPlus Phase II | 1-Jan-2009 | 31-Dec-2018 | 1,681 | 1,518 | 131 | 1,649 |

| Donor | Program/Project | Start Date | End Date | Grant Pledged | Cumulative to 2017 | Expenditure 2018 | Total |
|--|---|------------|-------------|---------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------|
| IFPRI/CIAT | - Identification of Micronutrients - Dense-Sorghums for Better Health in India - HarvestPlus Phase II | 1-Jan-2010 | 31-Dec-2018 | 805 | 705 | 100 | 805 |
| IFPRI/CIAT | - Identification of Micronutrients- Dense-Sorghums for Better Health in Western and Central Africa (WCA) - HarvestPlus Phase II | 1-Jan-2016 | 31-May-2019 | 320 | 193 | 80 | 273 |
| IFPRI/CIAT | - Genetically Enhanced Pearl Millet with High Grain Iron Density for Improved Human Nutrition in West and Central Africa | 1-Dec-2014 | 31-Mar-2019 | 869 | 623 | 209 | 832 |
| IFPRI Subtotal | | | | 4,618 | 3,441 | 942 | 4,383 |
| CGIAR | - Establishment of CAAS-ICRISAT-ICARDA Joint Centre of Excellence for Dry Land Agriculture (China) | 1-Jan-2007 | 31-Dec-2019 | 250 | 84 | 14 | 98 |
| CGIAR Subtotal | | | | 250 | 84 | 14 | 98 |
| ILRI | - Scaling Niche-Specific Input Delivery Systems in the Ethiopian Hihglands (Niches) | 1-Apr-2017 | 31-Mar-2018 | 128 | 96 | 32 | 128 |
| ILRI Subtotal | | | | 128 | 96 | 32 | 128 |
| | | | | | | | |
| Subtotal Window 3 Non-Portfolio | | | | 4,996 | 3,621 | 988 | 4,609 |
| | | | | | | | |
| D. CGIAR Research Programs - Bilateral: Portfolio | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| ACIAR, Australia | - Trasnforming Smallholder Irrigation into Profitable and Self -Sustaining Systems in southern Africa | 1-Aug-2017 | 15-Jun-2021 | 486 | 39 | 161 | 200 |
| ACIAR, Australia | - Improving Post-rainy Sorghum Varieties to Meet the Growing Grain and Fodder Demand in India - Phase 2 | 1-Aug-2013 | 31-Jul-2018 | 481 | 456 | 25 | 481 |

| Donor | Program/Project | Start Date | End Date | Grant Pledged | Cumulative to 2017 | Expenditure 2018 | Total |
|---|--|-------------|-------------|---------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------|
| ACIAR, Australia | - Increasing Productivity of Legume-Based Farming Systems in the Central Dry Zone of Myanmar Project | 1-Jul-2013 | 30-Jun-2018 | 402 | 326 | 76 | 402 |
| ACIAR, Australia | | | | 1,369 | 821 | 262 | 1,083 |
| Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organisation (CSIRO) | - Directed search for broad spectrum disease resistance alleles in cereals (Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation) | 15-Jan-2018 | 30-Oct-2019 | 21 | - | 1 | 1 |
| Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade (DFAT) thru AECOM Services Private Limited, Australia | - Initial support to LAUNCH Food Innovators - Smart Foods Myanmar and Tanzania | 6-Dec-2017 | 31-Dec-2018 | 145 | 4 | 141 | 145 |
| Bangladesh Rice Research Institute (BRRI), Bangladesh | - To Facilitate Procurement Deployment and Training on Various Automation Data Collection Solutions for BRRI - (Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation funded) | 15-Jun-2017 | 31-Aug-2018 | 171 | 99 | 72 | 171 |
| Queensland University of Technology, Australia | - Managing Organic Amendments to Reduce Greenhouse GAS Emission and Supplement Fertilizer Nitrogen Inputs in Tropical Indian and Sri Lankan Agricultural Soils | 1-Jul-2016 | 30-Jun-2018 | 47 | 26 | 21 | 47 |
| University Catholique de Louvain - UCL | - Sentinel to Agriculture (SEN2 - AGRI) | 1-Apr-2016 | 30-Sep-2018 | 63 | 48 | 15 | 63 |
| GIZ, Germany | - Genebank Activities for 2018 | 1-Jan-2018 | 28-Feb-2019 | 401 | | 246 | 246 |
| GIZ, Germany | - Soil Protection and Rehabilitation for Food Security | 1-Nov-2015 | 31-Mar-2018 | 543 | 471 | 36 | 507 |
| GIZ, Germany | - SDR-ASRP Soil Protection and Rehabilitation for Food Security | 20-Nov-2017 | 30-Jun-2019 | 233 | 26 | 150 | 176 |

| Donor | Program/Project | Start Date | End Date | Grant Pledged | Cumulative to 2017 | Expenditure 2018 | Total |
|--|---|-------------|-------------|---------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------|
| GIZ, Germany | - Global programme soil protection – contribution to Pro Soil MOOC | 1-Jan-2018 | 30-Nov-2018 | 18 | - | 17 | 17 |
| GIZ, Germany | - Facilitating change in soil fertility management | 1-Mar-2018 | 28-Feb-2021 | 352 | - | 140 | 140 |
| GIZ, Germany | - Farming System-specific Biofortification for Increased Yield and Improved Human Nutrition in the Ethiopian Highlands | 1-Jul-2018 | 30-Jun-2020 | 286 | - | 4 | 4 |
| GIZ, Germany | - "Bringing the Benefits of Heterosis to Smallholder Sorghum and Pearl Millet Farmers in West Africa: Establishing a Solid Foundation for Hybrid Development" | 1-Apr-2014 | 31-Mar-2018 | 1,417 | 1,323 | 93 | 1,416 |
| GIZ, Germany | | | | 3,250 | 1,820 | 686 | 2,506 |
| Environment Protection, Training and Research Institute (EPTRI), Govt. of Telangana, India | - Resilient Agricultural Households through Adaptation to Climate Change in Mahabubnagar District, Telangana | 1-Apr-2016 | 31-Mar-2020 | 149 | 87 | 23 | 110 |
| Jindal South West Foundation | - Improving Rural Livelihoods in Benchmark thru Integrated Watershed Management in Selected Villages of Bellary District in Karnataka, India | 1-Apr-2013 | 30-Sep-2018 | 1,759 | 1,015 | 337 | 1,352 |
| Rural Electrification Corporation Limited (RECL), India | - Farmer-centric Integrated Watershed Management for Improving Rural Livelihoods | 29-May-2014 | 28-May-2019 | 3,270 | 1,235 | 124 | 1,359 |
| Biotech Consortium India Limited | - Fellowship Grant for Ms. Lingampali Shiva Bhargavi - DBT-JRF | 15-Sep-2015 | 30-Sep-2018 | 19 | 14 | 4 | 18 |
| Council of Scientific and Industrial Research (CSIR), India | - Identification of Genes in QTL-hotspot Region for Drought Tolerance in Chickpea (<i>Cicer arietinum</i> L) | 3-May-2016 | 2-May-2018 | 12 | 11 | 1 | 12 |

| Donor | Program/Project | Start Date | End Date | Grant Pledged | Cumulative to 2017 | Expenditure 2018 | Total |
|--|---|------------|-------------|---------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------|
| Council of Scientific and Industrial Research (CSIR), India | - Junior Research Fellowship to Mr Rutwik Ketan Barmukh | 1-Jan-2018 | 31-Dec-2019 | 5 | | 3 | 3 |
| Council of Scientific and Industrial Research (CSIR), India | | | | 17 | 11 | 4 | 15 |
| Department of Agriculture & Cooperation, India | - Developing Chickpea Cultivars Suited to Mechanical Harvesting and Tolerant to Herbicides | 1-Sep-2013 | 31-Mar-2019 | 1,231 | 1,075 | - | 1,075 |
| Department of Agriculture & Cooperation, India | - Addressing Phytophthora Blight Disease: an Emerging Threat to Pigeonpea Expansion and Production | 1-Apr-2013 | 31-Mar-2018 | 610 | 516 | 55 | 571 |
| Department of Agriculture & Cooperation, India | | | | 1,841 | 1,591 | 55 | 1,646 |
| Department of Agriculture, Cooperation & Farmers Welfare, India | - Commercialization of High Oleic and High Oil Groundnut Varieties Meets Demand from Food Industry and Export Market to Enhance Profitability of Groundnut Cultivation in India. | 1-Apr-2017 | 31-Mar-2018 | 64 | 49 | 15 | 64 |
| Department of Agriculture, Cooperation & Farmers Welfare, India | - Delivering More Produce and Income to Farmers through Enhancing Genetic Gains for Chickpea and Pigeonpea" Funded under NFSM-reg. | 2-Jun-2017 | 31-May-2020 | 1,287 | 54 | 283 | 337 |
| Department of Agriculture Cooperation & Farmers Welfare, Govt. of India | - Scaling-up and Popularization of High Yielding Pigeonpea Hybrids for Enhancing Productivity of Small & Marginal Farmers of Maharashtra, Karnataka, Telangana, Andhra Pradesh and Odisha States of India | 1-Apr-2018 | 31-Mar-2019 | 946 | - | 312 | 312 |
| Department of Agriculture Cooperation & Farmers Welfare, Govt. of India | | | | 2,297 | 103 | 610 | 713 |

| Donor | Program/Project | Start Date | End Date | Grant Pledged | Cumulative to 2017 | Expenditure 2018 | Total |
|---|---|-------------|-------------|---------------|--------------------|------------------|------------|
| Department of Biotechnology, India | - Fellowship for Mr Y Shashidhar under DBT-JRF Programme in Biotechnology and Applied Biology. | 24-Sep-2013 | 30-Jun-2018 | 27 | 24 | 3 | 27 |
| Department of Biotechnology, India | - Commercialization of Sweet Sorghum as a Complimentary Feedstock for Ethanol Production in the sugar mills of Maharashtra, Tamil Nadu and Gujarat | 31-Mar-2015 | 30-Mar-2018 | 113 | 113 | - | 113 |
| Department of Biotechnology, India | - Cambridge-India Network for Translational Research in Nitrogen | 9-Jun-2016 | 31-Dec-2019 | 485 | 211 | 149 | 360 |
| Department of Biotechnology, India | - Improving Chickpea Adaptation to Environmental Challenges in Australia and India | 6-Jan-2017 | 5-Jan-2020 | 258 | 61 | 70 | 131 |
| Department of Biotechnology, India | - Discovery of missing components of gene regulatory network underlying C4 pathway/anatomy for translational research - Ramalingaswami Re-Entry Fellowship 2015-16 - Dr Vivek Thakur | 5-Jan-2017 | 4-Jan-2022 | 125 | 28 | 19 | 47 |
| Department of Biotechnology, India | - Genome-wide Epigenetic Profiling of Pigeonpea Parental Lines and thereof Derived Hybrids for Understanding Molecular Basis of Heterosis | 8-Aug-2017 | 7-Aug-2020 | 61 | 12 | 21 | 33 |
| Department of Biotechnology, India | - DBT-JRF Fellowship Grant for Ms. Kaniganti Sirisha | 11-Sep-2017 | 31-Mar-2019 | 9 | - | 6 | 6 |
| Newton Bhabha Fund-BBSRC thru University of Edinburgh/ DBT, India | - A strategy to exploit genomic selection for achieving higher genetic gains in groundnut | 5-Oct-2018 | 4-Oct-2021 | 214 | - | - | - |
| Department of Biotechnology, India | | | | 1,292 | 449 | 268 | 717 |

| Donor | Program/Project | Start Date | End Date | Grant Pledged | Cumulative to 2017 | Expenditure 2018 | Total |
|---|--|-------------|-------------|---------------|--------------------|------------------|-------|
| Department of Science & Technology, India | - Understanding the Drought Tolerance Mechanism in Chickpea using Epigenetics (INSPIRE) - Faculty Award for Dr Manish Roorkiwal | 30-Apr-2015 | 29-Apr-2020 | 55 | 25 | 10 | 35 |
| Department of Science and Technology, India | - Unraveling the Effect of Elevated Carbon-dioxide Mediated Abiotic Stress in Chickpea Transcriptome (WOS A Project) | 18-Apr-2016 | 17-Apr-2019 | 47 | 22 | 17 | 39 |
| Department of Science and Technology | - Nutritional and Nutraceutical Properties of Cereal and Legume-based Traditional Foods from India and South Africa and their Role in Addressing Malnutrition, Hidden Hunger and Chronic Non-communicable Diseases | 28-Feb-2017 | 27-Feb-2020 | 60 | 16 | 18 | 34 |
| Department of Science and Technology, India | - DST-ICRISAT Center of Excellence on Climate Change Research for Plant Protection (CoE-CCRPP): Pest and disease management for climate change adaptation | 1-Apr-2018 | 31-Mar-2023 | 1,045 | - | 235 | 235 |
| Department of Science and Technology, India | - Root hydraulics: Towards answering the recent global question on root functionality and possible use in crop improvement programs - German Academic Exchange Service (DAAD) | 26-Jun-2018 | 25-Jun-2020 | 14 | - | 5 | 5 |
| Department of Science and Technology, India | - Dr Alice Kujur - INSPIRE Faculty Fellowship - Genome-wide dissection of vital metabolic-quantitative trait loci for developing nutrient-rich cultivars of chickpea | 1-Aug-2018 | 31-Jul-2019 | 135 | - | - | - |

| Donor | Program/Project | Start Date | End Date | Grant Pledged | Cumulative to 2017 | Expenditure 2018 | Total |
|--|---|-------------|-------------|---------------|--------------------|------------------|------------|
| Department of Science and Technology, India | - Mapping of IPRs and its management in academic/research institutions: A study on agricultural research sector in India | 23-Aug-2018 | 22-Aug-2021 | 33 | - | - | - |
| Department of Science and Technology, India | - Integrated 'Omics' approach for combating Fusarium wilt and sterility mosaic disease, two most dreaded diseases of pigeonpea (<i>Cajanus cajan</i>) | 29-Aug-2018 | 28-Aug-2021 | 45 | - | - | - |
| Department of Science and Technology, India | | | | 1,434 | 63 | 285 | 348 |
| Department of Science and Technology (thru Science and Engineering Research Board (SERB), India) | - Identification and Evaluation of Helicoverpa Armigera (Hubner) Induced Plant Volatiles in Cultigen and Wild Relatives of Pigeonpea for Increasing the Effectiveness of the Parasitoid Campoletis Chlorideae for Pest Management | 27-Nov-2015 | 26-Nov-2018 | 41 | 20 | 9 | 29 |
| Department of Science and Technology (thru Science and Engineering Research Board (SERB), India) | - Addressing the Collar Rot Disease (<i>Sclerotium rolfsii</i> Sacc), an Emerging Threat to Chickpea | 11-Jan-2016 | 6-Jan-2019 | 52 | 38 | 14 | 52 |
| Department of Science and Technology (thru Science and Engineering Research Board (SERB), India) | - An Insight of Actinobacteria and Nodulating Rhizobium Possessing 1-Aminocyclopropane-1-Carboxylate (ACC) Deaminase on Salinity Tolerance of Chickpea | 1-Apr-2016 | 31-Mar-2018 | 29 | 25 | 4 | 29 |
| Department of Science and Technology (thru Science and Engineering Research Board (SERB), India) | - Synthesis of Botrytis Gray Mold (BGM) Resistant Genepool following Introgression of Wild Cicer Species with Cultivated Chickpea | 26-Sep-2016 | 25-Aug-2019 | 84 | 36 | 24 | 60 |

| Donor | Program/Project | Start Date | End Date | Grant Pledged | Cumulative to 2017 | Expenditure 2018 | Total |
|---|--|-------------|-------------|---------------|--------------------|------------------|-------|
| Department of Science and Technology (thru Science and Engineering Research Board (SERB), India | - Identification of Candidate Genes and Development of Markers for Molecular Breeding of Early Flowering in Chickpea (<i>Cicer arietinum</i> L.) | 6-Feb-2017 | 5-Feb-2020 | 50 | 10 | 13 | 23 |
| Department of Science and Technology (thru Science and Engineering Research Board (SERB), India | - Genome Wide Association Studies for Nutritional Traits in Chickpea Using the 'Reference Set' (Dr Sarita Kumari Pandey) | 1-May-2017 | 30-Apr-2019 | 30 | 8 | 16 | 24 |
| Department of Science and Technology (thru Science and Engineering Research Board (SERB), India | - Genetic Characterization of Shoot fly Resistant and Drought Tolerant Traits, and Their Expression Profiling to Identify Putative Candidate Genes on Sorghum Chromosome SBI-10 Long arm | 15-Apr-2017 | 14-Apr-2019 | 47 | 8 | 16 | 24 |
| Department of Science and Technology (thru Science and Engineering Research Board (SERB), India | - Improving Sepection Efficiency for Drought Adaptation in Pearl Millet (<i>Pennisetum glaucum</i> (L) R Br) by Tracking Plant Canopy Traits Using Leasyscan | 3-Apr-2017 | 2-Apr-2019 | 29 | 12 | 14 | 26 |
| Department of Science and Technology (thru Science and Engineering Research Board (SERB), India | - National Post-Doctoral Fellowship to Dr Rakesh Kumar - A Functional Genomics Approach to Decipher Strategic Modification and Regulatory Mechanisms Involved in Drought Stress Avoidance in Groundnut | 3-Apr-2017 | 31-Mar-2019 | 30 | 9 | 15 | 24 |
| Department of Science and Technology (thru Science and Engineering Research Board (SERB), India | - Identification and Functional Validation of Genes Governing Sterility and Restoration in Pigeonpea (INSPIRE Fellowship to Ms Joorie Bhattacharya) | 9-Jun-2017 | 8-Jun-2019 | 12 | 3 | 5 | 8 |

| Donor | Program/Project | Start Date | End Date | Grant Pledged | Cumulative to 2017 | Expenditure 2018 | Total |
|---|--|-------------|-------------|---------------|--------------------|------------------|-------|
| Department of Science and Technology (thru Science and Engineering Research Board (SERB), India | - Genetic Dissection and Identification of Quantitative Trait Loci for Heat Tolerance in Groundnut (<i>Arachis hypogaea</i> L.) - INSPIRE Fellowship to Mr Sunil Shiwaji Gangurde | 9-Jun-2017 | 8-Jun-2019 | 12 | 2 | 7 | 9 |
| Department of Science and Technology (thru Science and Engineering Research Board (SERB), India | - Characterisation of Stress Responsive NAC Genes from Wild Chickpea - National Post-Doctoral Fellowship - Dr Sadhana Singh | 24-May-2017 | 23-May-2019 | 26 | 4 | 15 | 19 |
| Department of Science and Technology (thru Science and Engineering Research Board (SERB), India | - Identification and Characterization of Candidate Genes Associated with Nitrogen Use Efficiency (NUE) in Sorghum (<i>Sorghum bicolor</i> (L.) Moench). Fellowship Grant for Dr Bollam Srikanth. | 27-Jun-2017 | 26-Jun-2019 | 29 | 6 | 16 | 22 |
| Department of Science and Technology (thru Science and Engineering Research Board (SERB), India | - Genetic Basis of Plant Architecture with Erect Leaf Angle towards Increasing Sorghum's radiation use Efficiency and Enhancing Yield with Increasing Planting Density, Using Leasy Scan-3D Imaging in Sorghum. Post-Doctoral Fellowship to Mrs Aparna Kakkera | 16-Jun-2017 | 15-Jun-2019 | 29 | 6 | 18 | 24 |
| Department of Science and Technology (thru Science and Engineering Research Board (SERB), India | - Validation of SNPs for Foliar Fungal Disease Resistance and High Oleic Trait for Selection Decisions in Groundnut Breeding - Gattu Swathi | 3-Apr-2018 | 2-Apr-2020 | 28 | - | 11 | 11 |
| Department of Science and Technology (thru Science and Engineering Research Board (SERB), India | - Isolation and characterization of antifungal protease inhibitors for biotic stress breeding in nutri-dense Pearl Millet: Fellowship to Dr M Swathi | 3-Apr-2018 | 2-Apr-2020 | 29 | - | 9 | 9 |

| Donor | Program/Project | Start Date | End Date | Grant Pledged | Cumulative to 2017 | Expenditure 2018 | Total |
|---|--|-------------|-------------|---------------|--------------------|------------------|-------|
| Department of Science and Technology (thru Science and Engineering Research Board (SERB), India | - National Post-Doctoral Fellowship to Dr V Sujay | 2-Apr-2018 | 1-Apr-2020 | 28 | - | 9 | 9 |
| Department of Science and Technology (thru Science and Engineering Research Board (SERB), India | - National Post-Doctoral Fellowship to Mr Madhu Pusuluri - Identification of novel genes/genomic regions for nitrogen use efficiency (NUE) in pearl millet | 18-Apr-2018 | 17-Apr-2020 | 28 | - | 8 | 8 |
| Department of Science and Technology (thru Science and Engineering Research Board (SERB), India | - National Post-Doctoral Fellowship - Ram Baran Singh - Development of Genome-wide SNP Array for Accelerating Genetic Studies and Molecular Breeding in Pearl Millet (<i>Pennisetum glaucum</i> (L.) | 2018 | 2020 | 29 | - | 7 | 7 |
| Department of Science and Technology (thru Science and Engineering Research Board (SERB), India | - National Post-Doctoral Fellowship to Dr Krithika Anbazhagan - Determining adaptability of mungbean (<i>Vigna radiata</i> (L.) R. Wilczek) varieties for drought environments using traits associated with architecture, water uptake, phenology and yield | 2-Apr-2018 | 1-Apr-2020 | 28 | - | 9 | 9 |
| Department of Science and Technology (thru Science and Engineering Research Board (SERB), India | - National Post-Doctoral Fellowship - Dr Sailaja Bhogireddy - Dynamics of Heat Induced DNA Methylation and Methylated Associated Genes in Chickpea Flower using Epigetic Approach | 2-Apr-2018 | 1-Apr-2020 | 29 | - | 8 | 8 |

| Donor | Program/Project | Start Date | End Date | Grant Pledged | Cumulative to 2017 | Expenditure 2018 | Total |
|--|--|-------------|-------------|---------------|--------------------|------------------|------------|
| Department of Science and Technology (thru Science and Engineering Research Board (SERB), India | - Dr Hima Bindu Kudapa - RNA-seq based transcriptome profiling for identification and validation of heat stress responsive genes in chickpea (<i>Cicer arietinum</i> L.) | 23-Jul-2018 | 17-Apr-2021 | 26 | - | 4 | 4 |
| Department of Science and Technology (thru Science and Engineering Research Board (SERB), India | - An integrated framework for exploring the water saving mechanism in pearl millet [<i>Pennisetum glaucum</i> (L.) R Br.]: An important cereal crop of semi-arid tropics | 23-Aug-2018 | 22-Aug-2021 | 46 | - | 4 | 4 |
| Department of Science and Technology (thru Science and Engineering Research Board (SERB), India | - JC Bose Fellowship to Dr Rajeev Kumar Varshney | 25-Oct-2018 | 24-Oct-2023 | 132 | - | - | - |
| Department of Science and Technology (thru Science and Engineering Research Board (SERB), India | | | | 903 | 187 | 255 | 442 |
| Department of Rural Development, District Rural Development Agency (DRDA), Government of Telangana | - Sustainable agricultural development through holistic value chain interventions and linking of groundnut farmers to markets in Wanaparthy District of Telangana - Establishment of Processing units to facilitate value addition opportunities for the farmers & SHGs | 1-Apr-2018 | 31-Mar-2019 | 61 | - | 47 | 47 |
| TRICOR, Government of Telangana | - Exposure Visits cum Technical Tours for Tribal Farmers of Telangana | 27-Oct-2017 | 26-Oct-2018 | 375 | 25 | 162 | 187 |
| Department of Tribal Welfare, Govt. of Telangana | - Nutritional interventions to improve dietary diversity in the tribal households of Telangana | 1-Sep-2018 | 31-Aug-2019 | 978 | - | - | - |

| Donor | Program/Project | Start Date | End Date | Grant Pledged | Cumulative to 2017 | Expenditure 2018 | Total |
|--|--|-------------|-------------|---------------|--------------------|------------------|-------|
| Global Innovation & Technology Alliance, India | - Development of Pearl Millet Hybrid Seeds and Novel Food Products: An Affordable Resource in the Prevention of Type 2 Diabetes | 1-Mar-2017 | 28-Feb-2019 | 165 | 20 | 43 | 63 |
| Government of Karnataka, India | - Strengthening Bhoochetana a Sustainable Agriculture Mission for Improved Livelihoods in Karnataka - Bhoochetana Phase II. | 1-Jun-2013 | 31-May-2018 | 3,383 | 2,401 | 749 | 3,150 |
| Government of Karnataka, India | - Genomics-assisted Breeding for High Yielding and Climate Resilient Pigeonpea Varieties/Hybrids and Promotion of Best Suitable Cultivars for Food and Nutritional Security in Karnataka State in India | 27-Jul-2015 | 26-Jul-2018 | 147 | 129 | - | 129 |
| Government of Karnataka, India | - Development of Climate Resilient Chickpea Varieties Using Genomics Assisted Breeding Approaches and Promotion of Best Suitable Cultivars for Food and Nutritional Security in Karnataka | 1-Jan-2016 | 31-Dec-2018 | 224 | 138 | 59 | 197 |
| Government of Karnataka, India | - Harnessing the Power of Genetics and Genomics for Enhancing Rabi Sorghum Productivity in Karnataka State | 1-Jan-2016 | 31-Dec-2018 | 249 | 124 | 48 | 172 |
| Government of Karnataka, India | - Improving Popular Groundnut Varieties for Foliar Disease Resistance and High Oleate Trait using Genomics-Assisted Breeding Approach and Multi-location Testing of MABC Lines for Varietal Release in Karnataka | 1-Jan-2016 | 31-Dec-2018 | 276 | 150 | 39 | 189 |

| Donor | Program/Project | Start Date | End Date | Grant Pledged | Cumulative to 2017 | Expenditure 2018 | Total |
|---|---|-------------|-------------|---------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------|
| Government of Karnataka, India | - Conducting Research on Genomics-assisted Breeding for High Yielding and Climate Resilient Finger Millet (Ragi) Varieties/Hybrids and Promotion of Best Suitable Cultivars for Food and Nutritional Security in Karnataka State of India | 1-Apr-2016 | 30-Jun-2020 | 1,414 | 318 | 309 | 627 |
| Advanced Centre for Integrated Water Resources Management (ACIWRM), Karnataka | - Tungabhadra Left Bank canal (TLBC) Irrigation modernization: Preparation of detailed command area mapping using Remote sensing | 15-Nov-2018 | 15-Mar-2019 | 57 | - | - | - |
| Government of Karnataka, India | | | | 5,750 | 3,260 | 1,204 | 4,464 |
| Government of Odisha, India | - Promotion of Improved Chickpea Varieties in Rice - based Cropping Systems of Smallholder Farmers in Odisha | 1-Oct-2014 | 30-Jun-2018 | 1,199 | 1,105 | 76 | 1,181 |
| Government of Odisha, India | - Introduction and Expansion of Improved Pigeon pea (Azhar) Production Technology in Rained Upland Ecosystems of Odisha | 1-Apr-2015 | 31-Mar-2020 | 1,159 | 979 | 248 | 1,227 |
| Government of Odisha, India | - Scaling-up of Improved Groundnut Varieties thru Established Seed System in Various Cropping Systems of Smallholder Farmers in Odisha | 1-Apr-2015 | 31-Mar-2021 | 1,132 | 540 | 59 | 599 |
| Government of Odisha, India | - Increasing Agricultural Productivity through System Intensification and Science-led Interventions in Rice Fallows of Odisha, India | 1-Nov-2016 | 31-Mar-2018 | 166 | - | 166 | 166 |

| Donor | Program/Project | Start Date | End Date | Grant Pledged | Cumulative to 2017 | Expenditure 2018 | Total |
|--------------------------------------|---|-------------|-------------|---------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------|
| Government of Odisha, India | | | | 3,656 | 2,624 | 549 | 3,173 |
| ICAR thru NASF | - Expression of Resistance to Diapausing and Nondiapausing Spotted Stem Borer, Chilo Partellus in Sorghum and Maize: Implications for Crop Improvement and IPM | 1-May-2016 | 30-Apr-2019 | 80 | 36 | 24 | 60 |
| ICAR thru NASF | - Identifying the genomic regions and genes for drought and heat tolerance in groundnut | 1-Aug-2018 | 31-Jul-2020 | 99 | - | 44 | 44 |
| ICAR thru NASF | - Genomics strategies for improvement of yield and seed composition traits under drought stress conditions in Soybean | 1-Dec-2018 | 30-Nov-2021 | 136 | - | - | - |
| ICAR thru NASF | | | | 315 | 36 | 68 | 104 |
| ICRAF | - Restoration of degraded lands for Food Security and Poverty reduction in East Africa and the Sahel-Taking Successes in Land Restoration to Scale under the Putting Research in to Use for Nutrition, Sustainable Agriculture and Resilience (PRUNSAR) - (EU - IFAD) | 24-May-2016 | 30-Sep-2019 | 833 | 256 | 261 | 517 |
| ICRISAT | - Smart Food Endowment Fund | 1-Jan-2018 | 31-Dec-2018 | 160 | - | 98 | 98 |
| ICRISAT | - Support for Genebank Research Activities Including Germplasm Evaluation | 1-Jan-2007 | 31-Dec-2017 | 731 | 639 | - | 639 |
| ICRISAT | | | | 891 | 639 | 98 | 737 |
| IKP Knowledge Park, Telangana, India | - Promoting Peanut based Food supplements through partnerships to Treat Malnutrition in Bangladesh (USAID) | 1-May-2017 | 30-Jun-2019 | 175 | 35 | 53 | 88 |

| Donor | Program/Project | Start Date | End Date | Grant Pledged | Cumulative to 2017 | Expenditure 2018 | Total |
|---|--|-------------|-------------|---------------|--------------------|------------------|----------|
| Indo-US Joint Clean energy Research and Development Center (JCERDC), thru IICT, India | - US-India Consortium for Development of Sustainable Advanced Lignocellulose Biofuel Systems (SALBS) | 1-Nov-2012 | 31-Jan-2018 | 451 | 427 | 2 | 429 |
| Ministry of External Affairs, Government of India | - Training on Technology and Business Opportunities in Food Processing for SMEs" by ICRISAT | 1-Apr-2017 | 31-Mar-2018 | 374 | 124 | 96 | 220 |
| Ministry of Earth Sciences (MoES), Government of India thru Indian Institute of Tropical Meteorology (IITM), Pune, India | - Enhancing Groundnut Productivity in Andhra Pradesh and Karnataka through Farmer Acceptable Climate Smart Strategies and Weather Based Crop Management Advisories | 1-Aug-2018 | 31-Jul-2021 | 163 | - | 9 | 9 |
| Ministry of Earth Sciences (MoES), Government of India thru Indian Institute of Tropical Meteorology (IITM), Pune, India | - Innovative and Contextual Advisory services for Climate Smart Agriculture | 29-Nov-2018 | 28-Nov-2021 | 185 | - | - | - |
| Ministry of Earth Sciences (MoES), Government of India thru Indian Institute of Tropical Meteorology (IITM), Pune, India | - Climate Services for Better Risk Management and Build Resilience of Smallholder Farmers in the Highly Vulnerable Rainfed Areas of India | 29-Nov-2018 | 28-Nov-2021 | 143 | - | - | - |
| Ministry of Earth Sciences (MoES), Government of India thru Indian Institute of Tropical Meteorology (IITM), Pune, India | | | | 491 | - | 9 | 9 |
| Ministry of Tribal Affairs, Govt. of India | - A study on the nutritional status of school children of EMRS through a baseline survey in Odisha | 1-Jun-2018 | 31-Mar-2019 | 34 | - | 15 | 15 |
| National Agricultural Innovation Fund (NAIF) | - Establishment of Agri-Business Incubation (ABI) Centers under XII Plan Scheme for National Agriculture Innovation Fund (NAIF) | 1-Jan-2016 | 31-Mar-2019 | 215 | 58 | 38 | 96 |

| Donor | Program/Project | Start Date | End Date | Grant Pledged | Cumulative to 2017 | Expenditure 2018 | Total |
|---|---|-------------|-------------|---------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------|
| The OPEC Fund for International Development (OFID) | - Enhancing Groundnut Productivity and Profitability for Smallholder Farmers in Asia through Varietal Technologies | 1-Jan-2018 | 31-Dec-2019 | 600 | - | 355 | 355 |
| Seed Companies (Appendix 3) | - Diversification of Sorghum Hybrid Parents for Increased Stable Production | 1-Jan-2009 | 31-Dec-2018 | 1,229 | 1,007 | 222 | 1,229 |
| Seed Companies (Appendix 3) | - Diversification of Pearl Millet Hybrid Parents for Increased Stable Production | 1-Jan-2009 | 31-Dec-2018 | 3,439 | 2,926 | 512 | 3,438 |
| Seed Companies (Appendix 3) | - Diversification of Pigeonpea Hybrid Parents for Increased Stable Production | 1-Jan-2009 | 31-Dec-2018 | 747 | 682 | 65 | 747 |
| Seed Companies (Appendix 3) | - Groundnut and Chickpea Varietal Development Research Consortium | 1-Jan-2009 | 31-Dec-2017 | 55 | 42 | - | 42 |
| Seed Companies (Appendix 3) | | | | 5,470 | 4,657 | 799 | 5,456 |
| Society for Elimination of Rural Poverty, Department of Rural Development, Govt. of Andhra Pradesh, India | - Selection of an Agency for Capacity Building and Market Linkages for Empowerment of Farmer Producer Organizations in Andhra Pradesh thru Digital Networks | 9-Feb-2018 | 8-Feb-2020 | 245 | - | 106 | 106 |
| Irish Aid, Ireland | - Malawi Seed Industry Development Project - Phase II | 1-Apr-2016 | 31-Mar-2021 | 9,642 | 2,133 | 1,522 | 3,655 |
| FAO, Italy | - Enhancing the adoption of improved pigeonpea varieties in Eastern and Central Provinces of Zambia: Increasing resilience, nutrition and livelihoods | 20-Dec-2017 | 31-Dec-2018 | 65 | - | 65 | 65 |

| Donor | Program/Project | Start Date | End Date | Grant Pledged | Cumulative to 2017 | Expenditure 2018 | Total |
|---|--|-------------|-------------|---------------|--------------------|------------------|------------|
| FAO, Nigeria | - Accelerating Agriculture Development: A Partnership Approach to Cereal-Legume Systems Improvement in Yobe State of Nigeria | 3-Aug-2017 | 31-Mar-2018 | 107 | 42 | 65 | 107 |
| Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO) | - Seed Needs Assessment in Adamawa, Borno and Yobe States of Nigeria | 26-Feb-2018 | 30-Mar-2018 | 32 | - | 32 | 32 |
| FAO, Nigeria | - Seeds Fair Commodities Vouchers Payment in the State of Yobe North East Nigeria | 2-Jun-2018 | 20-Jun-2018 | 15 | - | 15 | 15 |
| FAO, Nigeria | - Increased access to seeds of improved varieties and Climate Smart Agricultural Technologies for improved Rural Livelihoods and Food Security in Adamawa and Yobe State Nigeria | 13-Jul-2018 | 31-May-2019 | 68 | - | 38 | 38 |
| FAO, Nigeria | - Harnessing dryland legume and cereals genetic resource for food and nutrition security and resilient farming systems in Malawi and Zambia | 20-Dec-2018 | 19-Mar-2019 | 30 | - | - | - |
| FAO, Ghana | - Adoption of Efficient and Climate-smart Agriculture Practices in African Small Island Developing States | 1-Oct-2017 | 31-Dec-2018 | 98 | 2 | 46 | 48 |
| FAO | | | | 415 | 44 | 261 | 305 |
| The Global Crop Diversity Trust (GCDT) | - Providing for the Long-Term Funding of Ex Situ Collections of Germplasm Held by ICRISAT | 1-Jan-2007 | 31-Dec-2017 | 2,904 | 2,556 | - | 2,556 |
| The Global Crop Diversity Trust (GCDT) | - RegenIntro: Introduction of Accessions from the Regeneration Initiative into the International Collections held by ICRISAT | 29-Oct-2013 | 31-Dec-2018 | 157 | 101 | 56 | 157 |

| Donor | Program/Project | Start Date | End Date | Grant Pledged | Cumulative to 2017 | Expenditure 2018 | Total |
|---|--|-------------|-------------|---------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------|
| The Global Crop Diversity Trust (GCDT) | - Identification of Superior Alleles and Lines from Wild Cajanus Species for Pigeonpea (Cajanus cajan) Improvement | 1-Jul-2015 | 30-Jun-2019 | 451 | 369 | 77 | 446 |
| The Global Crop Diversity Trust (GCDT) | - Synthesis of New Abiotic and Biotic Stress Tolerant Gene Pool through Introgression of Alleles from Wild Species into Pearl Millet Cultivars | 1-Sep-2015 | 31-Dec-2018 | 400 | 218 | 155 | 373 |
| The Global Crop Diversity Trust (GCDT) | - Improving Finger Millet Productivity through Exploitation of Wild Germplasm (Eleusine spp.) | 1-Oct-2015 | 30-Sep-2020 | 813 | 244 | 199 | 443 |
| Global Crop Diversity Trust (GCDT) | - Genebank - Long Term Grant | 1-Jan-2017 | 31-Dec-2022 | 2,029 | 762 | 1,044 | 1,806 |
| The Global Crop Diversity Trust (GCDT) | - Utilization of introgression lines derived from wild Cajanus species for pigeonpea (Cajanus cajan) improvement | 1-Jul-2018 | 30-Sep-2020 | 436 | - | 89 | 89 |
| The Global Crop Diversity Trust (GCDT) | | | | 7,190 | 4,250 | 1,620 | 5,870 |
| Earthnote Co. Ltd | - Establishment of Commercially Valuable Sorghum Lines with Drought Tolerance and Photoperiod Insensitivity | 1-Jul-2015 | 31-Dec-2017 | 250 | 181 | 46 | 227 |
| EU-Malawi | - Improved Livelihoods through Sustainable Intensification and Diversification of Market Oriented Crop-livestock Systems in Southern Malawi | 23-Feb-2017 | 22-Aug-2020 | 3,139 | 429 | 544 | 973 |
| African Development Bank thru IITA | - Nigeria Agricultural Transformation Agenda Support Program - Phase 1 (ATASP-1)- Sorghum | 1-Mar-2015 | 28-Feb-2019 | 5,000 | 1,728 | 789 | 2,517 |
| African Development Bank (AFDB), Thru IITA | - Technologies for African Agricultural Transformation (TAAT) African Development Bank (AFDB) | 1-Jul-2018 | 30-Nov-2021 | 2,130 | - | 409 | 409 |

| Donor | Program/Project | Start Date | End Date | Grant Pledged | Cumulative to 2017 | Expenditure 2018 | Total |
|--|--|-------------|-------------|---------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------|
| African Development Bank (AFDB), Thru IITA | | | | 7,130 | 1,728 | 1,198 | 2,926 |
| BMZ-GIZ thru CIP | - KULIMA Promoting Farming in Malawi: Improving the access to and use of agriculture research innovations by Malawian farmer | 15-May-2018 | 31-Jul-2019 | 310 | - | 20 | 20 |
| Oxford Policy Management | - A1152 Sustainable Agricultural Research and Learning in Africa Programme (SAIRLA) | 28-Sep-2017 | 30-Oct-2018 | 15 | 3 | 8 | 11 |
| The University Court of the University of Edinburgh, Schotland | - Improving Root System Achitecture for Enhanced Drought Tolrance and Nutrient Use Efficiency in Semi-Arid Agriculture of Chickpea | 3-Nov-2017 | 31-Oct-2019 | 55 | - | 34 | 34 |
| University of Cambridge, UK | - Transforming India's Green Revolution by Research and Empowerment for Sustainable food Supplies - (TIGR2ESS) | 1-Oct-2017 | 31-Dec-2021 | 825 | - | 125 | 125 |
| DFID thru Blumont International | - Building Resiliency and Adaptation to Climate Extreme and Disasters-X (BRACED-X) | 1-Feb-2018 | 30-Apr-2019 | 208 | - | 147 | 147 |
| Catholic Relief Services (CRS) | - To Implement the Program that Aims to Reduce Food Insecurity and Malnutrition Among Vulnerable Rural Population in Niger | 27-Jul-2012 | 31-Dec-2018 | 1,130 | 1,080 | 50 | 1,130 |
| Donald Danforth Plant Science Center | - Sorghum Genomics Toolbox: TERRA Partnership - (Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation) | 16-Sep-2016 | 30-Sep-2019 | 949 | 261 | 313 | 574 |
| Kansas State University, USA | - Biological Control of the Millet Stem Borer and the Millet Head Miner in Niger and Senegal | 1-Apr-2014 | 22-Jul-2019 | 312 | 256 | 46 | 302 |

| Donor | Program/Project | Start Date | End Date | Grant Pledged | Cumulative to 2017 | Expenditure 2018 | Total |
|-------------------------------------|--|-------------|-------------|---------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------|
| Kansas State University, USA | - Feed the Future: Innovation Lab for Collaborative Research on sorghum and Millet - Improving Sorghum adaptation in West Africa with genomics enabled breeding | 23-Jul-2018 | 30-Sep-2018 | 15 | - | 15 | 15 |
| Kansas State University, USA | | | | 327 | 256 | 61 | 317 |
| MARS, USA | - Improving Widely Grown Groundnut Cultivars by Introgressing Genes for Resistance to Foliar Fungal Diseases (LLS and rust) and High Oil Quality (O/L ratio) | 21-Jul-2013 | 31-Dec-2019 | 1,000 | 595 | 119 | 714 |
| MARS, USA | Identification of Markers and Genomic Regions Associated with Aflatoxin Resistance in Peanut | 1-Oct-2016 | 31-Dec-2019 | 750 | 247 | 202 | 449 |
| MARS, USA | | | | 1,750 | 842 | 321 | 1,163 |
| McKnight Foundation | - Seeds to Reach Farmers in Specific Target Area: Supporting Farmer Organizations to Disseminate More Seed in their Local Target Areas, and Studying Why What Works for Whom | 1-Jun-2014 | 31-May-2018 | 740 | 637 | 103 | 740 |
| McKnight Foundation | - Dual - Purpose Sorghum and Cowpeas: Opening the Window for Crop-Livestock Intensification by Combining Grain and Improved Crop Residues | 1-Jun-2014 | 31-May-2018 | 80 | 74 | 6 | 80 |
| McKnight Foundation | - Sustainable Large-Scale Biological Control of the Millet Head Worm in the Sahel | 1-Sep-2014 | 30-Aug-2018 | 158 | 129 | 29 | 158 |

| Donor | Program/Project | Start Date | End Date | Grant Pledged | Cumulative to 2017 | Expenditure 2018 | Total |
|---|--|------------|-------------|---------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------|
| McKnight Foundation | - New Varieties and Management Systems to Improve Productivity, Food Security and Safety and Market Competitiveness | 1-Sep-2014 | 30-Aug-2018 | 762 | 579 | 183 | 762 |
| McKnight Foundation | - Niger Seed Systems Project for Pearl Millet and Legumes | 1-Dec-2014 | 30-Nov-2018 | 432 | 301 | 131 | 432 |
| McKnight Foundation | - Enhancing Productivity and Competitiveness of Groundnut-based Cropping Systems in Malawi by Developing and Deploying Labor Saving and Drudgery Reducing Technologies in the Groundnut Value Chain | 1-Jun-2015 | 31-Mar-2018 | 300 | 274 | 26 | 300 |
| McKnight Foundation | - Networking4Seed: Growing Sustainable Seed Systems by Learning from Experiences Across Mali, Burkinafaso, and Niger | 1-Jun-2018 | 31-May-2022 | 660 | - | 130 | 130 |
| McKnight Foundation | | | | 3,132 | 1,994 | 608 | 2,602 |
| McKnight Foundation thru Compatible Technology International (CTI), USA | - Advancing the Development and Adoption of Post-Harvest Grain Legume Technologies by Smallholder Farmers in Malawi and Tanzania | 1-May-2018 | 31-Dec-2020 | 42 | - | 25 | 25 |
| SPACEBELL,SA (SPB) Belgium | - Nurturing Africa's Digital Revolution for Agriculture (NADiRA) - EU-Belgium | 1-Nov-2017 | 30-Apr-2020 | 246 | 7 | 72 | 79 |
| SFF/ICRISAT Endowment | - a) Research in Sustainable Management of Natural Resources in Agon & Ghagas Villages in Gurgaon District of Haryana and b) Research on Downy Mildew Resistance in Pearl Millet, and Shoot Fly and Grain Mold Resistance in Sorghum at Patancheru Location of ICRISAT | 1-Jan-2007 | 31-Dec-2019 | 1,173 | 984 | 131 | 1,115 |

| Donor | Program/Project | Start Date | End Date | Grant Pledged | Cumulative to 2017 | Expenditure 2018 | Total |
|--|---|-------------|-------------|---------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------|
| The Regents of the University of California | - Global Hunger and Food Security Research Strategy : Climate Resilience, Nutrition, and Policy - Feed the Future Innovation Lab for Climate Resilient Chickpea | 1-Jan-2015 | 31-Dec-2019 | 728 | 495 | 126 | 621 |
| The Regents of the University of California, Davis | - Genetic Biofortification of Corotenoid of Grain Legumes for Novel Market | 1-Feb-2018 | 31-Jan-2021 | 94 | - | 26 | 26 |
| The University of Georgia Research Foundation Inc. | - Global Hunger and Food Security Research Strategy: Climate Resilience, Nutrition and Policy-Feed the Future Innovation Lab for Climate Resilient Sorghum | 26-Aug-2013 | 23-Aug-2019 | 1,786 | 981 | 135 | 1,116 |
| University of California, USA | - Development of Abiotic Stress Tolerant Millet for Africa and South Asia | 1-Nov-2012 | 28-Feb-2017 | 719 | 805 | - | 805 |
| University of Georgia, USA | - BREAD - ABRDC - Development of Essential Genetic and Genomic Resources for Finger Millet | 1-Jul-2016 | 30-Jun-2019 | 54 | 14 | 16 | 30 |
| University of Florida, USA | - "Feed the Future Innovation Lab for Livestock Systems Enabling Value Chains to Create Sustainable Income for Vulnerable People in Crop-Livestock Systems of Burkina Faso and Niger" | 26-Jan-2018 | 30-Sep-2020 | 1,250 | - | 273 | 273 |
| Walmart Foundation, USA | - Accelerating value chain benefits for improved income for farmers and nutrition for consumers | 1-Jul-2018 | 30-Jun-2020 | 1,970 | - | 327 | 327 |
| USA | | | | 6,601 | 2,295 | 903 | 3,198 |

| Donor | Program/Project | Start Date | End Date | Grant Pledged | Cumulative to 2017 | Expenditure 2018 | Total |
|--|---|-------------|-------------|---------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------|
| University of Wageningen, The Netherlands | - Pathways to Agroecological Intensification of Crop-Livestock Farming Systems of Southern Mali - II (McKnight Foundation) | 1-Oct-2016 | 30-Sep-2019 | 74 | 26 | 25 | 51 |
| EU-Niger | - Enhancing Resilience to Climate Change through the Dissemination of Integrated Management Technologies Water-Soil-Agro-Forestry-Pastoral - PARK/Yana-yi | 10-May-2016 | 4-May-2019 | 1,687 | 1,154 | 321 | 1,475 |
| EU-Niger | - "Appui au Ministère de l'Environnement et du Développement Durable dans le cadre de la mise en œuvre du PARC-DAD Support to the Ministry of Environment and Sustainable Development in the implementation of PARC-DAD" | 22-Nov-2017 | 31-Mar-2020 | 1,643 | - | 453 | 453 |
| EU-Niger | | | | 3,330 | 1,154 | 774 | 1,928 |
| Agriculture Sensible aux risques Climatiques (PASEC), Niger | - The Development and Dissemination of CSA Technologies and Other Innovations to Address Changing Climate Issue and other Agricultural Constraints. (World Bank) | 15-Jan-2018 | 14-Jan-2022 | 1,990 | - | 121 | 121 |
| "Conseil Ouest et Centre Africain pour la Recherche et le Développement Agricoles/ West and Central African Council for Agricultural Research and Development (CORAF/ WECARD)" | - Capacitating Stakeholders in Using Climate Information for Enhanced Resilience in the Agricultural Sector in West Africa (CaSCIERA-WA) under West Africa Agricultural Productivity Program (WAAPP) | 1-Feb-2018 | 30-Sep-2019 | 98 | - | 25 | 25 |

| Donor | Program/Project | Start Date | End Date | Grant Pledged | Cumulative to 2017 | Expenditure 2018 | Total |
|--|---|-------------|-------------|---------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------|
| CARE International, Zimbabwe | - Enhancing Community Resilience and Sustainability (ECRAS) - UNDP funded | 1-Jul-2016 | 30-Jul-2019 | 997 | 645 | 210 | 855 |
| CARE International, Zimbabwe | - Enhancing Community Resilience and Inclusive Market Systems in Zvishavane and Mberengwa Districts of Zimbabwe (ECRIMS) - UNDP funded | 9-Oct-2017 | 8-Oct-2020 | 881 | 56 | 495 | 551 |
| CARE International, Mali | - Enhancing resource use efficiency through integrated land and water management practices in the watershed villages of Badiangara and Douentza, Mopti region | 1-Nov-2018 | 31-Oct-2019 | 250 | - | 4 | 4 |
| CARE International | | | | 2,128 | 701 | 709 | 1,410 |
| Swedish University of Agricultural Sciences , Sweden | - The dynamics of urban sprawl: Land-use changes, food supply and sustainable agricultural production systems in the arid and semi-arid zones | 1-Jan-2017 | 31-Dec-2020 | 290 | 46 | 75 | 121 |
| IWMI | - Pyawt Ywar Pump Irrigation Project | 6-Dec-2016 | 30-Apr-2019 | 118 | 44 | 48 | 92 |
| IRD-DFID | - Building Resilience and Adaptation to Climate Extremes and Disasters Programme | 16-Nov-2015 | 28-Feb-2018 | 192 | 168 | 24 | 192 |
| Michigan State University , USA thru IITA | - Transforming Key Productions Systems: Maize Mixed East and Southern Africa: Agroecological intensification in Malawi through action research with smallholder farmers | 2-Jul-2016 | 31-Dec-2018 | 110 | 80 | 23 | 103 |
| National Institute of Agricultural Science of the Rural Development Administration (NAS, RDA), the Republic of Korea | - Exchange of Genetic Resources and Experts between the ICRISAT and National Institute of Agricultural Science of RDA | 1-Jan-2017 | 31-Dec-2019 | 150 | 16 | 15 | 31 |

| Donor | Program/Project | Start Date | End Date | Grant Pledged | Cumulative to 2017 | Expenditure 2018 | Total |
|--|---|-------------|-------------|---------------|--------------------|------------------|-------|
| Norwegian Development Fund (NDF) , Norway | - Joint Norwegian Consortium Resilience Building Program in Ethiopia | 1-Dec-2017 | 31-Dec-2018 | 119 | - | 74 | 74 |
| START International, Inc. | - Adaptation at Scale in Semi-Arid Regions | 1-Apr-2014 | 9-Nov-2018 | 547 | 403 | 144 | 547 |
| Practical Action, Zimbabwe | - Improving Groundnut Seed Production Systems to Improve Livelihood and Nutrition Outcomes of Smallholder Farmers in Makoni District. | 9-Nov-2017 | 31-Jul-2018 | 90 | 60 | 27 | 87 |
| Tata-Cornell Insitute of Agricultural and Nutrition, Cornell University, USA | - Updating the Meso-Level Database for India and Developing an Interactive Tool for Public Access and Use | 1-May-2018 | 31-May-2019 | 153 | - | 72 | 72 |
| University of Saskatchewan, Canada | - Scaling-up Pulse Innovations for Nutrition Security in Southern Ethiopia (IDRC, Canada) | 18-Mar-2015 | 18-Mar-2018 | 231 | 184 | 47 | 231 |
| UNIVERSITAT POMPEU FABRA, Spain | - Raindrops | 4-Sep-2018 | 31-May-2023 | 25 | | - | - |
| Federal Department of Foreign Affairs (FDFA), Swiss Agency for Development and Cooperation (SDC) | - Agriculture Resilience: Linking Insurance and Technology with Climate Adapted Farming Systems (RIICE III India Chapter) | 10-Oct-2018 | 30-Jun-2021 | 1,469 | - | 38 | 38 |
| Welthungerhilfe, Zimbabwe | - Extension for Rural Agriculture Project (EXTRA) (Livelihoods and Food security Programme (LFSP) Project in 3 District in Midlands Provinces of Zimbabwe namely Shurugwi, Gokwe and South and Kweke Rural. | 1-Dec-2014 | 30-Sep-2020 | 917 | 644 | 109 | 753 |
| Deutsche Welthungerhilfe, Zimbabwe | - Zimbabwe Agricultural Growth Programme: Agricultural Knowledge and Innovation Systems (ZAGP-ZAKIS) | 1-Aug-2018 | 31-Jul-2020 | 604 | - | 32 | 32 |

| Donor | Program/Project | Start Date | End Date | Grant Pledged | Cumulative to 2017 | Expenditure 2018 | Total |
|---|---|------------|-------------|---------------|--------------------|------------------|---------------|
| Welthungerhilfe | | | | 1,521 | 644 | 141 | 785 |
| World Vision International Zimbabwe | - Collaboration on Activities under "ENSURE" Program - Sponsored by USAID | 1-Jul-2014 | 31-Oct-2018 | 366 | 319 | 47 | 366 |
| World Vision International Zimbabwe | - Ensuring, Nutrition Transforming and Empowering Rural Farmers and Promoting Resilience in Zimbabwe (ENTERPRISE) | 1-Dec-2014 | 31-Jul-2020 | 574 | 307 | 62 | 369 |
| World Vision International Zimbabwe | | | | 940 | 626 | 109 | 735 |
| Subtotal Bilateral Portfolio | | | | 97,230 | 40,373 | 17,568 | 57,941 |
| E. CGIAR Research Programs - Bilateral: Non-Portfolio | | | | | | | |
| AP State Skill Development Corporation [APSSDC], Govt. of Andhra Pradesh, India | - Strengthen and Implement Capacity Development Strategy and Action Plan for Identified Farmers of Ananthapuram District, Field Staff, Grass Root Personnel and Personnel from Agriculture Department of AP | 1-Mar-2017 | 31-Dec-2017 | 77 | 6 | 45 | 51 |
| Department of Biotechnology, India | - Integrating Bio-treated Wastewater with Enhanced Water Use Efficiency to Support the Green Economy in EU and India (Water4Crops) | 5-Nov-2012 | 4-Nov-2017 | 1,902 | 1,729 | - | 1,729 |
| Department of Science and Technology (thru Science and Engineering Research Board (SERB), India | - Dissecting Geno-Physiological Basis of Nitrogen Deficiency Tolerance under Aerobic Condition in Rice". Fellowship for Vishnu Vardhini | 2-May-2017 | 1-May-2019 | 29 | 10 | 15 | 25 |
| Department of Science and Technology (thru Science and Engineering Research Board (SERB), India | - National Post-Doctoral Fellowship - Abhilash Kumar - Genomic dissection of yield contributing traits in rice through genome-wide association mapping using 3K panel | 5-Apr-2018 | 4-Apr-2020 | 28 | - | 11 | 11 |

| Donor | Program/Project | Start Date | End Date | Grant Pledged | Cumulative to 2017 | Expenditure 2018 | Total |
|--|--|-------------|-------------|---------------|--------------------|------------------|-----------|
| Department of Science and Technology (thru Science and Engineering Research Board (SERB), India | | | | 57 | 10 | 26 | 36 |
| Government of Odisha, India | - Enhancing Agricultural Productivity and Rural Livelihoods through Scaling-up of Science-led Development in Odisha - Bhoochetana | 8-Apr-2018 | 7-Apr-2021 | 1,917 | - | 355 | 355 |
| Food and Agriculture Organisation of the United Nations | - Community based fodder management options and innovative methods to control stray cattle and wild animals' in targeted rice fallow areas (TRFAs) in Odisha and Chattisgarh | 16-Mar-2018 | 15-Dec-2018 | 10 | - | 10 | 10 |
| FAO, Nigeria | - Enhanced awareness and knowledge of approaches to Climate Smart Agriculture (CSA) technologies and practices in Borno, Adamawa and Yobe State, Nigeria | 5-Sep-2018 | 30-Nov-2018 | 115 | - | 28 | 28 |
| FAO, Nigeria | | | | 125 | - | 38 | 38 |
| Adam Smith International | - CSAP - The Climate Smart Agricultural Programme - Assessing the Contributions of Conservation Agriculture to Building Resilience to Drought | 16-May-2016 | 31-Mar-2018 | 196 | 173 | - | 173 |
| GIZ, Germany | - Quest for Resilience of (Agro)pastoral Communities in the AFAR through Water Spread-ing Weir-based Farming and Land use | 1-Jul-2018 | 31-Dec-2020 | 571 | - | 68 | 68 |
| Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation thru The University of Nottingham | - GeoNutrition | 1-Jan-2018 | 31-Jul-2021 | 382 | - | 65 | 65 |
| Catholic Relief Services (CRS) - Malawi | - Aflatoxin Control in Farmers Fields, Post Harvest Handling and off Farm Value Chains (USAID) | 1-Jan-2016 | 30-Sep-2019 | 159 | 89 | - | 89 |

| Donor | Program/Project | Start Date | End Date | Grant Pledged | Cumulative to 2017 | Expenditure 2018 | Total |
|--|---|-------------|-------------|---------------|--------------------|------------------|-------|
| IFPRI | - Assessment of Plausible Futures of Dryland Agriculture in Semi-Arid Tropics and Alternative Technologies / Management Systems and Interventions (Activity # 22) and Development and Enhancement of Methods and Tools for Better Targeting, Impact Assessment and Priority Setting for ICRISAT Mandate Crops (Activity # 23) | 14-Oct-2014 | 31-Mar-2017 | 160 | 160 | - | 160 |
| USA | - Support to Collaboration with U.S. Universities | 1-Jan-1997 | 31-Dec-2018 | 2,397 | 2,264 | 31 | 2,295 |
| Coordinamento delle Organizzazioni per il Servizio Volontario (COSV) | - Strengthening Resilience of Rural Communities Affected by El Niño Induced Drought in the Districts of Lupane and Makoni of Zimbabwe | 2-Jul-2018 | 6-Jul-2018 | 6 | - | 3 | 3 |
| Practical Action, Zimbabwe | - IMPLEMENTATION OF THE PROJECT LIVELIHOODS AND FOOD SECURITY PROGRAMME (LFSP) AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTIVITY NUTRITION (APN) - Phase 2 of the LFSP INSPIRE project - addl. Funding | 28-Feb-2017 | 30-Sep-2020 | 206 | | 42 | 42 |
| Zimbabwe Agricultural Developament Trust (ZADT), Zimbabwe | - Contract to Design the 2017 to 2019 Longitudinal Impact Tracking Sentinel Study and to Carry Out the 2017 Round of the Study | 18-Oct-2017 | 31-Mar-2018 | 44 | 29 | 15 | 44 |
| Zimbabwe Agricultural Developament Trust (ZADT), Zimbabwe | - Contract to design the 2017 to 2019 - and to carry out the 2018 Longitudinal Impact Tracking Sentinel Study | 11-Oct-2018 | 10-Oct-2020 | 45 | | 45 | 45 |

| Donor | Program/Project | Start Date | End Date | Grant Pledged | Cumulative to 2017 | Expenditure 2018 | Total |
|---|---|-------------|-------------|---------------|--------------------|------------------|--------|
| Zimbabwe Agricultural Development Trust (ZADT), Zimbabwe | | | | 89 | 29 | 60 | 89 |
| Subtotal Bilateral Non Portfolio | | | | 8,244 | 4,460 | 733 | 5,193 |
| Total Bilateral | | | | 105,474 | 44,833 | 18,301 | 63,134 |
| F. Bilateral - Others : | | | | | | | |
| PEAT, GmbH, Germany | - Improvement Planix-App-Agricultural Support of Farmers in Telangana and Andhra Pradesh | 24-Nov-2016 | 30-Nov-2019 | 184 | 55 | 72 | 127 |
| Asian Paints Limited | - Improved Livelihoods through Integrated Water Resources Management in Community Watershed in Medak | 1-Sep-2014 | 31-Aug-2019 | 772 | 536 | 92 | 628 |
| Asian Paints Limited | - Improving Agricultural Productivity and Rural Livelihoods of Benchmark Location through Integrated Watershed Management in Western Maharashtra, India | 1-Mar-2016 | 28-Feb-2021 | 753 | 344 | 145 | 489 |
| Asian Paints Limited Subtotal | | | | 1,525 | 880 | 237 | 1,117 |
| Biotechnology Industry Research Assistance Council (BIRAC), India | - Establishment of a Bio-Incubator at ICRISAT | 25-Sep-2017 | 24-Sep-2020 | 671 | 22 | 486 | 508 |
| Central India Initiative (CII), India | - Improved Livelihoods through Crop Diversification into Vegetables in Jharkhand and Odisha under the Central India Initiatives - AVRDC project | 1-May-2016 | 31-Mar-2020 | 223 | 79 | 47 | 126 |
| Department of Biotechnology, India | - Marker Assisted Introgression of Different Traits to Develop New Generation Rice Varieties | 1-Jul-2013 | 31-Dec-2019 | 569 | 382 | 98 | 480 |

| Donor | Program/Project | Start Date | End Date | Grant Pledged | Cumulative to 2017 | Expenditure 2018 | Total |
|--|---|-------------|-------------|---------------|--------------------|------------------|------------|
| Department of Biotechnology, India | - Development of High Yielding Water and Labor Saving Rice Varieties for dry Direct Seeded Aerobic Conditions Utilizing Recent Discoveries on Traits QTLs, genes and Genomic Technologies | 24-Nov-2015 | 23-Nov-2020 | 295 | 114 | 80 | 194 |
| Department of Biotechnology, India | - Genetic Enhancement of Minor Pulses: Characterization, Evaluation, Genetic Enhancement and Generation of Genomic Resources for Accelerated Utilization and Improvement of Minor Pulses | 1-Nov-2018 | 31-Oct-2021 | 119 | - | - | - |
| Department of Biotechnology, India Subtotal | | | | 983 | 496 | 178 | 674 |
| Department of Health and Family Welfare, Government of Telangana | - Improving Dietary Diversity through Introduction of Nutri-food Basket in Tribal Households of Adilabad, Mancherla, KomaramBheem-Asifabad Districts of Telangana - Transitioning Tribal Households from Nutrient Deficient Diets to Diverse Nutritional Foods. | 30-Mar-2017 | 30-Sep-2018 | 330 | 207 | 123 | 330 |
| Government of Andhra Pradesh, India | - Providing Technical Assistance to Government of Andhra Pradesh for Primary Sector Mission | 17-Jan-2015 | 16-Jan-2020 | 8,273 | 2,274 | 119 | 2,393 |
| Government of Andhra Pradesh, India | - Stratified Soil Sampling Analysis for Assessing Soil Nutrient Status and Developing Soil-test Based Nutrient Recommendations for Horticultural Crops in Andhra Pradesh | 1-Apr-2016 | 31-Mar-2018 | 171 | 159 | 11 | 170 |

| Donor | Program/Project | Start Date | End Date | Grant Pledged | Cumulative to 2017 | Expenditure 2018 | Total |
|--|---|------------|-------------|---------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------|
| Government of Andhra Pradesh, India | - Doubling Farmer Incomes through Grafted Vegetable Seedlings | 1-Feb-2018 | 31-Mar-2019 | 119 | - | 20 | 20 |
| Government of Andhra Pradesh, India | | | | 8,563 | 2,433 | 150 | 2,583 |
| Government of Karnataka, India | - Providing Technical Assistance I Capacity Building, Exposure Visits, Productivity Enhancement and Establishment of Digital Library, Deployment of Decision Support Systems, Land Resource Portal and Disaster Recovery Centre on KWDP-II (Sujala-III Project (World Bank) | 9-Oct-2014 | 8-Oct-2018 | 893 | 468 | - | 468 |
| Government of Karnataka, India | - Scaling up of Bhoosamrudhi Programme in Additional Four New Districts (Bhoosamrudhi Phase 2) | 1-Apr-2015 | 31-Mar-2020 | 3,543 | - | 1,919 | 1,919 |
| Government of Karnataka, India | - Improve Mungbean (Green Gram) and Vegetable Cowpea Productivity in Karnataka State | 29/11/2018 | 28-Nov-2020 | 85 | - | 22 | 22 |
| Government of Karnataka, India Subtotal | | | | 4,521 | 468 | 1,941 | 2,409 |
| Government of Odisha, India | - Improve Mungbean and Urdbean Productivity in Odisha State - AVRDC | 1-Dec-2015 | 31-Mar-2018 | 370 | 302 | 52 | 354 |
| Govt. of Odisha | - Onion Value Chain Improvements in Odisha | 1-May-2016 | 30-Nov-2018 | 376 | 169 | 195 | 364 |
| Govt. of Odisha | | | | 746 | 471 | 247 | 718 |
| Himmothan Society, India | - Enhancing Sustainable Livelihoods of Marginal Communities through Targeted Livestock Research under Central Himalayan Livestock Initiative (CHLI) | 1-Apr-2015 | 31-Dec-2018 | 205 | 160 | 41 | 201 |

| Donor | Program/Project | Start Date | End Date | Grant Pledged | Cumulative to 2017 | Expenditure 2018 | Total |
|--|--|-------------|-------------|---------------|--------------------|------------------|------------|
| Jindal South West Foundation | - Improving Climate Resilience of Tribal Farmers in Thane District, Maharashtra thru Integrated Water Shed Management | 1-Jan-2015 | 31-Mar-2020 | 1,491 | 525 | 256 | 781 |
| Jindal South West Foundation | - Doubling farmers' income through Integrated Watershed Management in Bellary district in Karnataka, India (Phase 2) | 1-Jun-2018 | 31-May-2023 | 1,112 | - | 12 | 12 |
| Jindal South West Foundation | | | | 2,603 | 525 | 268 | 793 |
| Mahindra & Mahindra Ltd | - Improving Livelihoods and Agricultural Productivity through Integrated Watershed Management in Sangareddy district, Telangana | 1-Apr-2017 | 30-Sep-2018 | 40 | - | 40 | 40 |
| Ministry of Earth Sciences, Government of India | - Upscaling Catchment Processes for Sustainable Water Management in Peninsular India | 28-Dec-2016 | 31-Dec-2019 | 64 | 24 | 15 | 39 |
| Ministry of Micro, Small & Medium Enterprises (MSME) , India | - Establishing Intellectual Property Facilitation Centre(IPFC) for MSMEs by ICRISAT | 1-Aug-2015 | 31-Jul-2020 | 108 | 65 | 25 | 90 |
| NABARD, India | - Formation and Nurturing of 6 Farmer Producer Organisations(FPOs) in Tamilnadu, India | 16-May-2015 | 15-May-2018 | 84 | 55 | 1 | 56 |
| NABARD, India | - Promotion of Farmer Producer Organizations (FPOs) in Andhra Pradesh, India | 6-Jul-2015 | 5-Jul-2018 | 70 | 14 | - | 14 |
| NABARD, India | - Promotion of Farmer Producer Organizations (FPOs) in Telangana, India | 6-Jul-2015 | 5-Jul-2018 | 70 | 20 | 7 | 27 |
| NABARD, India Subtotal | | | | 224 | 89 | 8 | 97 |
| Navajbai Tata Trust, India | - Tata-ILRI Partnership Project on Enhancing Sustainable Livelihoods of Marginal Communities through Targeted Livestock Research | 1-Apr-2015 | 31-Dec-2018 | 168 | 132 | 32 | 164 |

| Donor | Program/Project | Start Date | End Date | Grant Pledged | Cumulative to 2017 | Expenditure 2018 | Total |
|--|--|-------------|-------------|---------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------|
| North East Initiative Development Agency, India | - Enhancing Sustainable Livelihoods of Marginal Communities through Targeted Livestock Research | 1-Apr-2015 | 31-Dec-2018 | 223 | 143 | 41 | 184 |
| Power Grid Corporation of India Limited | - Improving Rural Livelihoods through Farmer-Centric Integrated Watershed Management in Karnataka | 1-Mar-2014 | 28-Feb-2020 | 1,380 | 758 | 355 | 1,113 |
| Power Grid Corporation of India Limited | - Improving Rural Livelihoods through Farmer-Centric Integrated Watershed Management in Andhra Pradesh | 1-Mar-2014 | 28-Feb-2020 | 1,387 | 881 | 248 | 1,129 |
| Power Grid Corporation of India Limited Subtotal | | | | 2,767 | 1,639 | 603 | 2,242 |
| SAB Miller India | - SAB Miller and ICRISAT Initiative | 1-Oct-2017 | 31-Mar-2019 | 49 | | 29 | 29 |
| Science & Engineering Research Board, DST, Govt. of India | - QTL Mapping and Development of DNA markers for Functional Stay Green Trait in Rice (Oryza Sativa) - Fellowship for Dr Uma Maheshwar Singh | 25-Jul-2016 | 24-Jul-2018 | 30 | 21 | 9 | 30 |
| Science & Engineering Research Board, DST, Govt. of India | - Developing Anti-diabetic rice with high resistant starch, low glycemic index and unraveling the SNPs in the genes involved in starch biosynthesis pathway . Fellowship to Dr S Ramcharder Selvaraj | 10-Apr-2018 | 9-Apr-2020 | 29 | - | 11 | 11 |
| Science & Engineering Research Board, DST, Govt. of India | | | | 59 | 21 | 20 | 41 |
| Tata Education and Development Trust, Mumbai | - Promotion of Vegetable Cultivation along with Wadi for Nutritional Security and Income Enhancement among the Tribal Families of Langigarh block of Kalahandi District | 1-Jun-2016 | 31-May-2021 | 652 | 85 | 85 | 170 |
| Ministry of Irrigation, Govt. of Telangana | - Economic Assessment of Mission Kakatiya in terms of Plant Nutrients Equivalent, Increased Yields and Farmers Income | 3-Aug-2018 | 2-Aug-2020 | 738 | - | - | - |

| Donor | Program/Project | Start Date | End Date | Grant Pledged | Cumulative to 2017 | Expenditure 2018 | Total |
|---|---|-------------|-------------|----------------|--------------------|------------------|----------------|
| Govt. of Uttar Pradesh, India | - KISAN MITrA: Doubling Farmers' Income in Bundelkhand Region, Uttar Pradesh | 01.04.2018 | 31.03.2019 | 1,434 | - | 286 | 286 |
| Rabobank Bank Foundation Employees Fund, The Netherlands | - Development of Training Manual and Communication Material for Training of Board of Directors (BoD) Members of Farmer Producers Organisations (FPOs) and also their Training | 10-Nov-2016 | 30-Sep-2017 | 19 | 7 | - | 7 |
| McKnight Foundation | - Organising the 2019 West Africa Community of Practice (CoP) Research Methods Workshops being held in Niger, Burkina Faso and Mali in February 2019 | 14-Dec-2018 | 30-Apr-2019 | 29 | - | - | - |
| Department of Agricultural Marketing and Agribusiness, Govt. of Tamil Nadu | - Developing Support System for States for Infrastructure (D3S-i) of the Government of India for the Integrated Post-harvest Supply Chain of Fruits & Vegetables in select districts of Tamil Nadu on PPP model | 1-Nov-2018 | 30-Apr-2019 | 17 | - | - | - |
| Department of Agricultural Marketing and Agribusiness, Govt. of Tamil Nadu | - Developing an ICT platform on Management Information system for effective Decision Support System and Market Linkages and implementing for Enhanced Value Creation of Fruits and Vegetable in Tamil Nadu | 1-Nov-2018 | 31-Oct-2019 | 235 | - | - | - |
| Department of Agricultural Marketing and Agribusiness, Govt. of Tamil Nadu | | | | 252 | - | - | - |
| Sub total Bilateral Non Portfolio (F) | | | | 27,380 | 8,001 | 4,974 | 12,975 |
| Total: Bilateral (E & F) | | | | 132,854 | 52,834 | 23,275 | 76,109 |
| Grand Total (A to F) | | | | 362,923 | 191,313 | 58,150 | 249,463 |

International Crops Research Institute for the Semi-Arid Tropics
CGIAR Research Program - Expenditure Report For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

(All amounts in thousands of United States Dollars)

| Natural Classification | CGIAR Research Program | | | | | | | |
|---|----------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|---------------|---------------|----------------------------|--------------|---------------|
| | Windows 1 & 2 with PPA/PIA | Windows 1 & 2 without PPA/PIA | Total Windows 1 & 2 | Window 3 | Bilateral | Total Window 3 & Bilateral | Center funds | Total |
| CRP # 18 - Grain Legumes and Dryland cereals | | | | | | | | |
| Personnel Costs | 1,452 | 44 | 1,496 | 5,376 | 3,050 | 8,426 | 1,265 | 11,187 |
| CGIAR Collaboration Costs | 2,069 | - | 2,069 | 3,977 | 430 | 4,407 | - | 6,476 |
| Other Collaboration Costs | 364 | - | 364 | 4,775 | 1,503 | 6,278 | - | 6,642 |
| Supplies and Services | 1,385 | 13 | 1,398 | 3,832 | 4,877 | 8,709 | 1,216 | 11,323 |
| Operational Travel | 254 | 10 | 264 | 1,060 | 862 | 1,922 | - | 2,186 |
| Depreciation | - | - | - | 63 | 265 | 328 | - | 328 |
| Cost Sharing Percentage | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Sub total of Direct Costs | 5,524 | 67 | 5,591 | 19,083 | 10,987 | 30,070 | 2,481 | 38,142 |
| Indirect Costs | 543 | 8 | 551 | 2,358 | 1,159 | 3,517 | - | 4,068 |
| Total Costs | 6,067 | 75 | 6,142 | 21,441 | 12,146 | 33,587 | 2,481 | 42,210 |

| Natural Classification | CGIAR Research Program | | | | | | | |
|--|----------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|----------|-----------|----------------------------|--------------|------------|
| | Windows 1 & 2 with PPA/PIA | Windows 1 & 2 without PPA/PIA | Total Windows 1 & 2 | Window 3 | Bilateral | Total Window 3 & Bilateral | Center funds | Total |
| CRP # 18 - GLDC - Program Management Unit | | | | | | | | |
| Personnel Costs | 150 | - | 150 | - | - | - | - | 150 |
| CGIAR Collaboration Costs | 10 | - | 10 | - | - | - | - | 10 |
| Other Collaboration Costs | 457 | - | 457 | - | - | - | - | 457 |
| Supplies and Services | 116 | - | 116 | - | - | - | - | 116 |
| Operational Travel | 35 | - | 35 | - | - | - | - | 35 |
| Depreciation | 5 | - | 5 | - | - | - | - | 5 |
| Cost Sharing Percentage | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Sub total of Direct Costs | 773 | - | 773 | - | - | - | - | 773 |
| Indirect Costs | 89 | - | 89 | - | - | - | - | 89 |
| Total Costs | 862 | - | 862 | - | - | - | - | 862 |

| Natural Classification | CGIAR Research Program | | | | | | | |
|---|----------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|---------------|---------------|----------------------------|--------------|---------------|
| | Windows 1 & 2 with PPA/PIA | Windows 1 & 2 without PPA/PIA | Total Windows 1 & 2 | Window 3 | Bilateral | Total Window 3 & Bilateral | Center funds | Total |
| CRP # 18 - GLDC Activity & PMU | | | | | | | | |
| Personnel Costs | 1,602 | 44 | 1,646 | 5,376 | 3,051 | 8,427 | 1,265 | 11,338 |
| CGIAR Collaboration Costs | 2,079 | - | 2,079 | 3,977 | 430 | 4,407 | - | 6,486 |
| Other Collaboration Costs | 821 | - | 821 | 4,775 | 1,503 | 6,278 | - | 7,099 |
| Supplies and Services | 1,501 | 13 | 1,514 | 3,832 | 4,877 | 8,709 | 1,216 | 11,439 |
| Operational Travel | 289 | 10 | 299 | 1,060 | 862 | 1,922 | - | 2,221 |
| Depreciation | 5 | - | 5 | 63 | 265 | 328 | - | 333 |
| Cost Sharing Percentage | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Sub total of Direct Costs | 6,297 | 67 | 6,364 | 19,083 | 10,988 | 30,071 | 2,481 | 38,916 |
| Indirect Costs | 632 | 8 | 640 | 2,358 | 1,159 | 3,517 | - | 4,157 |
| Total Costs | 6,929 | 75 | 7,004 | 21,441 | 12,147 | 33,588 | 2,481 | 43,073 |

| Natural Classification | CGIAR Research Program | | | | | | | |
|--|----------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|----------|--------------|----------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| | Windows 1 & 2 with PPA/PIA | Windows 1 & 2 without PPA/PIA | Total Windows 1 & 2 | Window 3 | Bilateral | Total Window 3 & Bilateral | Center funds | Total |
| CRP # 23 - Policies, Institutions and Markets | | | | | | | | |
| Personnel Costs | 51 | - | 51 | - | 276 | 276 | 351 | 679 |
| CGIAR Collaboration Costs | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Other Collaboration Costs | - | - | - | - | 3 | 3 | - | 3 |
| Supplies and Services | 16 | - | 16 | - | 594 | 594 | - | 610 |
| Operational Travel | 11 | - | 11 | - | 117 | 117 | - | 128 |
| Depreciation | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Cost Sharing Percentage | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Sub total of Direct Costs | 78 | - | 78 | - | 990 | 990 | 351 | 1,419 |
| Indirect Costs | 13 | - | 13 | - | 30 | 30 | - | 43 |
| Total Costs | 91 | - | 91 | - | 1,019 | 1,019 | 351 | 1,461 |

| Natural Classification | CGIAR Research Program | | | | | | | |
|--|----------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|------------|--------------|----------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| | Windows 1 & 2 with PPA/PIA | Windows 1 & 2 without PPA/PIA | Total Windows 1 & 2 | Window 3 | Bilateral | Total Window 3 & Bilateral | Center funds | Total |
| CRP # 24 - Water, Land and Ecosystems | | | | | | | | |
| Personnel Costs | 233 | - | 233 | 58 | 548 | 606 | - | 839 |
| CGIAR Collaboration Costs | - | - | - | 140 | - | 140 | - | 140 |
| Other Collaboration Costs | 14 | - | 14 | 99 | 46 | 145 | - | 159 |
| Supplies and Services | 78 | - | 78 | 102 | 575 | 677 | - | 755 |
| Operational Travel | 31 | - | 31 | 42 | 85 | 127 | - | 158 |
| Depreciation | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Cost Sharing Percentage | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Sub total of Direct Costs | 356 | - | 356 | 441 | 1,254 | 1,695 | - | 2,051 |
| Indirect Costs | 60 | - | 60 | 66 | 155 | 221 | - | 281 |
| Total Costs | 416 | - | 416 | 507 | 1,409 | 1,916 | - | 2,332 |

| Natural Classification | CGIAR Research Program | | | | | | | |
|---|----------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|------------|--------------|----------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| | Windows 1 & 2 with PPA/PIA | Windows 1 & 2 without PPA/PIA | Total Windows 1 & 2 | Window 3 | Bilateral | Total Window 3 & Bilateral | Center funds | Total |
| CRP # 22 - Climate Change, Agriculture and food security | | | | | | | | |
| Personnel Costs | 175 | - | 175 | 221 | 555 | 776 | - | 950 |
| CGIAR Collaboration Costs | - | - | - | 20 | - | 20 | - | 20 |
| Other Collaboration Costs | 74 | - | 74 | 252 | 47 | 298 | - | 372 |
| Supplies and Services | 66 | - | 66 | 162 | 674 | 836 | - | 902 |
| Operational Travel | 60 | - | 60 | 38 | 169 | 207 | - | 267 |
| Depreciation | - | - | - | - | 58 | 58 | - | 58 |
| Cost Sharing Percentage | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Sub total of Direct Costs | 375 | - | 375 | 693 | 1,502 | 2,195 | - | 2,570 |
| Indirect Costs | 64 | - | 64 | 122 | 129 | 251 | - | 315 |
| Total Costs | 439 | - | 439 | 815 | 1,631 | 2,446 | - | 2,885 |

| Natural Classification | CGIAR Research Program | | | | | | | |
|--|----------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|----------|-----------|----------------------------|--------------|------------|
| | Windows 1 & 2 with PPA/PIA | Windows 1 & 2 without PPA/PIA | Total Windows 1 & 2 | Window 3 | Bilateral | Total Window 3 & Bilateral | Center funds | Total |
| CRP # 22 - Climate Change, Agriculture and food security - RPL WA | | | | | | | | |
| Personnel Costs | 284 | - | 284 | - | - | - | - | 284 |
| CGIAR Collaboration Costs | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Other Collaboration Costs | 156 | - | 156 | - | - | - | - | 156 |
| Supplies and Services | 205 | - | 205 | - | - | - | - | 205 |
| Operational Travel | 88 | - | 88 | - | - | - | - | 88 |
| Depreciation | 9 | - | 9 | - | - | - | - | 9 |
| Cost Sharing Percentage | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Sub total of Direct Costs | 742 | - | 742 | - | - | - | - | 742 |
| Indirect Costs | 126 | - | 126 | - | - | - | - | 126 |
| Total Costs | 868 | - | 868 | - | - | - | - | 868 |

| Natural Classification | CGIAR Research Program | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|----------|-----------|----------------------------|--------------|------------|
| | Windows 1 & 2 with PPA/PIA | Windows 1 & 2 without PPA/PIA | Total Windows 1 & 2 | Window 3 | Bilateral | Total Window 3 & Bilateral | Center funds | Total |
| PTF # 33 - BIGDATA | | | | | | | | |
| Personnel Costs | 16 | 2 | 18 | - | - | - | - | 18 |
| CGIAR Collaboration Costs | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Other Collaboration Costs | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Supplies and Services | 9 | 17 | 26 | - | - | - | - | 26 |
| Operational Travel | 49 | 2 | 51 | - | - | - | - | 51 |
| Depreciation | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Cost Sharing Percentage | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Sub total of Direct Costs | 74 | 21 | 95 | - | - | - | - | 95 |
| Indirect Costs | 11 | 3 | 14 | - | - | - | - | 14 |
| Total Costs | 85 | 24 | 109 | - | - | - | - | 109 |

| Natural Classification | CGIAR Research Program | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|----------|--------------|----------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| | Windows 1 & 2 with PPA/PIA | Windows 1 & 2 without PPA/PIA | Total Windows 1 & 2 | Window 3 | Bilateral | Total Window 3 & Bilateral | Center funds | Total |
| PTF # 33 - Genebank | | | | | | | | |
| Personnel Costs | 739 | - | 739 | - | 389 | 389 | - | 1,128 |
| CGIAR Collaboration Costs | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Other Collaboration Costs | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Supplies and Services | 1,005 | - | 1,005 | - | 899 | 899 | - | 1,904 |
| Operational Travel | 106 | - | 106 | - | 1 | 1 | - | 108 |
| Depreciation | 43 | - | 43 | - | 21 | 21 | - | 64 |
| Cost Sharing Percentage | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Sub total of Direct Costs | 1,893 | - | 1,893 | - | 1,311 | 1,311 | - | 3,204 |
| Indirect Costs | 304 | - | 304 | - | 50 | 50 | - | 354 |
| Total Costs | 2,197 | - | 2,197 | - | 1,361 | 1,361 | - | 3,558 |

| Natural Classification | CGIAR Research Program | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|---------------|---------------|----------------------------|--------------|---------------|
| | Windows 1 & 2 with PPA/PIA | Windows 1 & 2 without PPA/PIA | Total Windows 1 & 2 | Window 3 | Bilateral | Total Window 3 & Bilateral | Center funds | Total |
| CRP - Total | | | | | | | | |
| Personnel Costs | 3,100 | 46 | 3,146 | 5,655 | 4,819 | 10,474 | 1,616 | 15,236 |
| CGIAR Collaboration Costs | 2,078 | - | 2,078 | 4,137 | 430 | 4,567 | - | 6,645 |
| Other Collaboration Costs | 1,065 | - | 1,065 | 5,126 | 1,599 | 6,725 | - | 7,790 |
| Supplies and Services | 2,880 | 30 | 2,910 | 4,096 | 7,619 | 11,718 | 1,216 | 15,841 |
| Operational Travel | 635 | 12 | 647 | 1,140 | 1,234 | 2,374 | - | 3,021 |
| Depreciation | 57 | - | 57 | 63 | 344 | 407 | - | 465 |
| Cost Sharing Percentage | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Sub total of Direct Costs | 9,815 | 88 | 9,903 | 20,217 | 16,045 | 36,265 | 2,832 | 48,998 |
| Indirect Costs | 1,210 | 11 | 1,221 | 2,546 | 1,523 | 4,069 | - | 5,289 |
| Total Costs | 11,025 | 99 | 11,124 | 22,763 | 17,568 | 40,334 | 2,832 | 54,287 |

International Crops Research Institute for the Semi-Arid Tropics
CGIAR Research Program - Funding Report For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

(All amounts in thousands of United States Dollars)

| Description | Windows 1 & 2 with PPA/PIA | Windows 1 & 2 without PPA/PIA | Windows 1 & 2 Total |
|---|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------|
| CRP - Policies, Institutions and Markets | | | |
| Opening Balance | (145) | - | (145) |
| Add: Cash Receipts from Lead Center | 228 | - | 228 |
| Less: Disbursements | 91 | - | 91 |
| Closing Balance | (8) | - | (8) |

| Description | Windows 1 & 2 with PPA/PIA | Windows 1 & 2 without PPA/PIA | Windows 1 & 2 Total |
|--|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------|
| CRP - Grain Legumes & Dryland Cereals (Lead Center) | | | |
| Opening Balance | - | - | - |
| Add: Cash Receipts from Lead Center | 4,702 | - | 4,702 |
| Less: Disbursements | 4,646 | - | 4,646 |
| Closing Balance | 56 | - | 56 |

| Description | Windows 1 & 2 with PPA/PIA | Windows 1 & 2 without PPA/PIA | Windows 1 & 2 Total |
|---|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------|
| CRP - Water, Land and Ecosystems | | | |
| Opening Balance | (418) | - | (418) |
| Add: Cash Receipts from Lead Center | 793 | - | 793 |
| Less: Disbursements | 416 | - | 416 |
| Closing Balance | (41) | - | (41) |

| Description | Windows 1 & 2 with PPA/PIA | Windows 1 & 2 without PPA/PIA | Windows 1 & 2 Total |
|--|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------|
| CRP - Climate Change, Agriculture and Food Security | | | |
| Opening Balance | (175) | - | (175) |
| Add: Cash Receipts from Lead Center | 586 | - | 586 |
| Less: Disbursements | 439 | - | 439 |
| Closing Balance | (28) | - | (28) |

| Description | Windows 1 & 2 with PPA/PIA | Windows 1 & 2 without PPA/PIA | Windows 1 & 2 Total |
|---|---|--|------------------------------------|
| CRP - Climate Change, Agriculture and Food Security (RPL WA) | | | |
| Opening Balance | (143) | - | (143) |
| Add: Cash Receipts from Lead Center | 1,046 | - | 1,046 |
| Less: Disbursements | 868 | - | 868 |
| Closing Balance | 35 | - | 35 |
| Description | Windows 1 & 2 with PPA/PIA | Windows 1 & 2 without PPA/PIA | Windows 1 & 2 Total |
| CRP - Bigdata | | | |
| Opening Balance | (24) | - | (24) |
| Add: Cash Receipts from Lead Center | 141 | - | 141 |
| Less: Disbursements | 111 | - | 111 |
| Closing Balance | 6 | - | 6 |

| Description | Windows 1 & 2 with PPA/PIA | Windows 1 & 2 without PPA/PIA | Windows 1 & 2 Total |
|-------------------------------------|---|--|------------------------------------|
| CRP - Genebank | | | |
| Opening Balance | (397) | - | (397) |
| Add: Cash Receipts from Lead Center | 2,040 | - | 2,040 |
| Less: Disbursements | 2,197 | - | 2,197 |
| Closing Balance | (554) | - | (554) |

| Description | Windows 1 & 2 with PPA/PIA | Windows 1 & 2 without PPA/PIA | Windows 1 & 2 Total |
|-------------------------------------|---|--|------------------------------------|
| CRPs - Total | | | |
| Opening Balance | (1,302) | - | (1,302) |
| Add: Cash Receipts from Lead Center | 9,536 | - | 9,536 |
| Less: Disbursements | 8,768 | - | 8,768 |
| Closing Balance | (534) | - | (534) |

International Crops Research Institute for the Semi-Arid Tropics
CRP Windows 1 and 2 Funding Report :: Lead Center
CRPs on Grain Legumes and Dryland Cereals For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

(All amounts in thousands of United States Dollars)

| Description | | Total |
|---|---------|----------------|
| CRP - Grain Legumes and Dryland Cereals: | | |
| Opening Balance held by Lead Center | | - |
| Cash Receipts from System Management Office | | 7,121 |
| Disbursements: | | |
| ICRISAT | (4,646) | |
| IITA | (941) | |
| ICARDA | (665) | |
| ICRAF | (335) | |
| Bioversity | (81) | |
| CIRAD | (173) | |
| IRD | (51) | |
| CSIRO | (36) | |
| Total Disbursements | | (6,928) |
| | | |
| Closing Balance held by Lead Center | | 193 |

Schedule III

International Crops Research Institute for the Semi-Arid Tropics
Property, Plant and Equipment For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

(All amounts in thousands of United States Dollars)

| | Unrestricted (Center Assets) | | | Restricted (Project Assets) | | | Grand Total | 2017 |
|--|------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | Physical Facilities | Equipment | Total | Physical Facilities | Equipment | Total | | |
| I. COST | | | | | | | | |
| Balance: Beginning of the year | 567 | 28,261 | 28,828 | 3,006 | 19,436 | 22,442 | 51,270 | 49,511 |
| <u>Current Period</u> | | | | | | | | |
| Additions - Unrestricted | - | 723 | 723 | - | - | - | 723 | 804 |
| Additions - Bilateral | - | - | - | - | 1,269 | 1,269 | 1,269 | 1,429 |
| Disposals (includes held for disposal) | - | (272) | (272) | - | - | - | (272) | (474) |
| Balance: End of the year | 567 | 28,712 | 29,279 | 3,006 | 20,705 | 23,711 | 52,990 | 51,270 |
| II. ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION | | | | | | | | |
| Balance: Beginning of the year | (104) | (21,306) | (21,410) | (3,006) | (19,436) | (22,442) | (43,852) | (41,857) |
| <u>Current Period</u> | | | | | | | | |
| Additions - Unrestricted | (9) | (853) | (862) | - | - | - | (862) | (991) |
| Additions - Bilateral | - | - | - | - | (1,269) | (1,269) | (1,269) | (1,429) |
| Disposals (includes held for disposal) | - | 273 | 273 | - | - | - | 273 | 425 |
| Balance: End of the year | (113) | (21,886) | (21,999) | (3,006) | (20,705) | (23,711) | (45,710) | (43,852) |
| III. NET BOOK VALUE | 454 | 6,826 | 7,280 | - | - | - | 7,280 | 7,418 |
| Assets for 2017 | | | | | | | | |
| | Unrestricted (Center Assets) | | | Restricted (Project Assets) | | | Grand Total | 2016 |
| | Physical Facilities | Equipment | Total | Physical Facilities | Equipment | Total | | |
| I. COST | | | | | | | | |
| Balance: Beginning of the year | 567 | 27,931 | 28,498 | 3,006 | 18,007 | 21,013 | 49,511 | 48,654 |
| <u>Current Period</u> | | | | | | | | |
| Additions - Unrestricted | - | 804 | 804 | - | - | - | 804 | 837 |
| Additions - Bilateral | - | - | - | - | 1,429 | 1,429 | 1,429 | 947 |
| Disposals (includes held for disposal) | - | (474) | (474) | - | - | - | (474) | (927) |
| Balance: End of the year | 567 | 28,261 | 28,828 | 3,006 | 19,436 | 22,442 | 51,270 | 49,511 |
| II. ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION | | | | | | | | |
| Balance: Beginning of the year | (95) | (20,749) | (20,844) | (3,006) | (18,007) | (21,013) | (41,857) | (40,509) |
| <u>Current Period</u> | | | | | | | | |
| Additions - Unrestricted | (9) | (982) | (991) | - | - | - | (991) | (1,096) |
| Additions - Bilateral | - | - | - | - | (1,429) | (1,429) | (1,429) | (947) |
| Disposals (includes held for disposal) | - | 425 | 425 | - | - | - | 425 | 695 |
| Balance: End of the year | (104) | (21,306) | (21,410) | (3,006) | (19,436) | (22,442) | (43,852) | (41,857) |
| III. NET BOOK VALUE | 463 | 6,955 | 7,418 | - | - | - | 7,418 | 7,654 |

International Crops Research Institute for the Semi-Arid Tropics
Calculation of Indirect Cost Rate For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

(All amounts in thousands of United States Dollars)

| Particulars | 2018 | 2017 |
|---|--------------|--------------|
| General & Administration Expenses | 9,349 | 7,719 |
| Research Expenses + (Non-CGIAR Collaboration costs) | 47,784 | 45,127 |
| Indirect Cost Rate | 19.6% | 17.0% |

| Details | 2018 | 2017 |
|-------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Research Expenses as per SOA | 60,983 | 61,607 |
| Less : CG Center Expenses | 7,124 | 9,983 |
| Less : Indirect cost recovery | 6,075 | 6,497 |
| | 47,784 | 45,127 |

| Details | 2018 | 2017 |
|--|--------------|--------------|
| Institutional Cost | 14,667 | 9,690 |
| Less : Special Adjustments Viz., One time cost Building Repairs and other Provisions | 5,318 | 1,971 |
| Net Expenditure (Institutional Costs (incl services)) | 9,349 | 7,719 |

International Crops Research Institute for the Semi-Arid Tropics

Abbreviations

| | |
|----------|--|
| ACIAR | - Australian Centre for International Agricultural Research |
| ADA | - Austrian Development Agency |
| AgMIP | - Agricultural Modelling Intercomparison and Improvement Project |
| AGRA | - Alliance for a Green Revolution in Africa |
| AIICs | - Agribusiness Incubators |
| AIMS | - Agricultural Input Markets Strengthening |
| AKF | - Aga Khan Foundation |
| AKI | - Agricultural Knowledge Initiative |
| ANGRAU | - Acharya NG Ranga Agricultural University |
| APSSDC | - Andhra Pradesh State Skill Development Corporation |
| ARDT-SMS | - Africa RISING Diffusion of Technologies for Sorghum and Millet Systems |
| ATASP | - Agricultural Transformation Agenda Support Program |
| AusAID | - Australian Agency for International Development |
| AVCD | - Accelerated Value Chains Development |
| AVRDC | - World Vegetable Center |
| BBSRC | - Biotechnology and Biological Sciences Research Council |
| BIOFI | - Biofertilisation and Bioirrigation for sustainable mixed cropping of Pigeonpea and Finger Millet |
| BIRAC | - Biotechnology Industry Research Assistance Council |
| BMZ | - Bundesministerium für Wirtschaftliche Zusammenarbeit und Entwicklung |
| BNI | - Biological Nitrification Inhibition |
| BoDs | - Board of Directors |
| BPD | - Business Planning and Development |
| BRACED | - Building Resilience and Adaptation to Climate Extremes and Disasters |
| BREAD | - Basic Research to Enable Agricultural Development |
| BRRI | - Bangladesh Rice Research Institute |
| CAAS | - Chinese Academy of Agricultural Sciences |
| CAP | - Community Action Programme |
| CBO | - Community Based Organization |
| CCA | - Climate Change Adaptation |
| CCAFS | - Climate Change, Agriculture and Food Security |
| CFU | - Consortium Facilitation Unit |
| CIAT | - Centro Internacional de Agricultura Tropical |
| CIMMYT | - Centro Internacional de Mejoramiento de Maiz y Trigo |
| CInI | - Central India Initiative |
| CINSERE | - Climate Information Services for Increased Resilience and Productivity |
| CIRAD | - Centre de Cooperation Internationale en Recherche Agronomique pour le Developpement |
| CoE | - Center of Excellence |
| COMESA | - Common Market for Eastern and Southern Africa |
| CORAF | - Conseil Ouest et Centre Africain pour la Recherche et le Developpement Agricoles |
| CP | - Challenge Program |

| | |
|----------|--|
| CRIDA | - Central Research Institute for Dryland Agriculture |
| CRP | - CGIAR Research Program |
| CRS | - Catholic Relief Services |
| CSAP | - Climate Smart Agricultural Programme |
| CSP | - Community Seed Production |
| DA | - Department of Agriculture |
| DBT | - Department of Biotechnology |
| DFAT | - Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade |
| DfID | - Department for International Development |
| DNA | - Deoxyribonucleic acid |
| DST | - Department of Science and Technology |
| EAC | - East African Community |
| ECRAS | - Enhancing Community Resilience and Sustainability |
| ECRP | - Enhancing Community Resilience Programme |
| ENSURE | - Enhancing Nutrition, Stepping Up Resilience and Enterprise |
| ESA | - Eastern and Southern Africa |
| ESA | - European Space Agency |
| EU | - European Union |
| EXTRA | - Extension for Rural Agriculture |
| FAO | - Food and Agricultural Organization of the United Nations |
| FARA | - Forum for Agricultural Research in Africa |
| FORMAS | - Swedish Research Council for Environment, Agricultural Sciences and Spatial Planning |
| FPARP | - Farmers Participatory Action Research Programme |
| FPBICs | - Food Processing Business Incubation Centers |
| FPOs | - Farmer Producer Organisations |
| FtF | - Feed the Future |
| FTLs | - Food Testing Laboratories |
| GCDT | - Global Crop Diversity Trust |
| GEF | - Global Environment Facility |
| GITA | - Global Innovation & Technology Alliance |
| GIZ | - Deutsche Gesellschaft für Internationale Zusammenarbeit GmbH |
| GWAS | - Genome-wide Association Study |
| HOPE | - Harnessing Opportunities for Productivity Enhancement |
| IA | - Implementing Agency |
| IABF | - Indo-Australian Biotechnology Fund |
| IAFS | - India-Africa Forum Summit |
| IBBA-CNR | - Institute of Agricultural Biology and Biotechnology, National Research Council |
| IBP | - Integrated Breeding Program |
| ICAR | - Indian Council of Agricultural Research |
| ICARDA | - International Center for Agricultural Research in the Dry Areas |
| ICBA | - International Center for Biosaline Agriculture |
| ICPT | - Improved Chickpea Production Technologies |
| ICRAF | - International Centre for Research in Agroforestry |
| ICRISAT | - International Crops Research Institute for the Semi-Arid Tropics |
| ICT | - Information and Communication Technology |

| | |
|-----------|---|
| IDRC | - International Development Research Centre |
| IER | - Institute d'Economie Rurale |
| IFAD | - International Fund for Agricultural Development |
| IFPRI | - International Food Policy Research Institute |
| IGSTC | - Indo-German Science & Technology Center |
| IICT | - Indian Institute of Chemical Technology |
| IISc | - Indian Institute of Science |
| IITA | - International Institute of Tropical Agriculture |
| ILRI | - International Livestock Research Institute |
| INSPIRE | - Innovation in Science Pursuit for Inspired Research |
| IPPT | - Improved Pigeonpea Production Technology |
| IRD | - International Relief & Development |
| ISABELA | - Imagery for Smallholders: Activating Business Entry points and Leveraging Agriculture |
| ITDA | - Integrated Tribal Development Agency |
| IWDP | - Integrated Watershed Development Programme |
| IWMI | - International Water Management Institute |
| JCERDC | - Joint Clean Energy Research and Development Center |
| JIRCAS | - Japan International Research Center for Agricultural Sciences |
| JRF | - Junior Research Fellow |
| KWDP-II | - Karnataka Watershed Development Project II |
| LoA | - Letter of Agreement |
| LFSP | - Livelihoods and Food Security Programme |
| MABC | - Marker-assisted backcrossing |
| MAFF | - Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries |
| MAGIC | - Multi-parent advanced generation inter-cross |
| MARS | - Marker-Assisted Recurrent Selection |
| MoFPI | - Ministry of Food Processing Industries |
| MSME | - Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises |
| MSSRF | - MSSRF MS Swaminathan Research Foundation |
| NABARD | - National Bank for Agriculture and Rural Development |
| NAIF | - National Agriculture Innovation Fund |
| NARS | - National Agricultural Research Systems |
| NCSU | - North Carolina State University |
| NFBSFARA | - National Funds for Basic Strategic and Frontier Application Research in Agriculture |
| NFSM | - National Food Security Mission |
| NGO | - Non-Governmental Organization |
| NICRA | - National Initiative on Climate Resilient Agriculture |
| NRM | - Natural Resource Management |
| O/L Ratio | - Oleic to Linoleic (Acid Ratio) |
| OCPF | - Office Chérifien des Phosphates Foundation |
| OFID | - The OPEC Fund for International Development |
| OPEC | - Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries |
| PEAT | - Progressive Environmental & Agricultural Technologies |
| PMIL | - Peanut and Mycotoxin Innovation Lab |
| PMU | - Program Management Unit |

| | |
|----------|--|
| PPA | - Program Participant Agreement |
| PRUN SAR | - Putting Research in to Use for Nutrition, Sustainable Agriculture and Resilience |
| PTTC | - Platform for Translational Research on Transgenic Crops |
| QTL | - Quantitative Trait Locus |
| R&D | - Research and Development |
| RECL | - Rural Electrification Corporation Ltd |
| RGR | - Reviving Green Revolution |
| RISING | - Research in Sustainable Intensification for the Next Generation |
| RKVY | - Rashtriya Krishi Vikas Yojana |
| RNA | - Ribonucleic acid |
| RRFL | - Rainfed Rice Fallow Land |
| SA | - South Asia |
| SADC | - Southern African Development Community |
| SALBS | - Sustainable Advanced Lignocellulosic Biofuel Systems |
| SARI | - Savana Agricultural Research Institute |
| SARI | - Selian Agricultural Research Institute |
| SAT | - Semi-Arid Tropics |
| SEMEAR | - Improved Seeds for Better Agriculture |
| SERB | - Science and Engineering Research Board |
| SERP | - Society for Elimination of Rural Poverty |
| SFF | - Sehgal Family Foundation |
| SKRAU | - Swami Keshwanand Rajasthan Agricultural University |
| SLU | - Swedish University of Agricultural Sciences |
| SMU | - Sorghum for Multiple Uses |
| SNP | - Single Nucleotide Polymorphisms |
| SOMNI | - Sorghum and Millet Value Chains for Food, Nutritional and Income Security |
| SRF | - Strategy and Results Framework |
| SSA | - Sub-Saharan Africa |
| STARS | - Spurring a Transformation for Agriculture through Remote Sensing |
| START | - SysTem for Analysis, Research and Training |
| SUCs | - State Universities and Colleges |
| TEDT | - Tata Education and Development Trust |
| TL III | - Tropical Legumes III |
| UK | - United Kingdom |
| UNEP | - United Nations Environment Programme |
| US | - United States |
| USA | - United States of America |
| USAID | - United States Agency for International Development |
| USDA | - United States Department of Agriculture |
| UTAS | - University of Tasmania |
| WAAPP | - West Africa Agricultural Productivity Programme |
| WCA | - West and Central Africa |
| WECARD | - West and Central Africa Council for Agricultural Research and Development |
| WLE | - Water, Land and Ecosystems |
| WVIZ | - World Vision International Zimbabwe |

International Crops Research Institute for the Semi-Arid Tropics
Schedule of Accounts Receivable - Donors For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

(All amounts in thousands of United States Dollars)

| Donor | 2018 | 2017 |
|---|--------------|--------------|
| Windows 1 & 2 with out PPA: | | |
| CIAT | - | 24 |
| CIMMYT | - | 18 |
| Bilateral and Window 3: | | |
| Australia | 152 | 19 |
| Austria | 55 | - |
| Belgium | 8 | - |
| Canada | 8 | - |
| Care Inc | - | 36 |
| Catholic Relief Services (CRS) | - | 101 |
| CGIAR | 62 | 2,183 |
| CORAF | - | 6 |
| European Union | 119 | - |
| FAO | 40 | 64 |
| Global Crop Diversity Trust (GCDT) | 412 | 407 |
| Germany | 382 | 47 |
| Ghana | 206 | 206 |
| IER | - | 12 |
| IFAD | 119 | 13 |
| ICARDA | 25 | - |
| ICRAF | 119 | 10 |
| ILRI | 62 | 116 |
| IFPRI-CIAT | 232 | 188 |
| IITA | 138 | 36 |
| India | 1,782 | 3,321 |
| Nigeria | - | 108 |
| NRTT | - | 46 |
| Private Seed Companies | 354 | 117 |
| Sweden | 19 | 16 |
| United Kingdom | 22 | - |
| USA | 516 | 471 |
| Zimbabwe | 462 | 508 |
| Total Accounts Receivable - Donors | 5,294 | 8,073 |

International Crops Research Institute for the Semi-Arid Tropics
Schedule of Funds Received in Advance - Donors For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

(All amounts in thousands of United States Dollars)

| Donor | 2018 | 2017 |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| Windows 1 & 2 with out PPA: | | |
| CGIAR | - | 107 |
| CGIAR Consortium | 31 | - |
| Bilateral and Window 3: | | |
| Austria | 2 | 198 |
| Australia | 16 | 66 |
| Bangladesh | - | 56 |
| Belgium | 21 | 45 |
| Care Inc | 76 | - |
| Canada | - | 40 |
| CGIAR | 17,007 | 10,798 |
| CIAT | 41 | 3 |
| CIP | 149 | - |
| CORAF | 36 | - |
| European Union | 363 | 706 |
| FAO | 61 | 55 |
| Germany | 156 | 231 |
| Ghana | - | 13 |
| Global Crop Diversity Trust (GCDT) | 55 | 428 |
| ICARDA | - | 54 |
| IFAD | - | 199 |
| India | 5,003 | 5,533 |
| Iran | - | 13 |
| Ireland | 1,438 | 1,252 |
| Italy | - | 2 |
| IFPRI | 29 | 9 |
| IITA | 1,253 | 2,117 |
| ILRI | - | 26 |
| IWMI | 25 | 21 |
| Kenya | - | 4 |
| Korea | 69 | 34 |
| McKnight Foundation | 35 | 369 |
| Niamey | - | 5 |
| Nigeria | 16 | - |
| NRTT | 2 | - |
| Netherlands | 12 | 15 |
| Norway | 45 | 66 |
| Plan International, Malawi | - | 8 |
| Private Seed Companies | 14 | 19 |
| Spain | 13 | - |
| Switzerland (SDC) | 358 | - |
| UK | 102 | 45 |
| USA | 2,451 | 891 |
| World Agro Forestry | - | 62 |
| World Bank | - | 10 |
| Zimbabwe | 37 | 23 |
| Total Restricted - Bilateral Donors | 28,916 | 23,523 |

International Crops Research Institute for the Semi-Arid Tropics
Grant Revenues - Seed Companies For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

(All amounts in thousands of United States Dollars)

| Project/Company | 2018 |
|---|--------------|
| A. Diversification of Sorghum Hybrid Parents for Increased Stable Production: | |
| Funds receivable as at December 31, 2017 | (28) |
| Add: Contributions during the year | |
| Bioseed Research India | 8 |
| Hytech Seed India Private Limited | 18 |
| K D Seeds Limited | 8 |
| MISR Hytech Seed Int. S.A.E | 12 |
| Nutranta Seeds Private Limited | 9 |
| Rasi Seeds (P) Limited | 9 |
| UPL Agro SA de CV | 14 |
| UPL Limited | 18 |
| Total funds | 68 |
| Less: Expenditure during the year | (222) |
| Balance receivable as at December 31, 2018 | (154) |
| B. Diversification of Pearl Millet Hybrid Parents for Increased Stable Production: | |
| Funds receivable as at December 31, 2017 | (88) |
| Add: Contributions during the year | |
| Adriana Agricola Ltd. | 23 |
| UPL India Limited (Advanta) | 18 |
| Ajeet Seeds Private Limited | 17 |
| Bisco BioSciences Private Limited | 18 |
| DCM Shriram Consolidated Limited | 18 |
| Ganga Kaveri Seeds Private Limited | 16 |
| Green Vision Agritech | 9 |
| Hytech Seed India Private Limited | 18 |
| Hi-Yield Agri Genetics Private Limited | 18 |
| J K Agri Genetics Limited | 18 |
| Kamadgiri Seeds LLP | 9 |
| Kaveri Seed Company Private Limited | 18 |
| Kanchan Ganga Seeds Company Private Limited | 34 |
| Metahelix Life Sciences Private Limited | 18 |
| Nath Biogenes (I) Limited | 17 |
| Nu Genes Private Limited | 16 |
| Nuziveedu Seeds Limited | 17 |

| | |
|--|--------------|
| Nandi Seeds Private Limited | 18 |
| Pioneer Hi-Bred Private Limited | 17 |
| Rasi Seeds (P) Limited | 17 |
| Siri Seeds (India) Private Limited | 9 |
| Sungro Seeds Private Limited | 18 |
| Super Seeds (P) Limited | 18 |
| Others | 2 |
| Total funds | 313 |
| Less: Expenditure during the year | (512) |
| Balance receivable as at December 31, 2018 | (199) |
| C. Diversification of Pigeonpea Hybrid Parents for Increased Stable Production: | |
| Funds available as at December 31, 2017 | 5 |
| Add: Contributions during the year | |
| Adriana Agricola Limited | 23 |
| Basant Agro Tech (I) Limited | 8 |
| DCM Shriram Consolidated Limited | 15 |
| Nuziveedu Seeds Limited | 14 |
| Total funds | 65 |
| Less: Expenditure during the year | (65) |
| Balance as at December 31, 2018 | - |
| D. Groundnut and Chickpea Varietal Development Research Consortium: | |
| Funds available as at December 31, 2017 | 13 |
| Add: Contributions during the year | |
| Daftari Agro Biotech Private Limited | 1 |
| Total funds | 14 |
| Less: Expenditure during the year | - |
| Balance available as at December 31, 2018 | 14 |

International Crops Research Institute for the Semi-Arid Tropics
Region wise Expenditure 2018 For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

(All amounts in thousands of United States Dollars)

| Category | Expenditure | Expenditure by Geographical Regions | | | | | |
|----------------------------|---------------|-------------------------------------|----------|---------------|---------------|----------|---------------|
| | | Sub-Saharan Africa | Europe | Latin America | Asia | CWANA | Total |
| Total Expenditure (Gross) | 75,650 | 47,659 | - | - | 27,990 | - | 75,650 |
| Less : CGIAR Collaboration | (7,124) | (6,697) | - | - | (427) | - | (7,124) |
| Total Expenditure | 68,526 | 40,962 | - | - | 27,563 | - | 68,526 |

| Category | Expenditure | Benefits by Geographical Regions | | | | | |
|----------------------------|---------------|----------------------------------|----------|---------------|---------------|----------|---------------|
| | | Sub-Saharan Africa | Europe | Latin America | Asia | CWANA | Total |
| Total Expenditure (Gross) | 75,650 | 47,659 | - | - | 27,990 | - | 75,650 |
| Less : CGIAR Collaboration | (7,124) | (6,697) | - | - | (427) | - | (7,124) |
| Total Expenditure | 68,526 | 40,962 | - | - | 27,563 | - | 68,526 |

**International Crops Research Institute for the Semi-Arid Tropics
Center Staff Details :: 2018 For the Year Ended December 31, 2018**

(All amounts in thousands of United States Dollars)

| Category | Male | Female | Total |
|---------------------------------|-------------|---------------|--------------|
| Internationally recruited staff | 62 | 14 | 76 |
| Nationally recruited staff | 834 | 245 | 1079 |
| Total Staff | 896 | 259 | 1155 |



ICRISAT is a member of the
CGIAR System Organization

We believe all **people** have a **right** to **nutritious food** and a **better livelihood**.

ICRISAT works in agricultural research for development across the drylands of Africa and Asia, making farming profitable for smallholder farmers while reducing malnutrition and environmental degradation.

We work across the entire value chain from developing new varieties to agribusiness and linking farmers to markets.

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ICRISAT appreciates the support of CGIAR investors to help overcome poverty, malnutrition and environmental degradation in the harshest dryland regions of the world. See <http://www.icrisat.org/icrisat-donors.htm> for full list of donors.



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